

Surname	
Other Names	
Centre Number	
Candidate Number _	
Candidate Signature	

A-level PHYSICS

Paper 1

7408/1

Monday 4 June 2018 Afternoon

Time allowed: 2 hours

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



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INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do NOT write on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 85.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



SECTION A

0 1

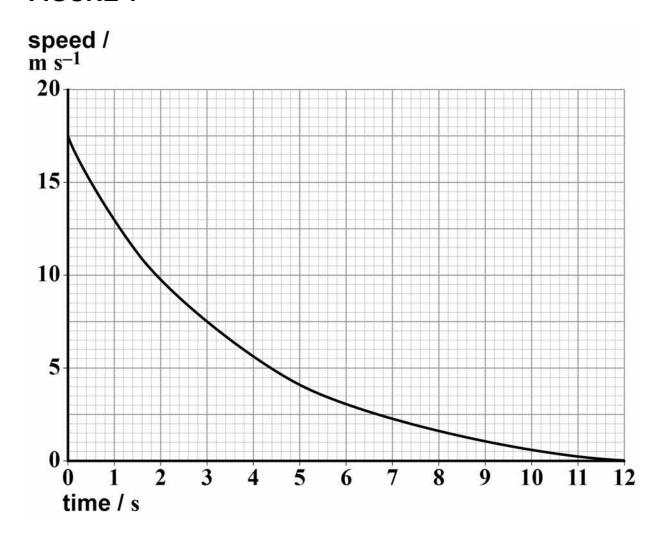
Answer ALL questions in this section.

•

Horizontal escape lanes made of loose gravel have been constructed at the side of some roads on steep hills so that vehicles can stop safely when their brakes fail.

FIGURE 1 shows an engineer's prediction of how the speed of an unpowered vehicle of mass $1.8 \times 10^4~{\rm kg}$ will vary with time as the vehicle comes to rest in an escape lane.

FIGURE 1





0 1 . 1	Determine the force decelerating the vehicle		
	2.0 s after entering the escape lane.	[3 marks]	

force decelerating the vehicle =

N



01.2	Deduce whether a lane of length $85\mathrm{m}$ is long enough to stop the vehicle, assuming that the engineer's graph is correct. [3 marks]				



0 1 .3	Discuss the energy transfers that take place when a vehicle is decelerated in an escape lane. [2 marks]

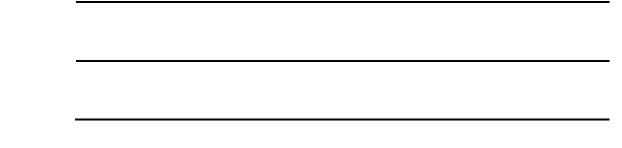


0 1 . 4	An alternative to an escape lane containing gravel is an escape lane that consists of a ramp. An escape ramp is a straight road with a concrete surface that has a constant upward gradient.
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

One escape ramp makes an angle of 25° to the horizontal and is 85 m long.

Deduce whether this escape ramp is sufficient to stop the vehicle.

Assume that any frictional forces and air resistance that decelerate the vehicle are negligible. [3 marks]





01.5	Discuss whether an escape lane containing gravel or an escape ramp would provide the safer experience for the driver of the vehicle as it comes to rest. [1 mark]
[Turn ove	r] 12



TABLE 1 shows results of an experiment to investigate how the de Broglie wavelength λ of an electron varies with its velocity ν .

TABLE 1

$v/10^7 {\rm m \ s}^{-1}$	$\lambda / 10^{-11} \text{ m}$
1.5	4.9
2.5	2.9
3.5	2.1

0 2 .1 Show that the data in TABLE 1 are consistent with the relationship $\lambda \propto \frac{1}{v}$ [2 marks]



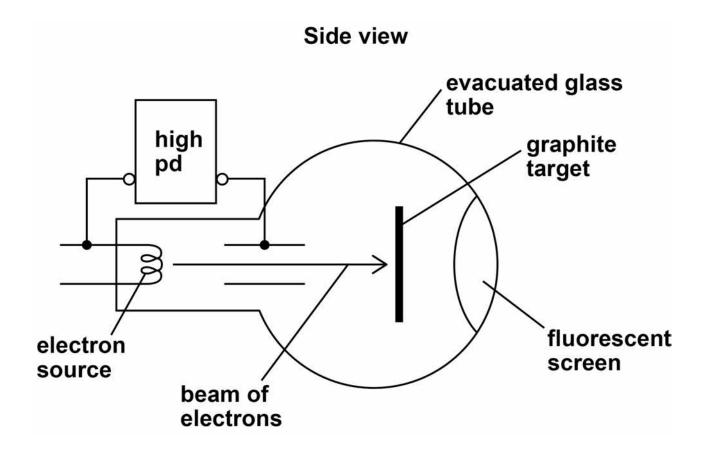
02.2	Calculate a value for the Planck constant
	suggested by the data in TABLE 1. [2 marks]

Planck constant = _____ J s



0 2 . 3 FIGURE 2 shows the side view of an electron diffraction tube used to demonstrate the wave properties of an electron.

FIGURE 2

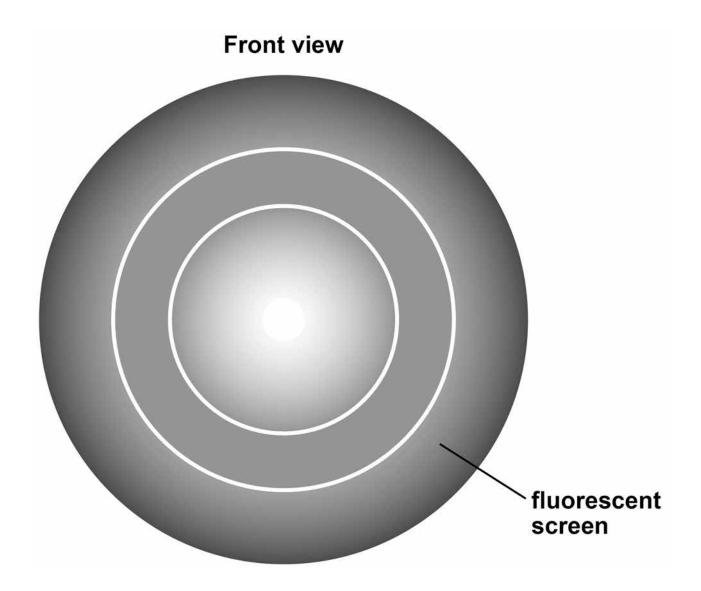


An electron beam is incident on a thin graphite target that behaves like the slits in a diffraction grating experiment. After passing through the graphite target the electrons strike a fluorescent screen.



FIGURE 3 shows the appearance of the fluorescent screen when the electrons are incident on it.

FIGURE 3





Explain how the pattern produced on the screen supports the idea that the electron beam is behaving as a wave rather than as a stream of particles. [3 marks]					
	_				



02.4	Explain how the emission of light from the fluorescent screen shows that the electrons incident on it are behaving as particles. [3 marks]				

[Turn over]

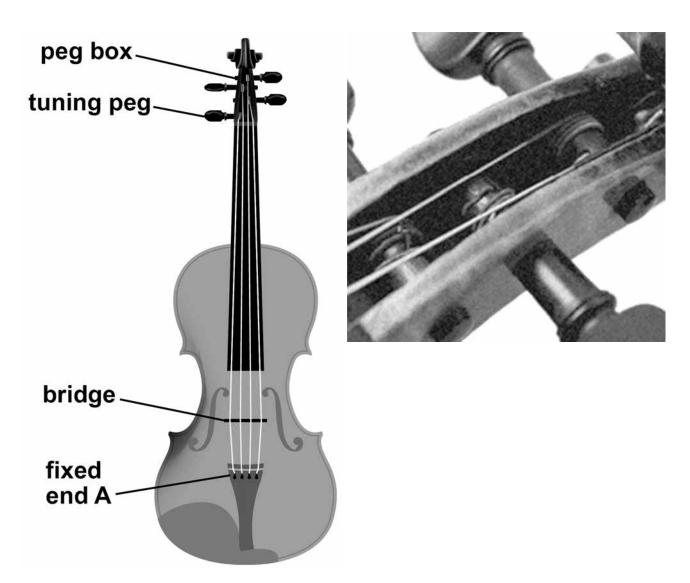
10



FIGURE 4 shows the structure of a violin and FIGURE 5 shows a close-up image of the tuning pegs.



FIGURE 5



The strings are fixed at end A. The strings pass over a bridge and the other ends of the strings are wound around tuning pegs that have a circular cross-section. The tension in the strings can be increased or decreased by rotating the tuning pegs.



0 3 . 1	Explain how a stationary wave is produced when a stretched string is plucked. [3 marks]



0 3 . 2 The vibrating length of one of the strings of a violin is 0.33 m

When the tension in the string is 25 N, the string vibrates with a first-harmonic frequency of 370 Hz

Show that the mass of a 1.0 m length of the string is about 4×10^{-4} kg [2 marks]



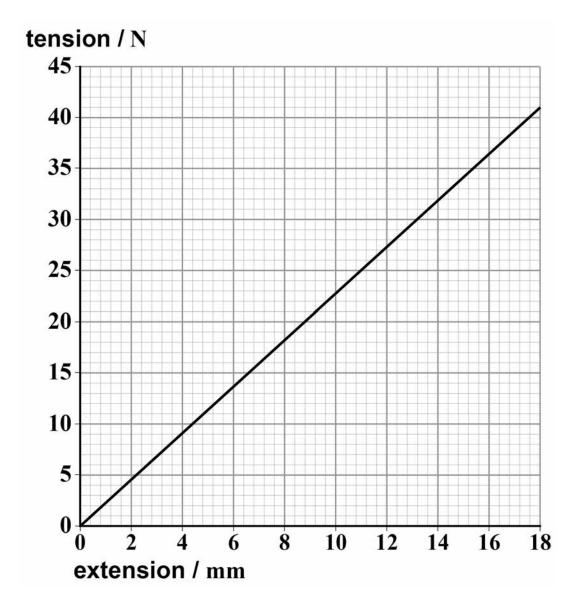
0 3.3 Determine the speed at which waves travel along the string in question 03.2 when it vibrates with a first-harmonic frequency of 370 Hz [1 mark]

speed of waves = $_{\text{m s}^{-1} }$



03.4 FIGURE 6 shows how the tension in the string in question 03.2 varies with the extension of the string.

FIGURE 6



The string with its initial tension of $25~\mathrm{N}$ is vibrating at a frequency of $370~\mathrm{Hz}$ The diameter of the circular peg is $7.02~\mathrm{mm}$



Determine the higher frequency that is produced when the string is stretched by rotating the tuning peg through an angle of 75°

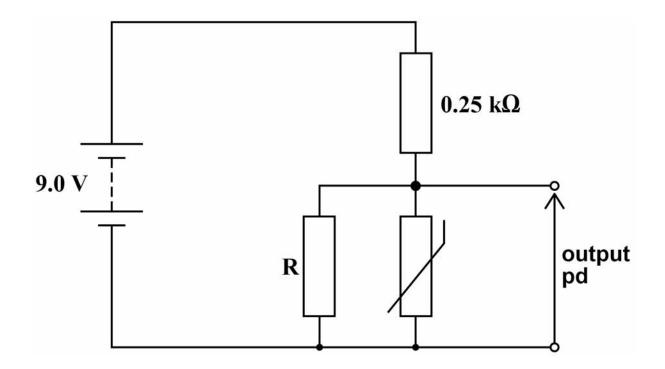
Assume that there is no change in the diameter of the string. [4 marks]

frequency =	Hz
[Turn over]	10



0 4 FIGURE 7 shows a circuit designed by a student to monitor temperature changes.

FIGURE 7



The supply has negligible internal resistance and the thermistor has a resistance of $750~\Omega$ at room temperature. The student wants the output potential difference (pd) at room temperature to be $5.0~\rm V$



Resistivity of the wire = 4.2 \times $10^{-7}~\Omega$ m

Determine the area of cross-section of the wire that has been used for the resistor. [3 marks]

area of cross-section =	m ²
-------------------------	----------------



0 4].[2]	The student selects a resistor rated at $0.36~\mathrm{W}$ for the $0.25~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ resistor in FIGURE 7 on page 22.
	Determine whether this resistor is suitable. [2 marks]



0 4 . 3	Determine the value of R that the student
	should select

Give your answer to an appropriate number of significant figures. [5 marks]

value of R =	Ω



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0 4 . 4	State and explain the effect on the output pd of increasing the temperature of the thermistor. [2 marks]
	12



0 5

FIGURE 8 shows a side view of an act performed by two acrobats. FIGURE 9 shows the view from above. They are NOT drawn to scale.

FIGURE 8

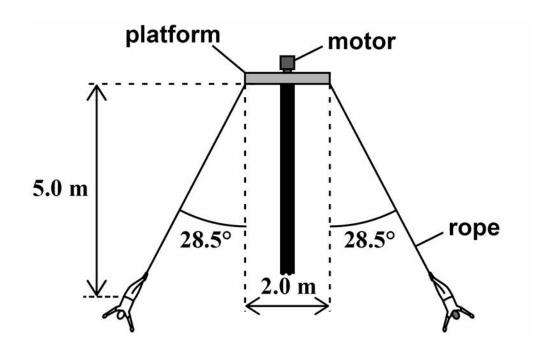
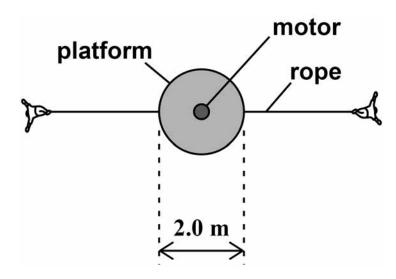


FIGURE 9





The acrobats, each of mass $85~\mathrm{kg}$, are suspended from ropes attached to opposite edges of a circular platform that is at the top of a vertical pole. The platform has a diameter of $2.0~\mathrm{m}$

A motor rotates the platform so that the acrobats move at a constant speed in a horizontal circle, on opposite sides of the pole.

When the period of rotation of the platform is $5.2 \, \mathrm{s}$, the centre of mass of each acrobat is $5.0 \, \mathrm{m}$ below the platform and the ropes are at an angle of 28.5° to the vertical as shown in FIGURE 8.

 $\boxed{0\ 5}$. Show that the linear speed of the acrobats is about 4.5 m s⁻¹ [2 marks]



0 5 . 2	Determine the tension in each rope that
	supports the acrobats. [3 marks]

tension =	:	N



0 5.3	Discuss the consequences for the forces action the pole when one acrobat has a much greater mass than the other. [3 marks]	ng
[Turn ove	er]	



0 6

FIGURE 10 shows two railway trucks A and B travelling towards each other on the same railway line which is straight and horizontal.

FIGURE 10



The trucks are involved in an inelastic collision. They join when they collide and then move together.

The trucks move a distance of $15 \mathrm{\ m}$ before coming to rest.

Truck A has a total mass of $16\ 000\ kg$ and truck B has a total mass of $12\ 000\ kg$

Just before the collision, truck A was moving at a speed of 2.8 $\rm m\;s^{-1}$ and truck B was moving at a speed of 3.1 $\rm m\;s^{-1}$

0 6.1 State the quantity that is not conserved in an inelastic collision. [1 mark]



 $\fbox{0\ 6\ .}$ Show that the speed of the joined trucks immediately after the collision is about $0.3\ m\ s^{-1}$ [3 marks]



0 6 . 3	Calculate the impulse that acts on each truck
	during the collision.
	Give an appropriate unit for your answer.
	[2 marks]

impulse =	unit
IIIIpuise –	aint



06.4	Explain, without doing a calculation, how the motion of the trucks immediately after the collision would be different for a collision that is perfectly elastic. [2 marks]
	ş
Turn ove	r] 8



SECTION B

Each of Questions 07 to 31 is followed by four responses, A, B, C and D.

For each question select the best response.

Only ONE answer per question is allowed.

For each answer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS





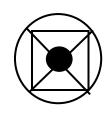




If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



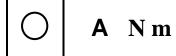
If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



You may do your working in the blank space around each question but this will not be marked. Do NOT use additional sheets for this working.



0 7	What is a correct unit for the area under a		
	force-time graph? [1 mark]		



ightharpoonup D N $m s^{-1}$



0 8	A student carries out an experiment to determine
	the resistivity of a metal wire.
	She determines the resistance from
	measurements of potential difference between the ends of the wire and the corresponding current. She measures the length of the wire with a ruler and the diameter of the wire using a micrometer. Each measurement is made with an uncertainty of 1%

Which measurement gives the largest uncertainty in the calculated value of the resistivity? [1 mark]

0	A current
0	B diameter
0	C length
0	D potential difference



9 Fluoride ions are produced by the addition of a single electron to an atom of fluorine ¹⁹₉F.

What is the magnitude of specific charge of the fluoride ion? [1 mark]



A $3.2 \times 10^{-26} \text{ C kg}^{-1}$



B $8.4 \times 10^{-21} \text{ C kg}^{-1}$



 $\text{C} \quad 5.0 \times 10^6 \text{ C kg}^{-1}$



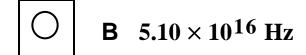
D $4.5 \times 10^7 \ \mathrm{C \ kg^{-1}}$



1 0	Two gamma photons are produced when a muc		
	and an antimuon annihilate each other.		

What is the minimum frequency of the gamma radiation that could be produced? [1 mark]









11	The Σ^0 baryon, composed of the quark combination uds, is produced through the strong
	interaction between a π^+ meson and a neutron.

$$\pi^+ + n \rightarrow \Sigma^0 + X$$

What is the quark composition of X? [1 mark]

|--|

0	В	ud
---	---	----





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1 2	An iodine nucleus decays into a nucleus of		
	Xe-131, a beta-minus particle and particle Y.		

$$^{131}_{53} I \rightarrow ^{131}_{54} Xe + ^{0}_{-1}e + Y$$

Which is a property of particle Y? [1 mark]

0	A It has a lepton number of +1
---	--------------------------------

ОВ	It is an antiparticle
----	-----------------------

0	С	It is negatively charged
---	---	--------------------------





	he diagram shows an energy-level diagram for a sydrogen atom.		
		-0.54 eV -0.85 eV	
		——— −1.51 eV	
		-3.4 eV	
groun state	d	−13.6 eV	

Electrons, each having a kinetic energy of $2.0\times10^{-18}\,\mathrm{J}$, collide with atoms of hydrogen in their ground state. Photons are emitted when the atoms de-excite.



How many different wavelengths can be observed with incident electrons of this energy? [1 mark]











1 4	Photons of wavelength 290 nm are incident on a		
	metal plate.	The work function of the metal is	
	4.1 eV		

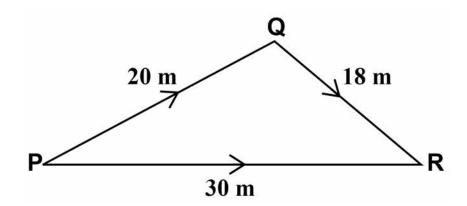
What is the maximum kinetic energy of the emitted electrons? [1 mark]

0	A	0.19 eV
0	В	4.3 eV
0	С	6.9 eV





1 5 In the diagram, P is the source of a wave of frequency 50 Hz. It is NOT drawn to scale.



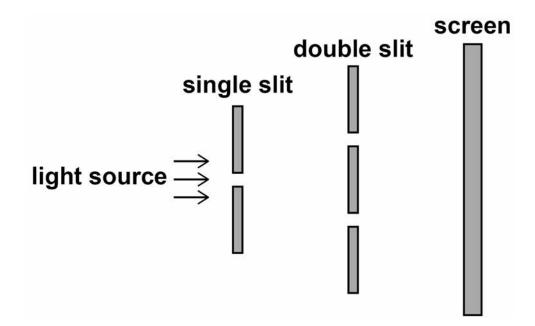
The wave travels to R by two routes, P \to Q \to R and P \to R. The speed of the wave is 30 m s $^{-1}$

What is the path difference between the two waves at R in terms of the wavelength λ of the waves? [1 mark]

0	A	4.8λ
0	В	8.0λ
0	С	13.3λ
	D	20.0λ

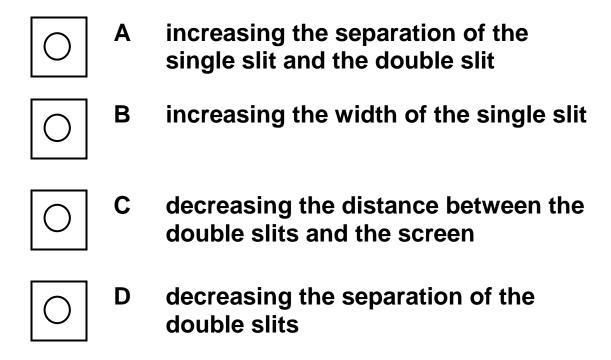


Light from a point source passes through a single slit and is then incident on a double-slit arrangement. An interference pattern is observed on the screen.





What will increase the fringe spacing? [1 mark]





17	A diffraction grating has 500 lines per mm. When monochromatic light is incident normally on the grating the third-order spectral line is formed at an angle of 60° from the normal to the grating.
	What is the wavelength of the monochromatic light? [1 mark]

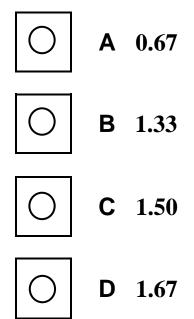
A 220 nm
B 580 nm
C 960 nm





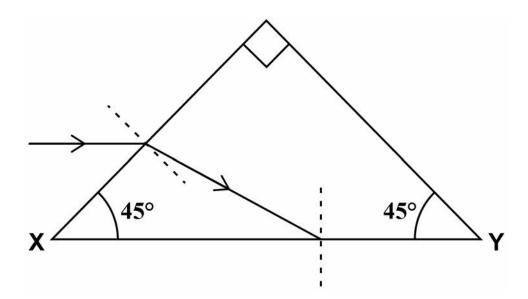
1 8	An electromagnetic wave enters a fibre-optic cable
	from air. On entering the cable, the wave slows
	down to three-fifths of its original speed.

What is the refractive index of the core of the fibre-optic cable? [1 mark]



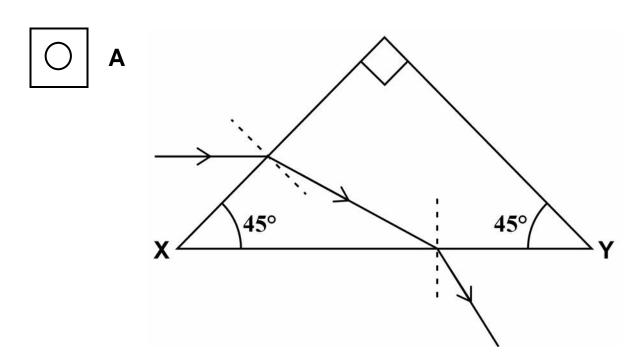


1 9 The diagram shows part of the path of a ray of light through a right-angled prism.

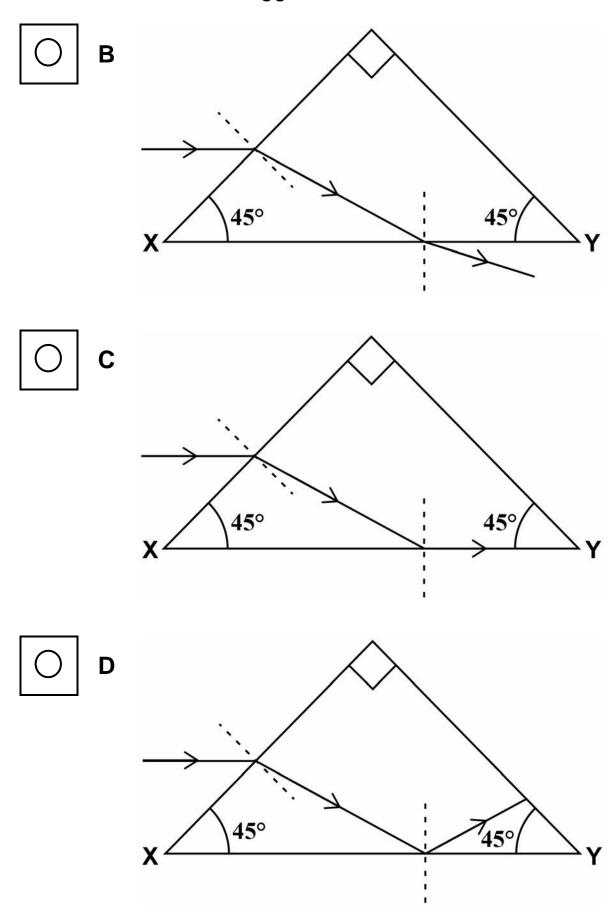


The prism is made of glass of refractive index 1.5 The incident light ray is parallel to the face XY. The ray is refracted towards the face XY.

What is the path of the ray after it is incident on face XY? [1 mark]









20 Three coplanar forces F_1 , F_2 and F_3 act on a point object.

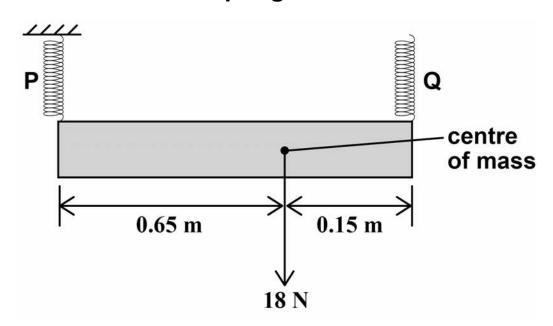
Which combination of forces can never produce a resultant force of zero? [1 mark]

	F_1/N	F_2/N	F ₃ /N
A	3	4	5
В	8	8	8
c	2	10	10
D	3	6	10



2 1 A non-uniform sign is 0.80 m long and has a weight of 18 N

It is suspended from two vertical springs P and Q. The springs obey Hooke's law and the spring constant of each spring is $240 \ N \ m^{-1}$



The top end of spring P is fixed and the top end of spring Q is adjusted until the sign is horizontal and in equilibrium.

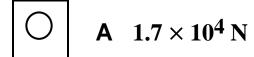
What is the extension of spring Q? [1 mark]

0	A	0.014 m
0	В	0.038 m
0	С	0.049 m
0	D	0.061 m



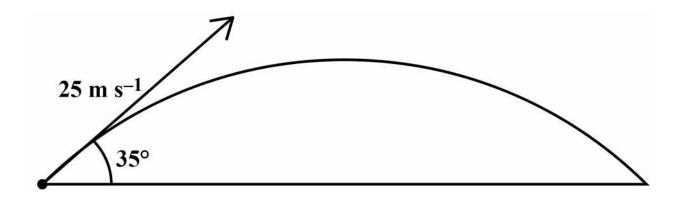
2 2	Immediately after take-off from the surface of the
	Earth, a rocket of mass 12 000 kg accelerates
	vertically upwards at 1.4 m s^{-2}

What is the thrust produced by the rocket motor? [1 mark]



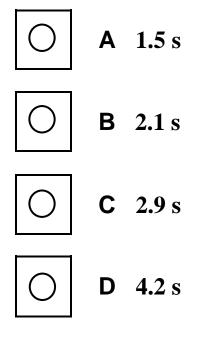


 $\fbox{2}$ A projectile is launched with a speed of $25~\mathrm{m~s^{-1}}$ at an angle of 35° to the horizontal, as shown in the diagram.



Air resistance is negligible.

What is the time taken for the projectile to return to the ground? [1 mark]





2 4	A steel wire W has a length l and a circular
	cross-section of radius r . When W hangs vertically
	and a load is attached to the bottom end, it extends
	by e .

Another wire X made from the same material has the same load attached to it.

Which length and radius for X will produce an extension of $\frac{e}{4}$? [1 mark]

		Length of X	Radius of X
0	Α	0.51	2 <i>r</i>
0	В	l	4 <i>r</i>
0	С	21	2 <i>r</i>
0	D	41	4 <i>r</i>

25 A gas containing doubly-charged ions flows to give an electric current of $0.64\,\mathrm{A}$

How many ions pass a point in 1.0 minute? [1 mark]



A 2.0×10^{18}



 $\textbf{B} \quad 4.0 \times 10^{18}$



 $\text{C} \quad 1.2 \times 10^{20}$



 $\text{D} \quad 2.4 \times 10^{20}$



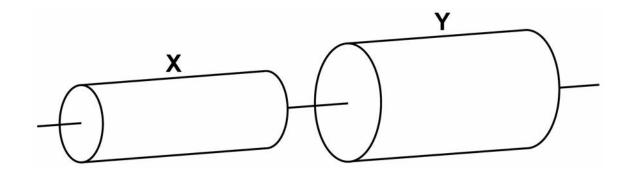
2 6	A mobile phone operates at a constant power of
	200 mW
	It has a 3.7 V lithium-ion battery that has a charge
	capacity of 9400 C

What is the time taken for the battery to discharge completely? [1 mark]

0	A	2 hours
0	В	48 hours
	С	120 hours
	D	140 hours



2 7 The two resistors shown are both uniform cylinders of equal length made from the same conducting putty.



The diameter of Y is twice that of X. The resistance of Y is R.

What is the total resistance of the combination? [1 mark]

Δ	4 <i>R</i>	
	5	

0	В	3 <i>R</i>
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$$\bigcirc$$
 C 4R



2 8 A voltmeter is used to measure potential difference for a component X.

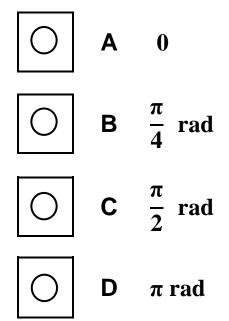
Which row gives the position and ideal resistance for the voltmeter? [1 mark]

		Position	Ideal resistance
0	A	in series with X	infinite
0	В	in series with X	zero
0	С	in parallel with X	infinite
0	D	in parallel with X	zero



2	9	A body performs simple harmonic motion	on.
_	_	, , , , , o a, , por i o i i i pro i i a i i i o i o i i o i o i o i	

What is the phase difference between the variation of displacement with time and the variation of acceleration with time for the body? [1 mark]





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3	0	An object of mass 0.15 kg performs simple		
		harmonic motion. It oscillates with amplitude	е	
		55 mm and frequency 0.80 Hz		

What is the maximum value of its kinetic energy? [1 mark]



 $\mathsf{A} \quad 5.7 \times 10^{-3} \, \mathsf{J}$



 $\mathsf{B} \quad 11 \times 10^{-3} \, \mathsf{J}$



C 0.57 J

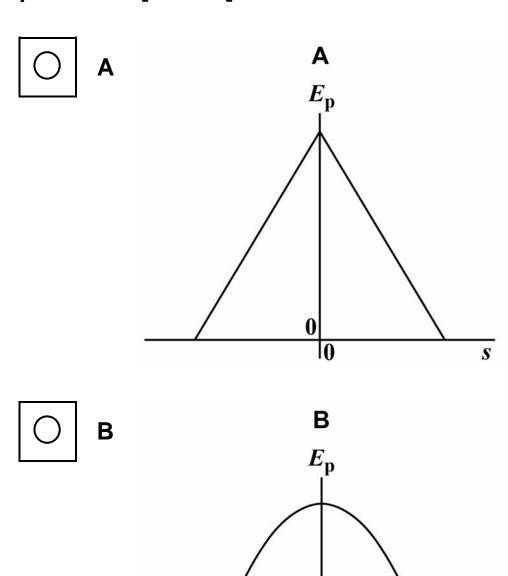


D 11 J



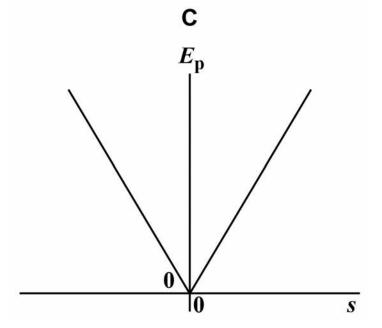
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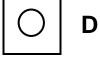
3 1 Which graph shows how the gravitational potential energy $E_{\mathbf{p}}$ of a simple pendulum varies with displacement s from the equilibrium position? [1 mark]

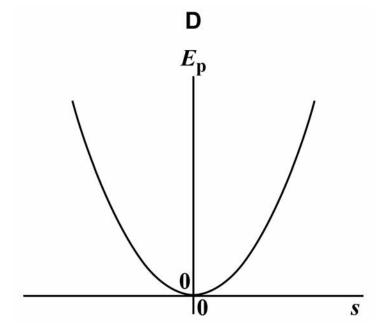












END OF QUESTIONS

25



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Question	Mark	
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7–31		
TOTAL		

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