Surname
Other Names
Centre Number
Candidate Number
Candidate Signature

AS CHEMISTRY

Paper 1: Inorganic and Physical Chemistry

7404/1R

Friday 26 May 2017 Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

For this paper you must have:

- the Periodic Table/Data Sheet, provided as an insert (enclosed)
- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



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0 2

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- All working must be shown.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

ADVICE

• You are advised to spend about 65 minutes on SECTION A and 25 minutes on SECTION B.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



SECTION A

Answer ALL questions in this section.

0 1	This question is about atomic structure.
01.1	Write the full electron configuration for

Write the full electron confi	gurat	ion for
each of the following specie	es. [2	2 marks]

Cl			
Fe ²⁺			
-			

01.2 Write an equation, including state symbols, to represent the process that occurs when the third ionisation energy of manganese is measured. [1 mark]





State which of the elements magnesium and aluminium has the lower first ionisation energy.

Explain your answer. [3 marks]





0 1 . 4 A sample of nickel was analysed in a time of flight (TOF) mass spectrometer. The sample was ionised by electron impact ionisation. The spectrum produced showed three peaks with abundances as set out in TABLE 1.

TABLE 1

m/z	Abundance/%
58	61.0
60	29.1
61	9.9

Give the symbol, including mass number, of the ion that would reach the detector first in the sample.

Calculate the relative atomic mass of the nickel in the sample.

Give your answer to one decimal place. [3 marks]

Symbol of ion



Relative atomic mass

7

[Turn over]



9

- 0 2 This question is about energetics.
- 02.1 Write an equation, including state symbols, for the reaction with an enthalpy change equal to the enthalpy of formation for iron(III) oxide. [1 mark]

TABLE 2 contains some standard enthalpy of formation data.

TABLE 2

	CO(g)	Fe ₂ O ₃ (s)
Δ _f H [⊕] / kJ mol ^{−1}	-111	-822

Fe₂O₃(s) + 3CO(g) \rightarrow 2Fe(s) + 3CO₂(g) $\Delta H = -19 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

Use these data and the equation for the reaction of iron(III) oxide with carbon monoxide to calculate a value for the standard enthalpy of formation for carbon dioxide.

Show your working. [3 marks]

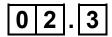




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Δ_fH^ə

kJ mol^{−1}



0 2.3 Some enthalpy data are given in TABLE 3.

TABLE 3

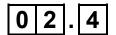
Process	Δ <i>H</i> / kJ mol ^{−1}
$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightarrow 2NH_3(g)$	-92
$N_2(g) \rightarrow 2N(g)$	+944
$H_2(g) \rightarrow 2H(g)$	+436

Use the data from TABLE 3 to calculate the bond enthalpy for N–H in ammonia. [3 marks]

N–H bond enthalpy

kJ mol^{−1}





Give one reason why the bond enthalpy that you calculated in Question 2.3 is different from the mean bond enthalpy quoted in a data book (388 kJ mol^{-1}). [1 mark]

8





A student planned and carried out an experiment to determine the enthalpy of reaction when magnesium metal displaces zinc from aqueous zinc sulfate.

 $Mg(s) + Zn^{2+}(aq) \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(aq) + Zn(s)$

The student used this method:

- A measuring cylinder was used to transfer 50 cm³ of a 1.00 mol dm⁻³ aqueous solution of zinc sulfate into a glass beaker.
- A thermometer was placed in the beaker.
- 2.08 g of magnesium metal powder were added to the beaker.
- The mixture was stirred and the maximum temperature recorded.

The student recorded a starting temperature of 23.9 °C and a maximum temperature of 61.2 °C.

03.1

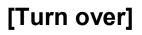
Show by calculation which reactant was in excess.

Use the data to calculate the experimental value for enthalpy of reaction in kJ mol⁻¹(Assume that the specific heat capacity of the solution is 4.18 J K⁻¹g⁻¹and the density of the solution is 1.00 g cm⁻³). [6 marks]



Reactant in excess

Enthalpy of reaction ______ kJ mol⁻¹





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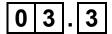


0 3 . 2 Another student used the same method and obtained a value for the enthalpy of reaction of -142 kJ mol^{-1}

> A data book value for the enthalpy of reaction is -310 kJ mol⁻¹

Suggest the most likely reason for the large difference between the student's experimental value and the data book value. [1 mark]



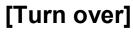


Suggest how the students' method, and the analysis of the results, could be improved in order to determine a more accurate value for the enthalpy of reaction.

Justify your suggestions.

Do not refer to the precision of the measuring equipment. Do not change the amounts or the concentration of the chemicals. [6 marks]









When substances P and Q react together to form substance R an equilibrium is established according to the equation

 $P(g) + Q(g) \rightleftharpoons 2R(g)$

The equilibrium constant expression is

$$K_{\rm c} = \frac{[{\rm R}]^2}{[{\rm P}] [{\rm Q}]}$$

1.0 mol of P and 1.0 mol of Q were mixed in a container with volume 1.0 dm³

At equilibrium, *x* mol of P had reacted.

04.1 The amount, in moles, of each of P and Q at equilibrium is (1-x).

Deduce in terms of x the amount, in moles, of R in the equilibrium mixture. [1 mark]





0 4 2 At 298 K the value of the equilibrium constant $K_{\rm C} = 3.6$

> Calculate a value for the equilibrium concentration, in mol dm^{-3} , of R. [3 marks]





mol dm⁻³



05.1	This question is about intermolecular forces. Give the meaning of the term electronegativity. [1 mark]
05.2	Explain how permanent dipole-dipole forces arise between hydrogen chloride molecules. [2 marks]





Complete TABLE 4 by naming the shape of each molecule.

21

Place a tick (\checkmark) in the final column if the molecule has a permanent dipole. [4 marks]

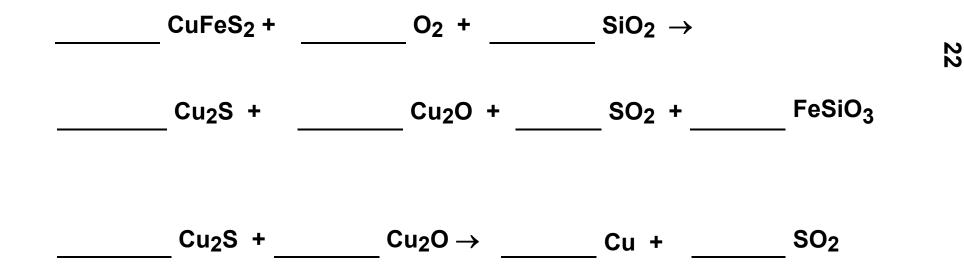
TABLE 4

Molecule	Name of shape	Tick (✓) if molecule has a permanent dipole
SiH ₄		
PH ₃		
BeCl ₂		
CH ₃ Cl		





0 6 1 Balance the equations for the two stages in this process. [2 marks]





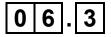


06.2 Suggest two reasons why the sulfur dioxide by-product of this process is removed from the exhaust gases. [2 marks]

Reason 1			
Reason 2			

23





A passenger jet contains 4050 kg of copper wiring.

A rock sample contains 1.25% CuFeS₂ by mass.

Calculate the mass, in tonnes, of rock needed to produce enough copper wire for a passenger jet. (1 tonne = 1000 kg) [4 marks]

Mass of rock tonnes



06.4 Copper can also be produced by the reaction of carbon with copper(II) oxide according to the equation

 $2CuO + C \rightarrow 2Cu + CO_2$

Calculate the percentage atom economy for the production of copper by this process.

Give your answer to the appropriate number of significant figures. [2 marks]

Percentage atom economy

10





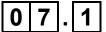
An aqueous solution Y is known to contain one type of group 2 metal ion and one type of negative ion.

Aqueous solutions of sulfuric acid and magnesium nitrate are added to separate samples of solution Y. The observations are shown in TABLE 5.

TABLE 5

Solution added	Observation with solution Y
Sulfuric acid	A white precipitate forms
Magnesium nitrate	A white precipitate forms





Suggest the identity of the group 2 metal ion present in solution Y.

Write an ionic equation, including state symbols, for the reaction that takes place when sulfuric acid is added to solution Y. [2 marks]

Group 2 metal ion

Ionic equation



Suggest the identity of the negative ion present in solution Y.

Write an ionic equation, including state symbols, for the reaction that takes place when magnesium nitrate is added to solution Y. [2 marks]

Negative ion

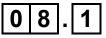
Ionic equation

4





When an acidified solution of sodium nitrite (NaNO₂) is added to aqueous potassium iodide, iodine and nitrogen monoxide (NO) are formed.



Give the oxidation state of nitrogen in the following species. [2 marks]

NO₂⁻_____

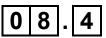
NO _____

08.2 Write a half-equation for the conversion of NO_2^- in an acidic solution into NO [1 mark]





08.3 Write a half-equation for the conversion of l⁻ into l₂ [1 mark]



0 8 . 4 Write an overall ionic equation for the reaction of NO_2^{-} in an acidic solution with I [1 mark]



State the role of NO_2^- in the reaction with I^- [1 mark]



 $2ClO_3^{-} + 5NO_2^{-} + 2H^{+} \rightarrow Cl_2 + 5NO_3^{-} + H_2O$

A 25.0 cm³ sample of an aqueous solution of sodium nitrite required 27.40 cm³ of a $0.0200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ solution of potassium chlorate(V) for complete reaction.

Calculate the concentration, in g dm⁻³, of sodium nitrite in the sample. [4 marks]



Concentration of sodium nitrite

g dm⁻³

10



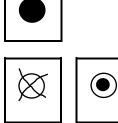
SECTION B

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Only ONE answer per question is allowed. For each answer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD

WRONG METHODS

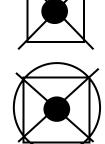




If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.

You may do your working in the blank space around each question but this will not be marked. Do NOT use additional sheets for this working.

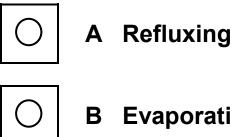




Which is the correct crystal structure for the substance named? [1 mark]

		Substance	Structure
0	Α	lodine	Simple molecular
0	в	Diamond	Ionic
0	С	Sodium chloride	Giant covalent
0	D	Graphite	Metallic

Which is the best technique to remove the 1 0 silver chloride that forms when aqueous solutions of silver nitrate and sodium chloride react? [1 mark]



D

Evaporation



Filtration С



Distillation





Which statement about astatine is correct? [1 mark]

A Astatine has a greater electronegativity than bromine



B Astatine is a better oxidising agent than bromine



C Astatine has a greater boiling point than bromine



D Astatine has a greater first ionisation energy than bromine

1 2

Which statement about time of flight mass spectrometry is correct? [1 mark]



A The current in the detector is proportional to the ion abundance



B Sample particles gain electrons to form positive ions



C Particles are detected in the order of their kinetic energies



D lons are accelerated by a magnetic field



Chlorine exists as two isotopes ³⁵Cl and ³⁷Cl in the ratio 3:1

Which statement about peaks in the mass spectrum of Cl₂ is correct? [1 mark]



A Peaks at m/z = 70 and 74 in the ratio 3:1



B Peaks at m/z = 70, 72 and 74 in the ratio 9:6:1

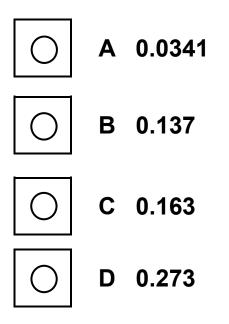


- C Peaks at m/z = 70, 72 and 74 in the ratio 9:3:1
- D Peaks at m/z = 70 and 72 in the ratio 3:1



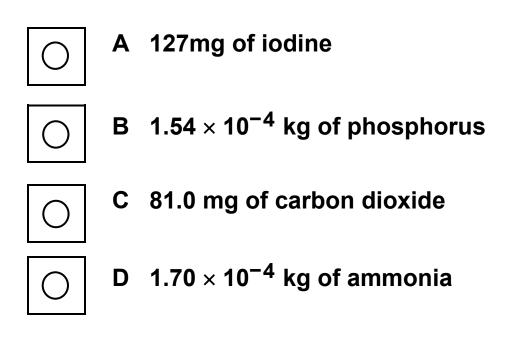
A 4.85 g sample of anhydrous sodium sulfate is dissolved in water and the solution made up to 250 cm³ in a volumetric flask.

What is the concentration in mol dm^{-3} of sodium sulfate in the solution? [1 mark]





1 5 Which of these contains the greatest number of atoms? [1 mark]





25.0 cm³ samples of NaOH solution were taken by pipette from a beaker. These were then titrated with an aqueous solution of ethanoic acid. The concentration of ethanoic acid calculated from the experimental results was found to be lower than the actual value.

Which of these could explain the difference? [1 mark]

- 0
- A Rinsing the pipette with distilled water before filling with NaOH



B Rinsing the burette with distilled water before filling with ethanoic acid



C Rinsing the walls of the conical flask with distilled water during the titration

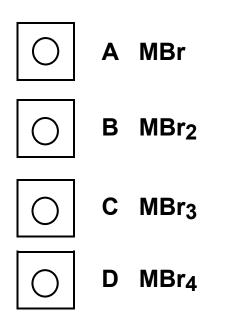


D Rinsing the beaker with distilled water before filling with NaOH



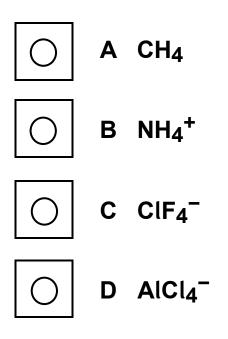
A 20.0 cm³ sample of a 0.400 mol dm⁻³ aqueous solution of a metal bromide (MBr_n) reacts exactly with 160 cm³ of 0.100 mol dm⁻³ aqueous silver nitrate.

What is the formula of the metal bromide? [1 mark]





Which species has one or more bond angle(s) of 90°? [1 mark]





1 9 The forward reaction in this equilibrium is endothermic

 $COCl_2(g) \rightleftharpoons CO(g) + Cl_2(g)$

Which statement is correct? [1 mark]



A If the total pressure is increased at constant temperature, the proportion of COCl₂ in the equilibrium mixture will decrease



B Use of a catalyst will increase the proportion of COCl₂ in the equilibrium mixture at constant temperature and pressure



C Reducing the equilibrium concentration of CO will increase the value of the equilibrium constant



D Raising the temperature from 373 K to 473 K will increase the value of the equilibrium constant





Which of these is NOT a redox reaction? [1 mark]

 $Cu_2O + H_2SO_4 → CuSO_4 + Cu + H_2O$

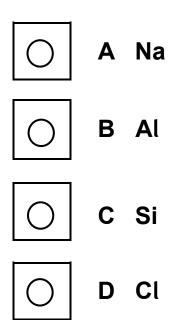
 $B MgO + 2HCl \rightarrow MgCl_2 + H_2O$

C SnCl₂ + HgCl₂ \rightarrow Hg + SnCl₄

D MnO₂ + 4HCl \rightarrow MnCl₂ + 2H₂O + Cl₂

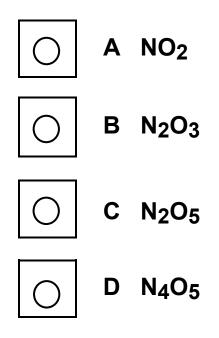
2 1

Which of these has the highest first ionisation energy? [1 mark]



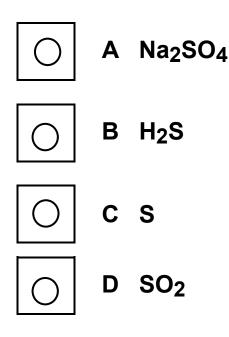


What is the empirical formula of an oxide of nitrogen that contains 26% nitrogen by mass? [1 mark]





- 2 3
- 3 Which species is NOT produced by a redox reaction between solid sodium iodide and concentrated sulfuric acid? [1 mark]



END OF QUESTIONS



There are no questions printed on this page

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Question	Mark		
1			
2			
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4			
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6			
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8			
Section B			
TOTAL			

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