

# AS HISTORY

The making of a Superpower: USA, 1865–1975 Component 1K From Civil War to World War, 1865–1920

Wednesday 17 May 2017 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

# **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

an AQA 16-page answer book.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Paper Reference is 7041/1K.
- Answer two questions.
  - In **Section A** answer Question 01.
  - In Section B answer either 02 or 03.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 50.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

#### Advice

- You are advised to spend about:
  - 50 minutes on Section A
  - 40 minutes on Section B.

#### Section A

#### Answer Question 01.

#### **Extract A**

Progressives were concerned with the whole spectrum of abuses, inconsistencies and social problems facing the United States. These were related to poverty, disease, the concentration of economic power in a few hands and the industrial cycle of boom and slump. They were particularly concerned about political corruption, conservation of natural resources, slum conditions, crime, child labour, impure food, and vice, especially in the great cities.

5

The first president to be markedly influenced by Progressive ideas was Theodore Roosevelt, and he was a leader of dynamic quality. He managed, in the Hepburn Act of 1906, to get the Interstate Commerce Commission established with effective control over railroad rates, thus setting a pattern of continuing Federal administrative regulation in other areas.

10

Adapted from H C Allen, A History of the USA, 1968

#### **Extract B**

What did most to create a climate favourable to Progressivism were the revelations of a group of journalists known as muckrakers. There had been earlier reports of social and economic evils, but what distinguished the muckrakers was that they reached a mass audience through cheap popular magazines. McClure's was the example of the muckraking magazine. In 1902 a series of articles by Lincoln Steffens, "The Shame of the Cities", disclosed widespread corruption in American cities. This was followed by Ida M Tarbell's "History of the Standard Oil Company" a carefully documented assault on John D Rockefeller and his business methods. They and the authors of muckraking novels like Upton Sinclair's *The Jungle* undoubtedly helped stir the American conscience.

Adapted from Maldwyn A Jones, The Limits of Liberty: American History, 1607–1992,1995

With reference to these extracts and your understanding of the historical context, which of these two extracts provides the more convincing interpretation of Progressivism?

[25 marks]

# **Section B**

Answer either Question 02 or Question 03.

# **Either**

0 2 'Reconstruction failed to bring equality to African-Americans in the years 1865 to 1877.'

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

or

o The development of the American economy in the years 1890 to 1914 was due to the open immigration policy of the United States.'

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

# **END OF QUESTIONS**

# There are no questions printed on this page

### **Copyright Information**

For confidentiality purposes, from the November 2015 examination series, acknowledgements of third party copyright material will be published in a separate booklet rather than including them on the examination paper or support materials. This booklet is published after each examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk after the live examination series.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright @ 2017 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.