

# AS Physics data and formulae

# For use in exams from the June 2016 Series onwards

### DATA - FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS AND VALUES

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Units
speed of light in vacuo	С	$3.00\times10^{8}$	m s <sup>-1</sup>
permeability of free space	$\mu_0$	$4\pi\times10^{-7}$	H m <sup>-1</sup>
permittivity of free space	$\mathcal{E}_0$	$8.85 \times 10^{-12}$	F m <sup>-1</sup>
magnitude of the charge of electron	e	$1.60\times10^{-19}$	С
the Planck constant	h	$6.63\times10^{-34}$	J s
gravitational constant	G	$6.67\times10^{-11}$	${\rm N~m^2~kg^{-2}}$
the Avogadro constant	$N_{\mathrm{A}}$	$6.02\times10^{23}$	$\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
molar gas constant	R	8.31	$\rm J~K^{-1}~mol^{-1}$
the Boltzmann constant	k	$1.38\times10^{-23}$	J K <sup>-1</sup>
the Stefan constant	$\sigma$	$5.67\times10^{-8}$	$W\ m^{-2}\ K^{-4}$
the Wien constant	$\alpha$	$2.90\times10^{-3}$	m K
electron rest mass (equivalent to $5.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ u}$ )	$m_{ m e}$	$9.11 \times 10^{-31}$	kg
electron charge/mass ratio	$rac{e}{m_{ m e}}$	$1.76\times10^{11}$	$\rm C~kg^{-1}$
proton rest mass (equivalent to 1.00728 u)	$m_{ m p}$	$1.67(3) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
proton charge/mass ratio	$rac{e}{m_{ m p}}$	$9.58\times10^7$	$ m C~kg^{-1}$
neutron rest mass (equivalent to 1.00867 u)	$m_{ m n}$	$1.67(5) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
gravitational field strength	g	9.81	${ m N~kg^{-1}}$
acceleration due to gravity	g	9.81	$\mathrm{m}\;\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
atomic mass unit (1u is equivalent to 931.5 MeV)	u	$1.661 \times 10^{-27}$	kg

### ALGEBRAIC EQUATION

quadratic equation  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

### **ASTRONOMICAL DATA**

Body	Mass/kg	Mean radius/m
Sun	$1.99 \times 10^{30}$	$6.96 \times 10^{8}$
Earth	$5.97 \times 10^{24}$	$6.37 \times 10^6$

#### **GEOMETRICAL EQUATIONS**

arc length	$= r\theta$
circumference of circle	$=2\pi r$
area of circle	$=\pi r^2$
curved surface area of cylinder	$=2\pi rh$
area of sphere	$=4\pi r^2$
volume of sphere	$=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Version 1.2



## Particle Physics

Class	Name	Symbol	Rest energy/MeV
photon	photon	γ	0
lepton	neutrino	$v_{\rm e}$	0
		$v_{\mu}$	0
	electron	$e^{\pm}$	0.510999
	muon	$\mu^{\pm}$	105.659
mesons	$\pi$ meson	$\pi^{\pm}$	139.576
		$\pi^0$	134.972
	K meson	K <sup>±</sup>	493.821
		$K^0$	497.762
baryons	proton	p	938.257
	neutron	n	939.551

## Properties of quarks

antiquarks have opposite signs

Туре	Charge	Baryon number	Strangeness
u	$+\frac{2}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	0
d	$-\frac{1}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	0
s	$-\frac{1}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	- 1

## Properties of Leptons

		Lepton number
Particles:	e-, $\nu_e$ ; $\mu$ -, $\nu_\mu$	+ 1
Antiparticles:	$e^+, \overline{\nu_e}, \mu^+, \overline{\nu_\mu}$	- 1

## Photons and energy levels

photon energy  $E = hf = hc / \lambda$ photoelectricity  $hf = \phi + E_{k \text{ (max)}}$ energy levels  $hf = E_1 - E_2$ 

de Broglie wavelength  $\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv}$ 

#### Waves

wave speed  $c = f\lambda$  period  $f = \frac{1}{T}$ 

fringe spacing  $w = \frac{\lambda D}{s}$  diffraction  $d \sin \theta = n\lambda$ 

refractive index of a substance s,  $n = \frac{c}{c_s}$ 

for two different substances of refractive indices  $n_1$  and  $n_2$ ,

law of refraction  $n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$ 

critical angle  $\sin \theta_{\rm C} = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \text{for } n_1 > n_2$ 

## Mechanics

moments moment = Fd

velocity and acceleration  $v = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t}$   $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$  equations of  $u = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ 

equations of v = u + at  $s = \left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right)t$ 

 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$   $s = ut + \frac{at^2}{2}$ 

force F = ma

force  $F = \frac{\Delta(mv)}{\Delta t}$ 

impulse  $F \Delta t = \Delta(mv)$ 

work, energy  $W = F s \cos \theta$ and power

 $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} \, m \, v^2 \qquad \Delta E_{\rm p} = mg \Delta h$ 

 $P = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta t}, P = Fv$ 

 $efficiency = \frac{useful\ output\ power}{input\ power}$ 

#### Materials

density  $\rho = \frac{m}{V}$  Hooke's law  $F = k \Delta L$ 

Young modulus =  $\frac{\text{tensile stress}}{\text{tensile strain}}$   $\frac{F}{A}$   $\frac{\Delta L}{L}$ 

energy stored  $E = \frac{1}{2}F\Delta L$ 

## Electricity

current and pd 
$$I = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t} \quad V = \frac{W}{Q} \quad R = \frac{V}{I}$$

resistivity 
$$\rho = \frac{RA}{L}$$

resistors in series 
$$R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots$$

resistors in parallel 
$$\frac{1}{R_{\rm T}}=\frac{1}{R_1}+\frac{1}{R_2}+\frac{1}{R_3}+\cdots$$

power 
$$P = VI = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

emf 
$$\varepsilon = \frac{E}{Q} \qquad \varepsilon = I(R + r)$$

