

GCSE **Mathematics**

Paper 2 Foundation Tier

Mark scheme

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Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
sc	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
1	metres	B1		
2	72	B1		
3	1.5	B1		
4	-4 < -3	B1		
	26.47640()	B1		
5(a)	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	26.5	B1ft	Correct or ft provided their given to more than 1 dp	answer to (a) is
	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
5(b)	8.88326612 in (a) and 8.9 in (b)			B1ft
	8.88326612 in (a) and 26.5 in (b)		B1	
	26.50			В0
	4	B1		
6(a)	Additional Guidance			
,	4 must be shown on the answer line in the key			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	es .	
	15	B1ft	Correct or ft 3.75 × their 4 from (a) if their is a multiple of 4		
	Ac	lditional	Guidance		
6(b)	(a) key blank or incorrect (b) 15			B1	
, ,	(a) 8 (b) 30			B1ft	
	(a) 10 (b) 37.5 (or 37 or 38)			B0ft	
	If answer line blank and 15 seen next t	o female	row of pictogram	B1	
	The sample is too small or the results may be biased or the sample is not representative	B1			
	Additional Guidance				
	This was only / just 1 hour			B1	
	More men might come at different time	B1			
	It might have been a girls' school using	it		B1	
	There were only/ just 25 people in the	survey		B1	
6(c)	The results may change			B1	
	Ignore irrelevant comments alongside a equal number of males and females. A			B1	
	Biased			B1	
	Unfair	В0			
	Should do it for longer until there is an	В0			
	It was for 1 hour			В0	
	The results are about people not locke	rs		В0	
	Not a lot of people use the family chan-	ging roon	1	В0	
	In that hour not many people used the	changing	rooms	В0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
7	17 21 21 21 23 25 29 32 36 or 36 32 29 25 23 21 21 21 17 or 17 21 21 21 23 or 36 32 29 25 23 or $\frac{9+1}{2}$ or 5th value	M1	Puts list into order Allow one omission, extra error in a full list Allow one transcription error the first or last five or Works out the position of the list	or in a list of only
	23	A1		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance	
	Answer 23 (from any or no list)	M1A1		
	Puts list into order then finds the mean			M1A0
	Just circles or identifies 29 or gives answer 29			MO
	States 5th and circles 29			M1A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
8(a)	Library	B1		
8(b)	180°	B1		
	[5.6, 6] (cm) or [56, 60] (mm)	B1	May be on map	
	their 5.8 × 200 or their 58 × 20	M1		
	[1120, 1200]	A1ft	ft B0M1 if their 5.8 × 200 c	correctly evaluated
	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	[5.6, 6] can come from measurement of	r Pythago	oras' Theorem	
	Answer in correct range with no incorrect evaluation			B1M1A1
0(-)	5.6 × 200, answer 1160 (incorrect evaluation seen)			B1M1A0
8(c)	6.2 × 200 = 1240			B0M1A1ft
	3 down, 5 across, 8 × 200 = 1600			B0M1A1ft
	3 × 200, 5 × 200, answer 1600	B0M1A1ft		
	3 and 5 seen, answer 1600	B0M1A1ft		
	7 seen, answer 1400	B0M1A1ft		
	Answer only 1400	B0M0A0ft		
	Answer [1.12, 1.2] km with or without [1120, 120	00] seen	B1M1A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Valid reason	t distance raight line, but a straight line own		
	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	You would have to walk along the stree	ets		B1
	There wouldn't be a straight road between	een them		B1
	You would have to walk along and ther	n down		B1
	There might be buildings in the way			B1
	You can't go as the crow flies	B1		
	There may be obstacles in the way	B1		
8(d)	It isn't a straight path in real life		B1	
	Can't go directly		B1	
	There might be buildings in the way su	ch as the	library	В0
	The monument is in the way			В0
	It's not a walking route			В0
	There is more than one route			В0
	May have taken a different route		В0	
	Walking is slower	В0		
	You may need to go past the town hall			В0
	You might take a detour			В0

Question		Answer	Mark		Commen	ts
	Balance (£ 212.48 (£)84.09 (£)940.30		B2	B1 (£)84 or (£)84 or B1ft for th	n correct boxes .09 or (£)940.30 .09p and (£)940. neir 84.09 + 856.2	•
			Additional			
	Date	Description	Credit (£)	Debit (£)	Balance (£)	
	13/12/2016	Starting balance			212.48	B2
9	14/12/2016	Council tax		128.39	84.09	DZ
	15/12/2016	Salary	856.21		940.30	
	340.87 and 1	197.08				B1ft
	340.87 and 1	197.08p				B0ft
	84.09 and 94	0.3				B1
	Ignore any w	orking in grey boxes				
	84.09p and 940.30p				B1	
	£84.09p and	£940.30p				B1
	84.09p and 9	40.3(p)				В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	36 ÷ 9 × 11	M1	oe 36 ÷ 9 and 36 + 2 × 4	
	44	A1		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance	
	Only 36 × 1.2			
	11 ÷ 9 = 1.2 and 36 × 1.2	M1A0		
10	11 ÷ 9 = 1.2 and 36 × 1.2 Answer 43.2	M1A0		
	11 ÷ 9 = 1.2 and 36 × 1.2 Answer 44 (r 43.2 seen) M1A1		
	Only $\frac{11}{9}$ of 36	МО		
	$\frac{11}{9} \times 36$	M1		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	s
	4x = 14 + 3 or $4x = 17or(14 + 3) \div 4 or 17 \div 4orx - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{14}{4}$	M1		
	4.25 or $\frac{17}{4}$ or $4\frac{1}{4}$	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
11	Embedded answer of 4.25 with 4.25 not selected on answer line eg $4 \times 4.25 - 3 = 14$ with no answer given or answer of 14 or 17			M1A0
	14 + 3 and answer 4.25			M1A1
	14 + 3 only			M0A0
	Trial and improvement with answer 4.25 Trial and improvement with no answer or answer other than 4.25 M 4.25 or $\frac{17}{4}$ or $4\frac{1}{4}$ seen and then answer 4 given Answer of ×4.25 M			
	17 ÷ 4 (and no further)			M1A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Correct criticisms about any two of the incorrect plotting of (17, 80) at (17,60) the incorrect position of the line of best fit the incorrect length of the line of best fit (outside the range of the data)	B2	B1 for one correct commer position or length Allow reference to a better drawn eg The line should l	line of best fit
	Ad	lditional	 Guidance	
	A comment about the incorrect poin	t must re	efer to the specific point	
	One of the points is wrong and point at	(17, 60)	circled on graph	B1
	Not plotted (17, 80) correctly			B1
	x on 60 should be on 80			B1
	Point at 60 is wrong	B1		
	Day 3 is wrong/ there is no day 3 on the graph			B1
	17 is plotted at 60/ 17 should be plotted	B1		
12(a)	One of the points is wrong	В0		
	Points on the graph don't match the tal	В0		
	Not put all the points in the correct place	В0		
	A comment about the line of best fit	must no	t have any misconception	
	The line is not steep enough/ at wrong	B1		
	The line isn't a line of best fit/ the line d	B1		
	The line of best fit goes below 17/ cond	lone past	30 (implies outside range)	B1
	The line of best fit is wrong/ not drawn	accuratel	y/ not drawn properly	В0
	It isn't a line of best fit because it doesn	n't start a	t 0	В0
	The line of best fit is wrong it should go through (0, 0)			В0
	The line of best fit doesn't go through the	В0		
	The line is wrong it only goes through o	one cross		В0
	The line of best fit doesn't go to the axi	s (implies	s it's too short)	В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	s
	Ticks No and explanation that it should be the highest value – the lowest value	B1	Allow any unambiguous ind boxes blank may be in the oe eg No, it should be the ho	reason
	Ad	 ditional	│ Guidance	
	Does not tick or say No			В0
	Ticks No and It should be 30 – 17			B1
	Ticks No and It should be 13			B1
	Ticks No and He hasn't subtracted the	B1		
	Ticks No and It should be 17 – 30 = 13			B1
	Ticks No and Range = biggest – smalle	B1		
12(b)	Ticks No and The lowest temperature i	B1		
	Ticks No and He hasn't used the lowes	B1		
	Ticks No and The lowest temperature is not 20			B1
	Ticks No and The lowest temperature i	B1		
	Ticks No and The numbers range from	17 to 30		B1
	Ticks No and It should be $30 - 17 = 23$			В0
	Ticks No and It should be 17 – 30		В0	
	Ticks No and You should take the sma	llest from	the largest 30 – 26	В0
	Ticks No and You should take the smallest from the largest 180 – 17			В0
	Ticks No and It should be the smallest	– the larg	gest	В0
	Ticks Yes and It should be the highest	value – t	ne lowest value	В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 1	Alternative method 1				
	180 + 150 + 80 + 130 + 120 or 660	M1				
	their 660 × 0.15 or 99 or their 660 × 0.85 or 561	M1dep	oe			
	7 × 5 or 35	M1				
	their 660 – their 99 – their 35 or their 561 – their 35	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1			
	526(.00)	A1	SC4 509			
	Alternative method 2					
12(c)	180 × 0.15 or 27 and 150 × 0.15 or 22.5(0) and 80 × 0.15 or 12 and 130 × 0.15 or 19.5(0) and 120 × 0.15 or 18	M1	oe			
	their 27 + their 22.5(0) + their 12 + their 19.5(0) + their 18 or 99	M1dep				
	7 × 5 or 35	M1				
	180 + 150 + 80 + 130 + 120 – their 99 – their 35	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1			
	526(.00)	A1	SC4 509			

Alternative methods 3, 4 and Additional Guidance continue on the next three pages

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 3		
	180 × 0.15 or 27 and 150 × 0.15 or 22.5(0) and 80 × 0.15 or 12 and 130 × 0.15 or 19.5(0) and 120 × 0.15 or 18	M1	oe
	180 – their 27 or 153 and 150 – their 22.5(0) or 127.5(0) and 80 – their 12 or 68 and 130 – their 19.5(0) or 110.5(0) and 120 – their 18 or 102	M1dep	Working out 85% of all five sales scores M1M1dep
12(c) cont	7 × 5 or 35 or their 153 – 7 or 146 and their 127.5(0) – 7 or 120.5(0) and their 68 – 7 or 61 and their 110.5(0) – 7 or 103.5(0) and their 102 – 7 or 95	M1	Subtracting five 7s
	their 153 + their 127.5(0) + their 68 + their 110.5(0) + their 102 – their 35 or their 146 + their 120.5(0) + their 61 + their 103.5(0) + their 95	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1
	526(.00)	A1	SC4 509

Alternative method 4 and Additional Guidance continue on the next two pages

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 4		
	180 × 0.15 or 27 and 150 × 0.15 or 22.5(0) and 80 × 0.15 or 12 and 130 × 0.15 or 19.5(0) and 120 × 0.15 or 18	M1	oe
	their 27 + 7 or 34 and their 22.5(0) + 7 or 29.5(0) and their 12 + 7 or 19 and their 19.5(0) + 7 or 26.5(0) and their 18 + 7 or 25	M1	Adding five 7s
12(c) cont	their 34 + their 29.5(0) + their 19 + their 26.5(0) + their 25 or 134 or 180 - their 34 or 146 and 150 - their 29.5(0) or 120.5(0) and 80 - their 19 or 61 and 130 - their 26.5(0) or 103.5(0) and 120 - their 25 or 95	M1dep	dep on M1M1
	180 + 150 + 80 + 130 + 120 – their 134 or their 146 + their 120.5(0) + their 61 + their 103.5(0) + their 95	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1
	526(.00)	A1	SC4 509

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

Additional Guidance	
509 comes from using 60 from the incorrect point on the scatter graph	SC4
Use the scheme that awards the best mark	
35	M1
99	M1M1dep
134	M1M1M1dep
660 – 35 = 625 0.15 × 625 = 93.75 Answer 93.75	M1M0M1 M0A0
Build up method for 15% must be correct or method shown for incorrect parts	
eg 10% of 660 = 60, 5% = 30, 15% = 90	M1M0dep
eg 10% of 660 = 660 ÷ 10 = 60, 5% = 30, 15% = 90	M1M1dep

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	360 – (21 + 36 + 160 + 90) or 360 – 307 or 270 – (21 + 36 + 160) or 270 – 217	M1	oe		
	53	A1			
13	Ad				
	53 (may be on diagram) with no incorre	ect workin	ng or no working	M1A1	
	53 on diagram with different answer on	answer l	ine	A0	
	360 – (21 + 36 + 160) or 360 – 217 o	noring 90°)	M0A0		
	180 – (90 + 36) = 54		M0A0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts	
	Alternative method 1				
	70 × 2.2 or 154	M1			
	their 154 ÷ 14 or 11 × 14 = 154	M1dep	70 × 2.2 ÷ 14 oe is M1M1c	lep	
	11	A1			
	Alternative method 2	•			
	14 ÷ 2.2 or 6.36 or 6.4 or 2.2 ÷ 14 or 0.157 or 0.16	M1			
	70 ÷ their 6.36 or 70 × their 0.157 or 11.006 or 10.9375 or 10.99	M1dep			
14	11	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	14 ÷ 2.2 = 6.3 and 70 ÷ 6.3 = 11.1	M1M1depA0			
	Only 70 ÷ 6.3 = 11.1	M0M0depA0			
	Only 70 ÷ 6.4 (= 10.9375)	M1M1depA0			
	eg 10.9375 → answer 11	M1M1dep A1			
	Only 70 ÷ 14 or 5	MO			
	70 ÷ 14 = 5 and 5 × 2.2	M1M1dep			
	70 × 2.2 = 154, 154 ÷ 14 = 11, 11 × 70 Answer 770 (11 seen)			M1M1depA0	
	70 × 2.2 = 154, 154 ÷ 14 × 70 Answer 770			M1M0depA0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	13 20 27 and Add 7 or 15 27 39 and Add 12 or 20 15 10 and Subtract 5 or 27 20 13 and Subtract 7 or 39 27 15 and Subtract 12	oe rule B1 one correct arithmetic pro (using numbers from the list incorrect rule ie 13 20 27 or 15 27 39 or 20 15 10		
15	Accept the expression for the n th term 13 20 27 and $7n + 6$ or eg × 7 + 6 or 15 27 39 and $12n + 3$ or 20 15 10 and $25 - 5n$ or 27 20 13 and $34 - 7n$ or 39 27 15 and $51 - 12n$	B2		
	Ignore incorrect expression for the n th term alongside a correct rule eg 13 20 27 and Add 7 so n + 7			B2
	13 20 27 and +7 or 7 more or going	g up in 7s	5	B2
	20 15 10 and five times table (scores for the arithmetic progression)			B1
	13 20 27 and n + 7 (scores for the arithmetic progression)			B1
	Using number(s) not on the list			В0
	10 15 20 and Add 5			В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	s	
16	1:4	B1			
17	1 1000	B1			
	3 × 250 or 750	M1			
	1470 × 12 or 17 640	M1			
	538 000 – 464 500 or 73 500	M1			
	their 73 500 × 0.28 or 20 580	M1dep	oe dep on 3rd M1		
	their 17 640 + their 20 580 + their 750 or 38 970		dep on 3rd and 4th M1		
		M1dep	Must be adding salary, pro bonus	fit share and	
	38 970 and No	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
18	For the last method mark, the 3rd and allow the addition of any number of mobonuses (at least one month of salary a				
	1470 + 20 580 + 250	M0M0M1 M1dep M1depA0			
	20 580	3rdM1 4thM1dep			
	Build up method for 28% must be correparts				
	eg1 1% of 73 500 = 730, 28% = 20 44	4thM0dep			
	eg2 1% of 73 500 = 73 500 ÷ 100 = 73	4thM1dep			
	eg3 10% of 73 500 = 7350, 1% = 73.5	4thM0dep			
	eg4 10% of 73 500 = 7350, 1% = 7350 28% = 7350 + 7350 + 588 = 15 28	4thM1dep			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts
	Alternative method 1 (hits and misse	es)		
	A counter example using both ratios or using numbers of hits and misses for both players	B2	eg Katy could be 6 : 2 and eg Ben 10 hits and 2 misse Katy 12 hits and 4 miss B1 for a correct number of (not 3 and 1) or a correct ex	es and es hits and misses
	Alternative method 2 (hits and total to	throws o	r proportion of hits)	
	A counter example using total throws and number of hits for both players		eg Katy could have hit 6 on eg Katy could have $\frac{18}{24}$ and	
	or using proportion of hits for both players	B2	B1 for a correct number of total throws and hits (not 3 out of 4) or a correct proportion of hits (not $\frac{3}{4}$) for Katy	
19	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	Must use the given ratios			
	(Ben) 5:1 (Katy) 6:2	B2		
	15 : 3 and 15 : 5 (so the same hits)			B2
	(Katy) 6 : 2 or (Katy) 6 hits and 2 miss	ses		B1
	List of equivalent ratios for (Ben and) K	aty with r	no counter example chosen	B1
	15 : 3 and 9 : 3			B1
	Fractions of hits out of total throws oe p	percentag	ges or decimals or words	
	eg $\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$			В0
	eg $\frac{20}{24}$ and $\frac{18}{24}$			B1
	eg $\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{6}{8}$			B2
	Ben had (two) more throws – he had 6	and she	had 4	В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	$\frac{1}{10}$ or 10% or 0.1	B1	oe		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance		
	Ratio eg 1 : 10 or 1 : 9			В0	
	1/10 seen and answer 1 : 10				
	Expressed only in words eg 1 out of 10				
20(a)	1 out of 10 and $\frac{1}{10}$	0 and $\frac{1}{10}$			
	1/10 seen with change to incorrect decimal or incorrect percentage				
	eg $\frac{1}{10}$ and answer 0.01	B1			
	Ignore chance words if $\frac{1}{10}$ seen				
	eg $\frac{1}{10}$ and answer Unlikely			B1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	$\frac{1}{4}$ or 0.25 or 25%	B1	oe		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance		
	Ratio eg 1 : 4 or 1 : 3			В0	
	$\frac{1}{4}$ seen and answer 1 : 4	B1			
	Expressed only in words eg 1 out of 4	В0			
20(b)	1 out of 4 and $\frac{1}{4}$	B1			
	$\frac{1}{4}$ seen with change to incorrect decimal				
	eg $\frac{1}{4}$ and answer 0.4	B1			
	Ignore chance words if $\frac{1}{4}$ seen				
	eg $\frac{1}{4}$ and answer Likely			B1	

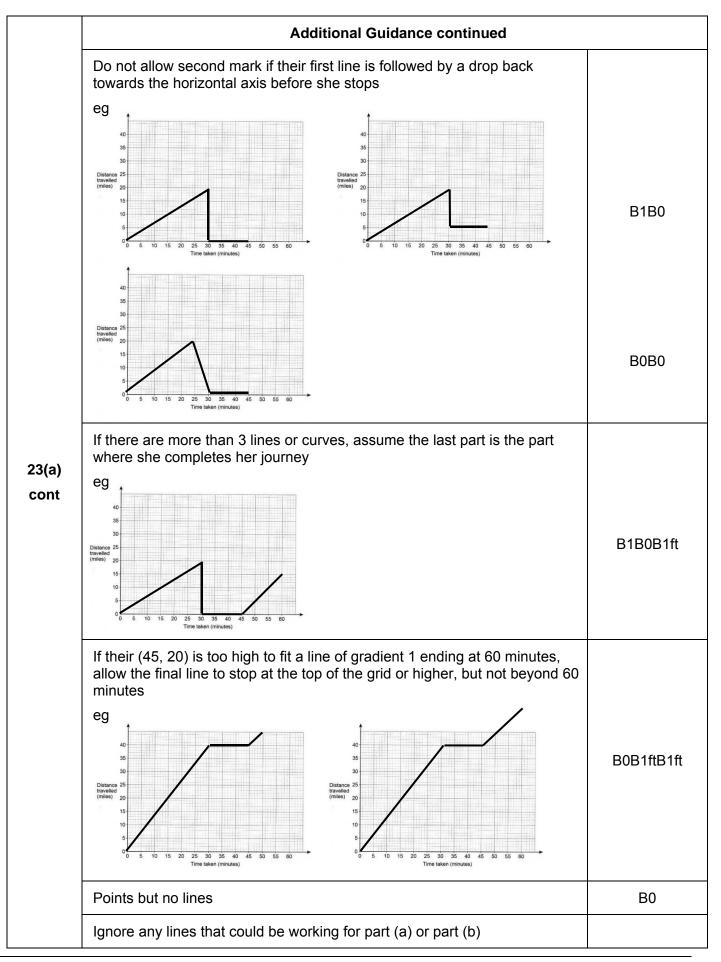
Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts
	Alternative method 1			
	10.8 × 8 or 86.4	M1		
	50 × 110 × 35 or 192 500	M1	Must use correct volume for	ormula
	their 192 500 ÷ 1000 or 192.5	M1dep	dep on 2nd M1	
	their 192.5 – their 86.4	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1	
	106.1 or 106 A1			
	Alternative method 2			
	10.8 × 8 × 1000 or 86 400	M1	oe	
21(a)	50 × 110 × 35 or 192 500	M1	Must use correct volume formula	
	their 192 500 – their 86 400 or 106 100	M1dep	dep on M1M1	
	their 106 100 ÷ 1000	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1	
	106.1 or 106	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	192.5			2ndM1M1dep
	106 100			M1M1M1dep
	50 × 110 × 35 = 192 500 ÷ 2			2ndM0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	S
	A comment that the answer to part (a) was too low or that the amount saved would be greater	B1		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance	
	It was more			B1
	More water saved			B1
	She underestimated it			B1
	She underestimated the water saved			B1
	She's saving more water because she's	B1		
	Greater than 106.1 litres (may need to a different value)	B1		
21(b)	More than Eva's assumption	B1		
	Eva's assumption was not accurate the	В0		
	She underestimated the water	В0		
	Less water used	В0		
	It was inaccurate	В0		
	A uses more water than B (only talking	e diagram)	В0	
	B saves more than A (only talking about	gram)	В0	
	Saves a lot of water	В0		
	More water used		В0	
	Cuboid smaller than bath			В0
	Used more water in the bath than she t	В0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	8 ² and 3 ² seen or 8 × 8 and 3 × 3 seen or 64 and 9 seen or 55	M1	M2 for $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) = 22.()$ and 8 co	os (their 22.())
	$\sqrt{8^2 - 3^2}$ or $\sqrt{64 - 9}$ or $\sqrt{55}$	M1dep	$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) = 67.() \text{ or } 68 \text{ ar}$ 8 sin (their 67.())	nd
	[7.4, 7.42]	A1		
	Ad			
	$\sqrt{8^2 + 3^2}$ or $\sqrt{64 + 9}$ or $8^2 + 3^2$ or $64 - 3^2$	M1M0depA0		
22	Only $\sqrt{73}$ or only 73 or only 8.5	МО		
	If trigonometry used it must be a fully correct value of \boldsymbol{x}			
	Partial method using trigonometry	M0		
	Ignore units given			
	8 cm ² is not 8 ² unless recovered			
	Correct answer in range seen, ignore f	M2A1		
	$8^2 = 16$ and $3^2 = 6$, $\sqrt{16-6}$	M1M1depA0		
	Scale drawing with answer in range [7.	M2A1		
	Scale drawing with answer not in range	e [7.4, 7.4	12]	MO

Question		Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Joins (0, 0) to (30, 20)	B1	Line does not need to be s start and finish at correct p decreasing Mark intention	
	Horizontal their (30, 2	line for 15 minutes from 20)	B1ft	Mark intention	
	Line with gradient 1 or a curve from their (45, 20) and stops at 60 minutes		B1ft	A curve must not be decre start and finish at two poin joined by a line with gradie Condone a horizontal or ve	ts that could be ent 1
	or stops at	t top edge of grid or higher yond 60 minutes		60 minutes Mark intention	
		Add	ditional C	Guidance	
23(a)	40 35 30 Distance 25 travelled (miles) 20 15	5		45 50 55 60	В3
	Allow any journey is eg	D D	inutes an	d 45 minutes if first part of	B0B1

Additional Guidance continues on the next page



Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	35	B1ft	Correct or ft total distance graph at 60 minutes	travelled for their
	Ad	ditional	Guidance	
	35 from any or no graph			B1
	If their graph extends beyond 60 minut	es, read o	off at 60 minutes for ft	
23(b)	Follow through total distance travelled eg (a) Distance 25 Trime taken (minutes) (b) answer 25 (b) answer 55			B0ft B1ft
	Ignores the stationary parts			В0
	Do not follow through a graph above the eg (a) Distance 25 (miles) 20 15 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 Time taken (minutes)	e grid at	60	
	(b) answer 55			B0ft

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	360 – 110 or 250 or 360 – 110 – 110 or 140	M1	May be seen on diagram oe	
	3360 ÷ their 140 or 24 or 2640 (men) or 6000 (women)	M1dep	their 140 must be from 360 – 110 – 110 oe	
	8640	A1	SC2 4838 or 4839	
	Alternative method 2			
24	$100 - \frac{110}{360} \times 100$ or $100 - 30.5()$ or $100 - 30.6$ or $69.4(\%)$ or $69.5(\%)$ or $100 - \frac{110}{360} \times 100 - \frac{110}{360} \times 100$ or $100 - 30.5() - 30.5()$ or $100 - 30.6 - 30.6$ or $38.8(\%)$ or $38.9(\%)$	M1	May be seen on diagram oe	
	3360 ÷ (their 69.4 – their 30.5) or 3360 ÷ their 38.8() or 86.4	M1dep	their 69.4 must be from $100 - \frac{110}{360} \times 100$ their 30.5 must be from $\frac{110}{360} \times 100$	
	8640	A1	SC2 4838 or 4839	

Alternative method 3 and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Alternative method 3			
	$\frac{250}{360}x - \frac{110}{360}x = 3360$ or $m = \frac{110}{360} \times (m + 3360 + m)$ or $w = \frac{250}{360} \times (w + w - 3360)$	M1	Sets up a correct equation total (x), men (m) or wome oe	
24 cont	$x = 3360 \div \left(\frac{250 - 110}{360}\right)$ or $m = 336\ 000 \div 140$ or 2640 or $w = 840\ 000 \div 140$ or 6000	M1dep	oe	
	8640	A1	SC2 4838 or 4839	
	Additional Guidance			
	Condone 8639.9 → answer 8640			M2 A1
	2640 or 6000			M2
	4838 and 4839 come from 3360 women			SC2

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	40	B1	May be implied $eg \frac{2}{40}$	
	2 + x + 2x + 5 = their 40 or $3x + 7 = $ their 40 or (their $40 - 2 - 5$) ÷ 3 or $33 \div 3$	M1	oe equation eg $3x + 5 = 38$ (scores B1M1) their 40 must be an integer	
	(x =) 11	A1ft	ft B0M1 Does not have to be an integer Accept answer rounded or truncated to at least 2 sf	
25	27/40 or 0.675 or 67.5%	B1ft	Only ft evaluation of $\frac{2 \times \text{their integer } x + 5}{40}$ and 0 < answer < 1 Denominator must be 40 (may subsequently be simplified)	
	Alternative method 2			
	$\frac{2}{2+x+2x+5} = \frac{1}{20}$ or $\frac{x+2x+5}{2+x+2x+5} = \frac{19}{20}$	M2	oe equation	
	(<i>x</i> =) 11	A1		
	27 40 or 0.675 or 67.5%	B1ft	Only ft evaluation of $\frac{2 \times \text{their integer } x + 5}{40}$ and 0 < answer < 1 Denominator must be 40 (may subsequently be simplified)	

Alternative methods 3, 4 and Additional Guidance continue on the next two pages

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 3		
	$3x \rightarrow 100\% - 5\% - 12.5\%$ or $3x \rightarrow 82.5\%$	M1	Using 2 \rightarrow 5% and 5 \rightarrow 12.5% oe
	$x \to 82.5\% \div 3 \text{ or } x \to 27.5\%$	M1dep	oe
	$2x + 5 \rightarrow 2 \times 27.5\% + 12.5\%$	M1dep	oe
	27/40 or 0.675 or 67.5%	A1	
	Alternative method 4		
25 cont	$3x \to 1 - \frac{1}{20} - \frac{2.5}{20} \text{ or } 3x \to \frac{16.5}{20}$	M1	Using $2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{20}$ and $5 \rightarrow \frac{2.5}{20}$
			oe
	$x \to \frac{16.5}{20} \div 3 \text{ or } x \to \frac{5.5}{20}$	M1dep	oe
	$2x + 5 \rightarrow 2 \times \frac{5.5}{20} + \frac{2.5}{20}$	Madon	oe
	or $2x + 5 \to \frac{13.5}{20}$	M1dep	
	27/40 or 0.675 or 67.5%	A1	

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

	Additional Guidance					
	(Alt 1) $x = 6$ (no working) Answer $\frac{17}{40}$ (first B1 implied)	B1M0A0B1ft				
	(Alt 1) $2 + x + 2x + 5 = 20$ $x = \frac{13}{3}$ Answer $\frac{13.666}{20}$	B0M1 A1ftB0ft				
	Answer $\frac{13.5}{20}$	B1M1A1B0				
	11 by inspection or T & I scores the first 3 marks					
	Answer $\frac{2x+5}{40}$	B1M0A0B0				
25 cont	Answer $\frac{2x+5}{3x+7}$	Zero				
	Ratio eg 27 : 40	B1M1A1B0				
	Expressed only in words eg 27 out of 40	B1M1A1B0				
	27 out of 40 and $\frac{27}{40}$	B1M1A1B1				
	$\frac{27}{40}$ seen with incorrect change of form or incorrect cancelling					
	eg $\frac{27}{40}$ and answer 0.27	B1M1A1B1				
	Ignore chance words if $\frac{27}{40}$ seen					
	eg $\frac{27}{40}$ and answer Unlikely	B1M1A1B1				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
26(a)	x -2 -1 0 1 2 3 y 4 0 -2 -2 0 4	B2	B1 1 or 2 values correct		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance		
	5 or 6 points plotted correctly		Correct or ft their table in (a)		
	o or o pointe plotted deriveday	M1	Tolerance of ±1 small square Points can be implied by graph passing through them	9	
	Correct smooth parabolic curve and y -coordinate of minimum point in the range $-2.5 \le y \le -2.1$	A1	Tolerance of ±1 small square for the size correct points from the table No further tolerance for the minimum	X	
	Additional Guidance				
26(b)	Tolerance of ±1 small square means it shaded area	is on the	edges of or within the		
	Ignore extra points plotted				
	If their table in (a) has points that are be be able to be plotted correctly	e grid these points will not			
	Ignore any curve drawn for $x < -2$ or x				
	Curve passing through all correct points within tolerance			1	
	Ruled straight lines				

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
27	9.56 × 3 ¹⁰ 9563 9.56 × 10 ³ or 564 508 (.44) 9563 9560 with no incorrect evaluations seen	B2	B1 9.563 × 10 ³ or 9560 or 564 508 (.44) or 5.6(4 SC1 9.56 × 10 ³ 9563 with no incorrect eval	9.56 × 3 ¹⁰
	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	Allow numbers to be written in original or converted form or as a mi for B2 or SC1		rted form or as a mixture	
	Incorrect evaluation seen scores a ma	ximum of	B1	
28	$y-9 = \frac{x}{3}$ or 3y = x + 27 or 3y - 27 or 3(y-9) x = 3y - 27 or x = 3(y-9)	M1	A correct first step in rearranging or the correct rearrangement without $x = $ Accept $3y - 27 = x$ or $3(y - 9) = x$	
	Ad	lditional	Guidance	
	Accept $-27 + 3y$ for $3y - 27$ through			NA4A4
	x = 3y - 27 in working with answer $3y - 27$			M1A1
	x = (y - 9)3 (unless recovers)			M1A0
	x = y3 - 27 (unless recovers)			M1A0
	Multiplication signs are acceptable for M1 but not A1			
	$x = 3 \times y - 27$			M1A0
	$3 \times y = x + 3 \times 9$	M1		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	s
	$\sin 72 = \frac{x}{8}$ or $8 \times \sin 72$ or $\cos (90 - 72) = \frac{x}{8}$ or $8 \times \cos (90 - 72)$ or $\frac{x}{\sin 72} = \frac{8}{\sin 90}$ or $\frac{\sin 72}{x} = \frac{\sin 90}{8}$	M1	oe eg 8 cos 72 or 2.47 or 2. and $\sqrt{8^2 - (8\cos 72)^2}$	5
	[7.6, 7.61]	A1		
29	Additional Guidance			
	If trigonometry and Pythagoras are use that would lead to the correct value of x			
	Accept sin 72 × 8	M1		
	Accept opp or o for x eg sin 72 = $\frac{\text{opp}}{8}$	M1		
	$\sin = \frac{x}{8}$ or $\sin \theta = \frac{x}{8}$ (unless recovered	МО		
	Answer coming from scale drawing			M0A0
	Answer in range seen followed by 7 or	8		M1A1