# GCSE <br> Mathematics 

8300/2 - Paper 2 Foundation Tier

Mark scheme

June 2018

Version/Stage: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.

M dep $\quad$ A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe
Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b] Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b) $\quad$ Accept values $\mathrm{a} \leq$ value $<\mathrm{b}$
3.14... Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | $y+y$ | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | 0.32 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 3 | $5^{4}$ | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 4 | 8 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 5 | $\left(3^{6}=\right) 729$ seen or $(\sqrt{841}=) 29$ seen | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 700 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| 6(a) | School | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | School and 26 | B1 |  |
|  | 26 | B0 |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| 7(a) | $d+3$ or $3+d$ | B 1 | must be seen in (a) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Condone $e=d+3$ or $e=3+d$ | B 1 |  |
|  | $d=e-3$ | B 0 |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7(b) | $d-5$ | B 1 | must be seen in (b) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Condone $f=d-5$ | B1 |  |
|  | $d=f+5$ | B0 |  |


| 7(c) | their $(d+3)-$ their $(d-5)$ <br> or <br> $3--5$ <br> or <br> chooses values for $d, e$ and $f$ with $e 3$ <br> more than $d$ and $f 5$ less than $d$ and subtracts $f$ from $e$ <br> or <br> chooses values for $e$ and $f$ with $e 8$ <br> more than $f$ and subtracts $f$ from $e$ | M1 | oe eg $d+3-d+$ <br> ft their expressio terms of $d$ and at numerical term may be implied by | $d+5-d$ <br> and (b) if both in e has a $e-8$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | A1ft | correct or ft their if both in terms of numerical term | ons in (a) and (b) least one has a |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 8 |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | $(d=10) e=$,13 and $f=5$ and $13-5$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | Only condone missing brackets if recovered |  |  |  |
|  | $d+3-d-5$ and no recovery |  |  | M0 |
|  | $d+3-d-5$ and answer 8 |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | $d+3$ in (a), 5-din (b) and $2 d-2$ in (c) |  |  | (B1B0)M1A1ft |
|  | $3 d$ in (a), $d-5$ in (b) and $2 d+5$ in (c) |  |  | (B0B1)M1A1ft |
|  | $3 d$ in (a), $-5 d$ in (b) and $8 d$ in (c) |  |  | (BOBO)MOAO |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| 10 | 8 | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 11 | Any one of $\begin{array}{lrl} 123660 & 1339(65) & 1442(70) \\ 1545(75) & 164880 & 1751(85) \\ 185490 & 195795 & \end{array}$ | M1 | must be evaluated correctly number pairs may be shown separately eg$\begin{aligned} & 15 \times 3=45(\text { and } 15 \times 5=75) \\ & 16 \times 3=48 \text { and } 16 \times 5=80 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At least two of <br> 123660 1339(65) 1442(70) <br> 1545(75) 164880 1751(85) <br> 185490195795 <br> or <br> 18 and 54 and 90 | M1dep | must be evaluated correctly number pairs may be shown separately |  |
|  | 185490 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 185490 |  |  | M1M1A |
|  | The digits in brackets are not required for the M marks as duplication has already been shown but if seen must be correct |  |  |  |
|  | Answer 185490185490 |  |  | M2A1 |
|  | 185490 written in first three spaces with nothing else on the answer line |  |  | M2A1 |
|  | 185490 written in first three spaces followed by other numbers |  |  | M2A0 |
|  | For the final mark do not accept miscopies to the answer line |  |  |  |


| 12 | 315 | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 13(a) | $1.5 \times 7+0.5$ or $10.5+0.5$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $1.5 \times 7=10.5$ and $0.5 \times 7=3.5$ and $10.5+3.5=14$ |  |  | MOAO |
|  | $7 \times 1.5 r+0.5$ |  |  | MOAO |
|  | $7 \times 1.5 r+0.5$ and answer $11 r$ |  |  | MOAO |
|  | $7 \times 1.5 r+0.5$ and answer 11 (has recovered) |  |  | M1A1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 13(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $20-0.5 \text { or } 19.5$ <br> or $r=\frac{w-0.5}{1.5}$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | their $19.5 \div 1.5$ | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & (20-0.5) \div 1.5 \text { is M2 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 13 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 20 - their 11 from part (a) or 9 | M1 | implied by ' 6 extra cups (of rice)' |  |
|  | $7+($ their $9 \div 1.5)$ or $7+6$ | M1dep |  |  |
|  | 13 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 13 from incorrect working eg rounding $20 \div 1.5=13$ eg scaling 11 and rounding ie $20 \div 11 \times 7=13$ |  |  | MOMOAO |
|  | Brackets omitted ie $20-0.5 \div 1.5$, unless recovered |  |  | MOMOAO |
|  | $1.5 \times 13+0.5=20$, unless 13 selected |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $1.5 \times 13=19.5$, unless 13 selected |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | Trial and improvement, unless answer 13 |  |  | MOMOAO |

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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 14(a) | 2950.2745(00...) | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 2'950.2745 or 2,950.2745 |  |  | B1 |
|  | 2.950.2745 |  |  | B0 |
|  | Allow correct rounding or truncation once full value seen |  |  |  |


| 14(b) | 10 or $10^{2}$ or 100 or 30 | M1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \times 10 \times 30 \text { or } 10^{2} \times 30 \\ & \text { or } 100 \times 30 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep |  |  |
|  | $10 \times 10 \times 30=3000$ and Sensible or $10^{2} \times 30=3000$ and Sensible or $100 \times 30=3000 \text { and Sensible }$ | A1ft | ft their answer to part | for the decision |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 3000 (and Sensible) with no working |  |  | MOMOAO |
|  | Their decision must be based on part (a) unless new calculation shown in part (b) |  |  |  |
|  | $10^{2} \times 30=3000$ and $10^{2} \times 29=2900$ and Sensible |  |  | M1M1A1 |
|  | $10^{2} \times 30$ and $10^{2} \times 29$ and Sensible |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $10^{2} \times 29=2900$ and Sensible |  |  | M1M0A0 |
|  | ft should be Sensible if their part (a) is 3000 to 1 sf or vice versa eg (a) 295.02745 <br> (b) $10 \times 10 \times 30=3000$ and Not sensible |  |  | (B0)M1M1A1ft |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 15(a) | Any two of $(-2,-9),(-1,-7),(0,-5)$, $(1,-3),(2,-1),(3,1),(4,3),(5,5)$ | M1 | gives at least two correct pairs of coordinates, may be in a table implied by points plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At least two correct points plotted or at least two of their points plotted correctly | M1dep | implied by correct line which does not have to extend from $x=-2$ to $x=5$ $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square |
|  | Correct line from $(-2,-9)$ to $(5,5)$ | A1 | $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square <br> ignore ends of line outside $[-2,5]$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Ignore extra points that are incorrect |  |  |


| 15(b) | 3 | B1ft | correct or ft the intersection of their graph with the given graph <br> $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Answer 3 with or without correct graph |  |  | B1 |
|  | Answer (3, 1) |  |  | B0 |
|  | Answer ( $x=$ ) 3, $y=1$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | If their graph intersects the given graph at more than one point they need to give the correct $x$-coordinate of each point of intersection |  |  | B1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 16(a) | $180 \div 3$ or 60 | M1 | oe eg $60+60+60=1$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(180-28) \div 2$ or $152 \div 2$ or 76 | M1 | oe eg $76+76+28=1$ |  |
|  | 180 - their 60 - their 76 | M1dep | oe eg $44+60+76=$ dep on M1M1 |  |
|  | 44 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 60 or 76 seen in appropriate place on diagram or in working scores one mark for each |  |  |  |
|  | Answer 44 not from wrong working |  |  | M3A1 |
|  |  | 180-28 $\div 2$ unless recovered |  | 2nd M0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 16(b) | No and gives correct reason | B1 | eg <br> it should be $180-(360 \div 8)$ <br> it should be $1080 \div 8$ <br> this gives the exterior (not the interior) angle <br> it should be obtuse not acute <br> accept any unambiguous indication of No |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |
|  | A correct reason may be <br> 1. showing a correct method <br> 2. correction of her method (error and replacement shown) <br> 3. correction of her answer (answer and replacement shown) |  |  |  |  |
|  | No, It should be 135 not 45 |  |  | (3) | B1 |
|  | No, It should be 1080 not 360 |  |  | (2) | B1 |
|  | No, because the interior angles should be 1080 not 360 |  |  | (2) | B1 |
|  | No, she needs to subtract her answer from 180 |  |  | (1) | B1 |
|  | No, ((8-2) $\times 180) \div 8$ |  |  | (1) | B1 |
|  | No, It should be ( $(n-2) \times 180) \div 8$ (doesn't use $n=8)$ |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | Any numbers quoted must be correct but ignore other non-contradictory statements <br> eg No, It should be 720. She's worked out the exterior angle |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | No, There's not 360 in an octagon or No, Angles in an octagon do not add up to 360 |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | No, Interior angles add up to more than 360 |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | No, It should be 135 |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | No, It should be 1080 |  |  |  | B0 |
|  | No, 45 is the outside angle |  |  |  | B0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 17(a) | 270 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 17(b) | Alternative method 1 (working in cm) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | [6.3, 6.7] | B1 | implied by 1300 |
|  | $[2.5,2.9] \text { and }[1.8,2.2]$ <br> or $[4.5,4.9]$ | B1 | implied by 540 and 400 implied by 940 |
|  | their $6.5 \times 200$ or 1300 <br> and their $2.7 \times 200$ or 540 <br> and their $2 \times 200$ or 400 <br> or <br> their $6.5 \times 200$ or 1300 <br> and (their $2.7+$ their 2 ) $\times 200$ or 940 or <br> their $6.5 \times 200$ or 1300 <br> and their $4.7 \times 200$ or 940 | M1 | oe <br> 1300 and 540 and 400 implies B2M1 <br> 1300 and 940 implies B2M1 <br> distances must be exact if measurements not shown <br> if only one value used for $B C$ from the start, their 4.7 must be $>4$ and $<6$ |
|  | their 1300 - their 540 - their 400 or their 1300 - their 940 | M1dep | oe <br> may be implied by correct answer for their distances <br> their 940 must be $>800$ and $<1200$ |
|  | Correct answer for their 6.5 and their 2.7 and their 2 with all measurements seen or Correct answer for their 6.5 and their 4.7 with all measurements seen | A1ft | ft their measurements <br> their 4.7 must be $>4$ and $<6$ |

Mark scheme and additional guidance continues on the next page


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 18(a) | Positive | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Ignore descriptive words such as 'strong' or 'weak' or 'scattered' |  |  |


| 18(b) | Correct straight line which passes between $(10,35)$ and $(10,55)$ and between $(70,135)$ and $(70,155)$ | B1 | line must extend from 10 to 70 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Draws a vertical line from umbrella sales of $£ 60$ to meet their line or marks a point on their line of best fit corresponding to umbrella sales of £60 | M1 | their line / curve must be increasing may be implied by correct value for their line / curve |  |
|  | Correct value for their line | A1ft | ft their increasing line / curve <br> allow any reading within one vertical square <br> eg if their vertical line crosses their line of best fit in the first square above 125, allow $[125,130]$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | No increasing line / curve drawn |  |  | BOMOAO |
|  | Mark intention for straight line for B1 |  |  |  |
|  | The line may go through the coordinates of the gates but must not go above or below |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any parts of the line outside the range 10 to 70 |  |  |  |


| 19 | $x^{2}-4 x$ | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 2.5 | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 21(a) | $2 \times 4.2 \times \pi$ or $8.4 \pi$ | M1 | oe allow [3.14, 3.142] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | [26.376, 26.393] | A1 | may be implied by 26. | nswer |
|  | 26.4 | B1ft | ft their value to at leas correctly to 1 dp | rounded |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 26.4 |  |  | M1A1B1ft |
|  | 26.3 only |  |  | MOAOBOft |
|  | 55.4 only |  |  | MOAOBOft |


|  | Sector drawn correctly | B1 | two radii joined at the centre of the circle |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Mark intention | Diameter drawn | B1 |
|  | Any number of sectors (eg diameter and radius drawn) | B1 |  |
|  | Ends of radii joined to form segment with whole sector shaded | B1 |  |
|  | Ends of radii joined to form segment without whole sector shaded | B0 |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 22(a) | $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{2}{6}$ or $0.33 \ldots$ or $33 .(\ldots) \%$ on each top branch and $\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{4}{6}$ or $0.66 \ldots$ or 0.67 or 66.(...)\% or $67 \%$ on each bottom branch | B1 | accept any equivalent or percentage | decimal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Decimals must have at least 2 decimal places so do not accept 0.3 or 0.6 or 0.7 |  |  |  |
|  | Only accept the percentages shown, do not accept 30\% or 60\% |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore working around the edge of the diagram |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Less than 3 <br> 3 or more <br> Less than 3 <br> 3 or more | B1 |


| 22(b) | $\frac{1}{9}$ or $0.11 \ldots$ or $11 .(\ldots) \%$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Ignore probability words such as 'unlikely' or 'evens' |  |  |


|  | Accept equivalent answers eg $\frac{2}{18}, \frac{3}{27}, 0.1$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Do not accept 0.1 or $10 \%$ |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 24 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Any one of <br> $60000 \div 420000$ or $0.14 \ldots$ <br> or $14 .(\ldots) \%$ or $\frac{1}{7}$ <br> or <br> $480000 \div 420000$ or $1.14 \ldots$ <br> or $114 .(\ldots) \%$ or $\frac{8}{7}$ <br> or <br> $420000 \div 60000$ or 7 <br> or <br> $420000 \div 480000$ or 0.875 <br> or $87.5 \%$ or $\frac{7}{8}$ <br> or <br> $60000 \div 540000$ or $0.11 \ldots$ or <br> 11.(...) \% or $\frac{1}{9}$ <br> or <br> $540000 \div 60000$ or 9 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & \text { eg } 60000: 420000 \text { or } 1: 7 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 480000: 420000 \text { or } 8: 7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Any one of <br> $60000 \div 480000$ or 0.125 <br> or $12.5 \%$ or $\frac{1}{8}$ <br> or <br> $540000 \div 480000$ or 1.125 <br> or $112.5 \%$ or $\frac{9}{8}$ <br> or <br> $480000 \div 60000$ or 8 <br> or <br> $480000 \div 540000$ or $0.88 \ldots$ <br> or 0.89 or $88 .(\ldots) \%$ or $89 \%$ or $\frac{8}{9}$ | M1 | must be a matching pair (could be different forms) to award M2 (see A1 for list of matching pairs) oe eg $60000: 480000$ or 1:8 <br> or <br> $540000: 480000$ or $9: 8$ |

Mark scheme continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ and No <br> or <br> $\frac{8}{7}$ and $\frac{9}{8}$ and No <br> or <br> $0.14 \ldots$ and 0.125 and No <br> or <br> 14.(...)\% and 12.5\% and No <br> or <br> 1.14... and 1.125 and No <br> or <br> 114.(...)\% and $112.5 \%$ and No <br> or <br> 7 and 8 and No <br> or <br> $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{8}{9}$ and No <br> or <br> $\frac{1}{9}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ and No <br> or <br> 9 and 8 and No <br> or <br> $0.11 \ldots$ and 0.125 and No <br> or <br> 11.(...)\% and 12.5\% and No <br> or <br> 0.875 and $0.88 \ldots$ or 0.89 and No <br> or <br> $87.5 \%$ and $88 .(\ldots) \%$ or $89 \%$ and No | A1 | oe <br> eg 1:7 and 1:8 and No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Mark scheme continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No and any one of $\begin{aligned} & \frac{60000}{420000} \times 480000 \text { and } \\ & {[67200,68640]} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \frac{60000}{480000} \times 540000 \text { and } 67500 \end{aligned}$ <br> or $\frac{60000}{480000} \times 420000 \text { and } 52500$ <br> or $\frac{60000}{540000} \times 480000 \text { and }$ $\text { [52 800, } 53 \text { 334] }$ <br> or $\frac{420000}{480000} \times 540000 \text { and } 472500$ <br> or $\frac{480000}{420000} \times 480000 \text { and }$ <br> [547 200, 548 640] <br> or $\frac{480000}{540000} \times 480000 \text { and }$ <br> [422 400, 427 200] <br> or $\frac{540000}{480000} \times 420000 \text { and } 472500$ | B3 | oe <br> B2 any one of the calculations B1 any one of the fractions oe <br> for equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages see Alternative method 1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In Alt 1, for M2 the matching pair do not have to be in comparable form eg $14.3 \%$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ and No | M1M1A0 |
|  | For comparable fractions, they must be in their lowest terms or have the same numerators or the same denominators for the A1 <br> eg Alt $1 \frac{60000}{420000}$ and $\frac{60000}{480000}$ and No | M1M1A1 |
|  | For comparable ratios, they must be in their lowest terms or have the same LH sides or the same RH sides for the A1 <br> eg Alt $160000: 420000$ and $60000: 480000$ and No | M1M1A1 |
|  | If working with percentages, condone absence of \% symbol eg Alt 114 and 12.5 and No | M1M1A1 |
|  | Both are increases of 60000 and it is then over different amounts so cannot be the same percentage | MOMOAO |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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|  | Two different probabilities from <br> $\frac{15}{20}$ or 0.75 or $75 \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{22}{30}$ or $0.73 \ldots$ or $73 .(\ldots) \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{17}{40}$ or 0.425 or 0.43 <br> or $42.5 \%$ or $43 \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{54}{90}$ or 0.6 or $60 \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{37}{50}$ or 0.74 or $74 \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{32}{60}$ or $0.53 \ldots$ or $53 .(\ldots) \%$ <br> or <br> $\frac{39}{70}$ or $0.557 \ldots$ or 0.56 <br> or $55.7 \ldots \%$ or $56 \%$ | B2 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Additional guidance continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 25(a) <br> cont | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accept $\frac{108}{180}$ as one of the probabilities |  |
|  | Mark the answer line if it has two answers ignoring any incorrect probabilities in the working lines |  |
|  | Ignore any incorrect cancelling or change of form (fraction, decimal or percentage) |  |
|  | If the answer line only has one answer, check the working lines for a second answer for B2. Ignore any extra probabilities, unless incorrect, in which case award B1 max <br> eg Working lines $\frac{15}{20}$ Answer line $\frac{54}{90}$ <br> eg Working lines $\frac{15}{20}, \frac{5}{15}$ Answer line $\frac{54}{90}$ | B2 B1 |
|  | If the answer line is blank, check the working lines for answers for B1 or B2. Ignore any extra probabilities, unless incorrect, in which case award B1 max <br> eg Working lines $\frac{15}{20}, \frac{22}{30}, \frac{54}{90}$ Answer line blank <br> eg Working lines $\frac{15}{20}, \frac{5}{15}, \frac{54}{90}$ Answer line blank | B2 B1 |
|  | Probabilities must not be given as ratios |  |
|  | Do not accept the average of the given probabilities as answer |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 25(b) | Alternative method 1 (ft their part (a)) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Their probability with the greater number of trials <br> and valid reason eg More throws | B1ft | ft their two different probabilities from part (a) <br> both probabilities must have a denominator based on throws |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 (independent of part (a)) |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and valid reason eg Total throws | B1 | oe |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Accept any unambiguous indication of their probability eg the day |  |  |  |
|  | Using ratios |  |  | B0 |
|  | Ignore any non-contradictory statements |  |  |  |
|  | 60\% and lt's for all three days |  |  | B1 |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and lt takes into account more throws |  |  | B1 |
|  | $\frac{17}{40}$ (with $\frac{22}{30}$ also in (a)) and Because he threw it more on Wednesday |  |  | B1ft |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and Shows the overall probability |  |  | B1 |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and Probability over total throws |  |  | B1 |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ (with Wednesday probability in (a)) and It's the average total days, not just Wednesdays |  |  | B1ft |

Additional guidance continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 25(b) <br> cont | Correct ft probability or $\frac{54}{90}$ and It's more reliable | B0 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and There's a lot of data | B0 |
|  | $\frac{54}{90}$ and He throws 90 times | B0 |
|  | B0 |  |


| 26 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 22.5(0) and 4 <br> or <br> 27 and 8 <br> or <br> 31.5(0) and 12 <br> or <br> 36 and 16 <br> or <br> 40.5(0) and 20 <br> or <br> 45 and 24 <br> or <br> 30:16 <br> or <br> 45: 24 | M1 |  |
|  | 45 and 24 chosen | A1 | eg 45:24 is the final ratio seen |
|  | 6 | A1 |  |

Mark scheme and additional guidance continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $18+4.5 x$ and $4 x$ seen or $\frac{18+4.5 x}{15}=\frac{4 x}{8}$ | M1 | any letter <br> oe <br> sets up correct equation |  |
|  | $8(18+4.5 x)=60 x$ <br> or $144+36 x=60 x$ <br> or $24 x=144$ | M1dep | eliminates denominators oe |  |
|  | 6 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Answer 6 that is not from incorrect method |  |  | M1A1A1 |
|  | 45 and 24 followed by eg 49.5(0) and 28 (answer not 6) |  |  | M1A0A0 |
|  | Equivalent ratio to $15: 8$ that is not $30: 16$ or $45: 24$ eg $60: 32$ (answer not 6) |  |  | MOAOAO |
|  | Final calculation $\frac{15}{8} \times 24=45($ answer not 6$)$ |  |  | M1A1A0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 27 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4}{3} \pi \times 30^{3} \text { or } 36000 \pi \\ & \text { or [112 } 757,113112] \\ & \text { or } \\ & \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi \times 30^{3} \text { or } 18000 \pi \\ & \text { or [55 954, } 56839] \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe allow $1.33 \ldots$ for $\frac{4}{3}$ allow $0.66 \ldots$ or 0.67 for $\frac{2}{3}$ |
|  | their [112 757, 113112$] \div 4000$ or $9 \pi$ or $28 .(\ldots)$ <br> or <br> their [55 954, 56 839] $\div 4000$ <br> or $\frac{9 \pi}{2}$ or [13.9, 14.21] <br> or <br> their [112 757, 113112$] \div(4000 \times$ <br> 60 ) or $\frac{3 \pi}{20}$ or [0.46, 0.4713] <br> or <br> their [55 954, 56839$] \div(4000 \times 60)$ <br> or $\frac{3 \pi}{40}$ or $0.23 \ldots$ or 0.24 | M1dep |  |
|  | [13.9, 14.21] and Yes <br> or $0.23 \ldots$ or 0.24 and Yes | A1 |  |

Mark scheme and additional guidance continues on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 28(a) | 8.35 and 8.45 in the correct order | B1 8.35 on the left or 8.45 on the right <br> or 8.45 and 8.35 in the wrong order <br> accept $8.44 \dot{9}$ for 8.45 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| 28(b) | 41.75 and 42.25 | B1ft | correct or ft th from (a) <br> their 8.35 mu their 8.45 mu correct order accept 42.24 | (8.3, (8.4, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | ( $8.3,8.4$ ] does not include 8.3 but does include 8.4 <br> ( $8.4,8.5$ ] does not include 8.4 but does include 8.5 |  |  |  |
|  | Answer of 8.35 and 8.44 in part (a) leading to 41.75 and 42.2 |  |  | B1ft |
|  | Answer of 8 and 9 in part (a) leading to 40 and 45 |  |  | B0ft |

