GCSE
MATHEMATICS
8300/2H
Higher Tier Paper 2 Calculator
Mark scheme
November 2018
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## MARK SCHEME - GCSE MATHEMATICS - 8300/2H - NOVEMBER 2018

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.

M dep $\quad$ A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe
Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b] Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b) $\quad$ Accept values $\mathrm{a} \leq$ value $<\mathrm{b}$
3.14... Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | A and B | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | $(1,5)$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 3 | 1392781 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 4 | $130^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 5 | Pi or $\pi$ | B1 | accept a value in range [3.14, 3.142] |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Accept incorrect spelling if intention is clear eg accept pie | B0 |  |
|  | Answer $(C=) \pi d$ | B1 |  |
|  | Answer $(C=) \pi d \quad(k=) \pi$ |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 6(a) | $2.5 \times 12 \text { or } 30$ <br> and $7.5 \times 7 \text { or } 52.5$ <br> and $12.5(\times 1)$ <br> or $95$ | M1 | allow one incorrect midpoint or $[2,3] \times 12$ and $[7,8] \times 7$ and $[12,13](\times 1)$ ignore $t \geqslant 15$ row |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { their } 30+\text { their } 52.5+\text { their } 12.5}{12+7+1} \\ & \text { or } 95 \div 20 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | $t \geqslant 15$ product must be 0 if seen condone bracket error seen eg $30+52.5+12.5 \div 20$ |  |
|  | 4.75 | A1 | accept 4.8 or 5 if full working shown using correct midpoints |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Two correct from 30, 52.5 and 12.5 implies the first mark and could be used to score up to M2 |  |  | M1 |
|  | Midpoints used in the ranges $[2,3],[7,8]$ and $[12,13]$ must be seen eg <br> $2.5 \times 12$ and $7 \times 7$ and $12(\times 1)$ <br> or $3 \times 12$ and $7 \times 7$ and $13(\times 1)$ <br> NB These could be used to score up to M2 |  |  | M1 |
|  | Correct products seen in the table but a different method shown in the working lines eg $20 \div 4=5$ |  |  | M0 |


| $\mathbf{6 ( b )}$ | Lower than part (a) | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $35 x+6 x=a x$ or $35+6=a$ or $41 x=a x$ | M1 |  |  |
| $a=41$ | A1 |  |  |
| $40+3 b=13$ | M1 | oe |  |
| $b=-9$ | A1 | SC3 $a=41, b$ | $a=41, b=$ |
| Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 x+40+6 x+3 b \\ & \text { or } 41 x+40+3 b \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |  |
| $35 x+6 x=a x \text { or } 35+6=a$ <br> and $40+3 b=13$ | M1dep | oe eg $41 x=a x$ and $3 b=-27$ |  |
| $a=41$ | A1 | implies first M1 |  |
| $b=-9$ | A1 | SC3 $a=41, b$ | $a=41, b=$ |
| Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
| $a=41$ and $b=-9$ |  |  | M1A1M |
| $a=41$ or $b=-9$ |  |  | M1A |
| $35 x, 40,6 x$ and $3 b$ seen without addition signs shown or implied |  |  | M0 |
| $35 x+40+6 x+\boldsymbol{b}$ leading to an answer of $a=41$ and $b=-27$ |  |  | SC3 |
| $35 x+8+6 x+3 b$ leading to an answer of $a=41$ and $b=\frac{5}{3}$ |  |  | SC3 |
| $35 x+8+6 x+\boldsymbol{b}$ leading to an answer of $a=41$ and $b=5$ |  |  | M1A |
| $a=41 x$ |  |  | M0 |
| For $\frac{5}{3}$ accept $1.66 \ldots$ or 1.67 |  |  |  |
| Condone multiplication signs eg $35 \times x$ for $35 \times$ |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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Alternative methods and Additional Guidance continued on the next two pages

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 3 comparing with 14 litres per minute |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $180 \div 135 \text { or } 180 \div 7.5$ <br> or $79.8 \div 135 \text { or } 79.8 \div 7.5$ | M1 | oe or reciprocals |
|  | $\frac{7.5 \times 135}{180}$ or 5.625 <br> or $\frac{79.8 \times 180}{135} \text { or } 106.4$ | M1dep | oe or reciprocals |
|  | $\frac{79.8 \times 180}{7.5 \times 135}$ or [14.18, 14.19] | M1dep | oe |
|  | No and [14.18, 14.19] | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 4 comparing new rate of flow with rate required |  |  |
|  | $135 \div 180$ or $14 \div 180$ | M1 | oe or reciprocals |
|  | $\frac{14 \times 135}{180}$ or 10.5 | M1dep | oe |
|  | $79.8 \div 7.5$ or 10.64 | M1 | oe |
|  | No and 10.5 and 10.64 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 5 comparing with 135 degrees |  |  |
|  | $180 \div 14 \text { or } 180 \div 7.5$ <br> or $79.8 \div 14 \text { or } 79.8 \div 7.5$ | M1 | oe or reciprocals |
|  | $180 \div 14 \text { and } 79.8 \div 7.5$ <br> or $180 \div 7.5 \text { and } 79.8 \div 14$ | M1dep | oe or matching reciprocals |
|  | $\frac{79.8 \times 180}{7.5 \times 14}$ or 136.8 | M1dep | dep on M2 |
|  | No and 136.8 | A1 |  |

Additional Guidance continued on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No may be implied eg It takes more |  |
|  | 7.3(0) used for 7.5 may score up to M3 |  |
|  | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes converted to $7.3(0)$ or 7 minutes 50 seconds | A0 |
|  | Ignore incorrect conversion of 7.6 to minutes and seconds if 7.6 seen |  |
|  | Use the scheme that awards the most marks and ignore choice |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 x+5=6 x-10 \\ & \text { or } 4 x+5=10(x-4) \\ & \text { or } 6 x-10=10(x-4) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & \text { eg } 4 x+5+6 x-10=2 \times 10(x-4) \end{aligned}$ <br> condone $10 x-4$ for $10(x-4)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 x-6 x=-10-5 \\ & \text { or }-2 x=-15 \\ & \text { or } 4 x-10 x=-40-5 \\ & \text { or }-6 x=-45 \\ & \text { or } 6 x-10 x=-40+10 \\ & \text { or }-4 x=-30 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe collection of terms } \\ & \text { eg } 4 x+6 x-20 x=-80-5+10 \\ & \text { or }-10 x=-75 \\ & \text { condone } 10 x-4 \text { for } 10(x-4) \\ & \text { eg } 4 x-10 x=-4-5 \\ & \text { or } 6 x-10 x=-4+10 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | $(x=) 7.5$ | A1 | oe may be implied by (side length =) 35 or (perimeter =) 105 |
|  | $(6 \times \text { their } 7.5-10) \times 3$ <br> or $(4 \times \text { their } 7.5+5) \times 3$ <br> or $10 \times($ their $7.5-4) \times 3$ or $35 \times 3$ <br> or $6 \times$ their $7.5-10+4 \times$ their $7.5+5$ $+10 \times($ their $7.5-4)$ <br> or <br> $20 \times$ their $7.5-45$ <br> or <br> 105 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M1M1 <br> condone $10 x-4$ for $10(x-4)$ <br> must show working if M1M1A0 |
|  | 105 and Yes | A1 | oe eg 1.05 and Yes |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $4 x+5=6 x-10=10(x-4)$ |  | M1 |
|  | Condone 10x-4 for 10(x-4) for up to M3 |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 11 | 3.041... | M1 | condone 3. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.14-3.041 \ldots=0.09 \ldots \\ & \text { or } \\ & 3.041 \ldots+0.1=3.141 \ldots \\ & \text { or } \\ & 3.041 \ldots \text { and } 3.14-0.1=3.04 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | oe condone 3 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Must see calculation for the A mark |  |  |  |
|  | Do not allow use of a more precise value of $\pi$ for the A mark |  |  |  |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 14 | $3 n$ | B 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 15 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $45 \div(22+3)$ or $45 \div 25$ or 1.8 | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{45}{25}$ |
|  | $22 \times$ their 1.8 or 39.6 or $3 \times$ their 1.8 or 5.4 | M1dep |  |
|  | their $39.6 \times 8.96+$ their $5.4 \times 7.31$ or $[354,355]+[39,40]$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 394.29 or 394.3 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $45 \div(22+3)$ or $45 \div 25$ or 1.8 | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{45}{25}$ |
|  | their $1.8 \times 8.96$ or [16.1, 16.13] or their $1.8 \times 7.31$ or [13.1, 13.2] | M1dep |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their }[16.1,16.13] \times 22 \\ & + \text { their }[13.1,13.2] \times 3 \\ & \text { or }[354,355]+[39,40] \end{aligned}$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 394.29 or 394.3 | A1 |  |

Alternative method and Additional Guidance continued on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $45 \div(22+3)$ or $45 \div 25$ or 1.8 | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{45}{25}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \times 8.96 \text { or }[197,197.12] \\ & \text { or } \\ & 3 \times 7.31 \text { or }[21.9,22] \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their }[197,197.12] \times \text { their } 1.8 \\ & + \text { their }[21.9,22] \times \text { their } 1.8 \\ & \text { or }[354,355]+[39,40] \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe dep on M1M1 |
|  | 394.29 or 394.3 | A1 |  |
|  |  | itional | idance |
|  | Allow up to M2 even if not subseq | tly used |  |
|  | Ignore units throughout |  |  |


| 16(a) | 106 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 16(b) | $50-42 \text { or } 8$ <br> or <br> $\frac{42}{50}$ or $\frac{21}{25}$ or 0.84 or $84 \%$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{8}{50}$ or $\frac{4}{25}$ or 0.16 or $16 \%$ | A1 | oe |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect conversion if correct answer seen |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{8}{42}$ |  |  | M1A0 |


| 17 | could be even or odd | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 18(a) | $\frac{10}{10+7+3} \text { or } \frac{10}{20}$ <br> or $\frac{5}{10}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5 | M1 | oe eg 50\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{1}{8} \text { or } 0.125 \text { or } 12.5 \%$ | A1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{1000}{8000} \text { or } \frac{125}{1000}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect conversion if correct answer seen |  |  |  |
|  | Answer $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | 10 out of 20 |  |  | MO |
|  | 10:20 |  |  | M0 |
|  | Answer 1 out of 8 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Answer 1:8 is A0 but M1 is possible |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{lll}\frac{10}{20} & \frac{7}{20} & \frac{3}{20}\end{array}$ |  |  | M1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{6 n^{2}}{n}+2 n^{3} \text { or } 6 n+2 n^{3} \\ & \text { or } 6 n^{3}-6 n \end{aligned}$ | M1 | expands one bracket correctly allow $3 \times 2 n$ for $\frac{6 n^{2}}{n}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{6 n^{2}}{n}+2 n^{3}+6 n^{3}-6 n$ <br> or $6 n+2 n^{3}+6 n^{3}-6 n$ | M1dep | fully correct expansion allow $3 \times 2 n$ for $\frac{6 n^{2}}{n}$ |
|  | $8 n^{3}$ and (2n) ${ }^{3}$ | A1 | must have seen M1M1 oe eg $8 n^{3}$ and $2 n \times 2 n \times 2 n$ or $8 n^{3}$ and $\sqrt[3]{8 n^{3}}=2 n$ condone $8 n^{3}$ and $2^{3} n^{3}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Do not allow $\frac{2 n^{2} \times 3}{n}$ for $\frac{6 n^{2}}{n}$ |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 21(a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $y=\frac{k}{\sqrt{x}}$ | M1 | oe equation implied by $4=\frac{k}{\sqrt{9}}$ oe |  |
|  | $(k=) 4 \times \sqrt{9}$ or $(k=) 12$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | $y=\frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}$ | A1 | oe equation |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $k y=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ | M1 | oe equation implied by $4 k=\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}$ |  |
|  | $(k=) \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} \div 4 \quad$ or $\quad(k=) \frac{1}{12}$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | $\frac{1}{12} y=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ | A1 | oe equation |  |
|  |  | Itional | idance |  |
|  | Alt $1 \quad(k=) 12$ or ( $k \alpha$ ) 12 | correct | rking | M1M1 |
|  | Condone use of $\alpha$ for up to eg (Alt 1) <br> $y a \frac{k}{\sqrt{x}}$ <br> ka 12 <br> $y \propto \frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}$ |  |  | M1 <br> M1dep <br> A0 |
|  | $y=\frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}$ oe |  |  | M1M1A1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 21(b) | $\frac{12}{\sqrt{25}}$ or $\frac{\text { their } k}{\sqrt{25}}$ | M1 | oe <br> their $k$ from (a) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2.4 or $\frac{12}{5}$ or $2 \frac{2}{5}$ | A1ft | $\mathrm{ft} \frac{\text { their } k}{5}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $y<2.4$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & y=\frac{\frac{4}{3}}{\sqrt{x}} \text { in (a) } \\ & \frac{\frac{4}{3}}{\sqrt{25}} \\ & \left.\frac{4}{15} \text { (allow }[0.266,0.267]\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 <br> A1ft |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 23 | $-\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}$ | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 25 | $\tan 49=\frac{A C}{16}$ | M1 | oe eg $\tan (90-49)=\frac{16}{A C}$ or $A C^{2}+16^{2}=\left(\frac{16}{\cos 49}\right)^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\tan 49 \times 16$ or [18.4, 18.41] | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe eg } \frac{16}{\tan (90-49)} \\ & \text { or } \sqrt{\left(\frac{16}{\cos 49}\right)^{2}-16^{2}} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sin x}{\text { their }[18.4,18.41]}=\frac{\sin 35}{20} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \frac{\text { their }[18.4,18.41]}{\sin x}=\frac{20}{\sin 35} \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe eg $\frac{\sin x}{16 \tan 49}=\frac{\sin 35}{20}$ dep on 1st M1 |  |
|  | $\sin x=\frac{\sin 35}{20} \times$ their $[18.4,18.41]$ | M1dep | oe eg $\sin x=\frac{16 \tan 49 \sin 35}{20}$ <br> or $\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin 35}{20} \times\right.$ their $\left.[18.4,18.41]\right)$ <br> or $\sin ^{-1}$ [0.527, 0.528] <br> dep on 1st and 3rd M1 |  |
|  | [31.8, 31.9] | A1 | allow 32 with full method seen |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Answer [31.8, 31.9] possibly from scale drawing |  |  | 5 marks |
|  | Answer 32 possibly from scale drawing |  |  | Zero |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 26 | $\frac{x^{2}-2}{x^{2}-2+2}$ or $\frac{x^{2}-2}{x^{2}}$ | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{x^{2}}{x^{2}}-\frac{2}{x^{2}}$ or $1-\frac{2}{x^{2}}$ | A1 | implied by correct final answer must be two terms oe eg $x^{2} x^{-2}-2 x^{-2}$ |
|  | $1-2 x^{-2}$ <br> or $a=1$ and $b=-2$ and $n=-2$ | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 27 | $\frac{1}{64}=k^{3} \quad \text { or } \quad \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{64}}$ | M1 | oe equation in $k$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(k=) \frac{1}{4}$ or $(k=) 0.25$ | A1 | must see working for M1 implied by $y=\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{x}$ $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{3}=\frac{1}{64}$ is M1A1 |
|  | $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}=\frac{1}{2} \text { or } 0.25^{\frac{1}{2}}=0.5$ | A1 | must see working for M1A1 allow $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}=\frac{1}{2}$ or $\sqrt{0.25}=0.5$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 28(a) | 0.25 or $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{2}{8}$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ or $\mathrm{ms}^{-2}$ or $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ or $\frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{s}^{2}}$ | B1 | oe eg metres per second per second SC2 acceleration and unit not in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ eg $25 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ or $3240 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}^{2}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $\frac{2}{14-6}$ with no further simplification |  | (1st) B0 |


| 28(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times(v-2) \\ & \text { or } \frac{1}{2} \times(14-6) \times(v+v-2) \\ & \text { or }(14-6) \times(v-2) \\ & \text { or } \frac{1}{2} \times(14-6) \times 2 \text { or } 8 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe partial area any letter |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times(v-2) \\ & +\frac{1}{2} \times(14-6) \times(v+v-2) \\ & \text { or } 3(v-2)+8(v-2)+8 \\ & \text { or } 11 v-14 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe full area in one variable $\begin{aligned} & \text { eg } 14 \times v-\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times(v-2) \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times(6+14) \end{aligned}$ <br> implies M2 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times(v-2) \\ & +\frac{1}{2} \times(14-6) \times(v+v-2)=80 \end{aligned}$ <br> or $94 \div 11$ | A1 | oe <br> full area in one variable equated to 80 |
|  | $8.5(4 \ldots)$ or 8.55 or $\frac{94}{11}$ or $8 \frac{6}{11}$ | A1 |  |

Alternative method and Additional Guidance continued on the next page

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



