UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/03

Paper 3, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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	IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2	006	0452 B
			Co.
Quest	ion 1		ambridge
			190
	Salem A	nmed	100
	Trading and Profit and Loss Account		l 31 July 2006
	\$	\$	\$
Sale	·	89 500 (1)	Ψ

Question 1

Salem Ahmed Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 July 2006

Sales Less Sales returns Less Cost of Sales –	\$		\$ 89 500 <u>1 100</u>	(1) (1)	\$ 88 400	
Opening stock Purchases	65 700	(1)	10 260	(1)		
Less goods for own use	1 260	(1)	64 440 74 700			
Less Closing stock Gross Profit			8 400	(1)O/F	66 300 22 100	(1)O/F (2)
Discount received Bad debts recovered					610 170	(1) (1)
					22 880	,
Carriage outwards Discount allowed			210 600	(1) (1)		
Administration expenses Increase in provision for			21 215	(1)		
doubtful debts (180 – 130)			50	(1)		
Depreciation – Equipment			405	(1)		
Fixtures (7800 – 7250) Net loss			<u>550</u>	(1)	23 030 150	(1)O/F

Horizontal presentation acceptable

[Total 18]

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Question 2

(a)

	Journal						
		Debit	Credit				
		\$	\$				
1	Suspense Purchases	750 (1)	750 (1)				
2	Sabina Khan Robina Khan	250 (1)	250 (1)				
3	Suspense Bad debts Bad debts recovered	300 (1)	150 (1) 150 (1) *				

(b)

Suspense account

edoponeo decedin							
	\$				\$		
Purchases	750	(1)	Difference on trial b	alance	1450	(1)	
Bad debts	150	(1)					
Bad debts recovered	150	(1)*					
Balance c/d	400	• •					
	1450				1450		
	· <u></u>		Balance	b/d	400		

+ (1) for either bringing down closing O/F balance OR totalling each side to indicate that the account is now closed (based on O/F entries).

Alternative presentation

Suspense account

Caspones associate						
	Debit	Credit	Credit			
	\$	\$	\$			
Difference on trial balance		1450 (1)	1450 Cr.			
Purchases	750 (1)		700 Cr.			
Bad debts	150 (1)		550 Cr.			
Bad debts recovered	150 (1) *		400 Cr.			

+ (1) for either showing O/F closing balance in balance column, or showing account is closed by having zero as final balance.

Continued/

[7]

[5]

^{*} Alternatively allow a total of \$300 to bad debts account for (2) marks: the question is unclear in which financial year the debt was recovered.

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Question 2 Continued

(c) Answer to be based on answer to (b) -

If (b) shows a closing balance -

No (1)

If all the errors has been discovered the suspense account would be closed (1)

If (b) shows the account is closed -

Yes (1)

It is likely that the errors have been discovered as the suspense account is closed (1)

[2]

(d) Advantages of preparing a sales ledger control account (apart from helping locate errors when a trial balance does not balance) -

Provides instant total of debtors

Proves the arithmetical accuracy of sales ledger

Enables the Balance Sheet to be prepared quickly

Provides a summary of the transactions relating to debtors for the period

Provides an internal check on the sales ledger - may reduce fraud

Or other relevant points

Any 3 points (1) each

[3]

(e) A contra entry is where a transfer is made from an account of a person/business in the sales ledger to an account of the same person/business in the purchases ledger. This may occur when a person/business is both a customer and a supplier.

[2]

(f)

יי,				
		Item	Entry in sales ledger contro	l account
	(ii)	Bad debts	credit	(1)
	(iii)	Provision for doubtful debts	no entry	(1)
	(iv)	Interest charged on overdue account	debit	(1)

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[Total 22]

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Question 3

(a)

١,				
		Trading business	Non-trading organisation	
	(ii)	Net loss	Deficit (Or Excess of expenditure over income)	(1)
	(iii)	Capital	Accumulated fund	(1)
	(iv)	Profit and Loss Account	Income and Expenditure Account	(1)

[3]

(b) (i)

2005 Aug 1 Balance \$750 This represents the amount of subscriptions still outstanding Explanation from members for the financial year ended 31 July 2005 (1) Double entry Credit subscriptions account for the year ended 31 July 2005 (1) 2006 July 31 Bank \$5850 Explanation This is the total amount of subscriptions received from members during the financial year ended 31 July 2006 (1) (1) Double entry Debit bank account 2006 July 31 Income and Expenditure Account This is the total subscriptions which relate to the financial year Explanation ended 31 July 2006 (1) Credit Income and Expenditure Account (1) Double entry (ii) The significance of the \$900 shown at the end of the account This represents the amount paid by members during the financial year (1) ended 31 July 2006 but which relates to the following financial year.

It will appear as a current liability in the Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2006.

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Continued/

(1)

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	IGCSE - OCT/N	NOV 2006	045	2 100
Question	3 Continued			ambridge
(c)				Tage
(0)				8.
		Nil Sailing Club	404 24 1010 2006	
	Receipts and Payments Ac	count for the year end	ied 3 i July 2006	
2005	¢	2006		c

Question 3 Continued

El Nil Sailing Club Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 31 July 2006

2005			\$	2006			\$	
Aug 1	Balance	b/d	6 300 (1)	July 31	Purchase of boat	t	13 000	(1)
2006					Repairs to boat		90	(1)
July 31	Proceeds of sa	ale			Insurance		750	(1)
-	of boat		280 (1)		General expense	es	560	(1)
	Competition				Cost of competiti	on		
	entrance fe	es	690 (1)		prizes		420	(1)
	Subscriptions		5 850 (1)					
	Balance	c/d	1 700				14 820	
			14 820					
				2006				
				Aug 1	Balance	b/d	1 700	(1)O/F

[10]

[Total 21]

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Question 4

(a) (i) Matching OR Prudence

(ii) Matching

To ensure that the loss in value of fixed assets is spread over the period in which they are earning revenue.

OR

Prudence

To ensure that the profit is not overstated and the value of the fixed assets is not overstated.

(b)(i)

Motor vehicles account

		MOTOL VELL	icies acco	unt	
2004		\$	2005		\$
Oct 1	P. Drury -		Sept 30	Balance c/d	36 000
	KUA 468	20 000 (1)			
	VWU 503	<u>16 000</u> (1)			
		36 000			36 000
2005			2006		
Oct 1	Balance b/d	36 000	Apr 1	Disposals	16 000 (1)
				(VWU 503)	,
		36 000	Sept 30	Balance c/d	20 000
					36 000
					<u> </u>
2006		20 000			
Oct 1	Balance b/d	(1)			
		()			

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Questio	n 4 Continued						andridge
3,000.0							100
(b) (ii)							00
(b) (ii)	Pro	vision for depre	ciation of mo	tor vehicles acco	ount		Se. C.
(b) (ii) 2005	Pro	ovision for depre	ciation of mo	tor vehicles acco	ount	\$	- Se. Co

Question 4 Continued

	1101	ision for acprecia	20011 01 1110	tor vornoide adde	arit	
2005		\$	2005			\$
Sept 30	Balance c/d	9 000	Sept 30	Profit & Loss		
				KUA 468	5 000	
				VWU 503	4 000	<u>9 000</u> (2)
		9 000			<u> </u>	9 000
2006			2005			
Apr 1	Disposals	4 000 (2)	Oct 1	Balance b/d		9 000 (1)
	· (VWU 503)	` ,				Ò/F
Sept 30	Balance c/d	10 000	2006			
			Sept 30	Profit & Loss		<u>5 000</u> (1)
		14 000				14 000
			2006			
			Oct 1	Balance b/d		10 000 (1)
						Ò/F

(iii)

Disposal of motor vehicles account

2006		\$		2006		\$	
Apr 1	Motor vehicles	16 000	(1)	Apr 1	Prov. for Dep.	4 000	(1)
		(O/F				O/F
Sept 30	Profit & Loss	500	(1)		Remuera Traders	12 500	(1)
		(O/F				
		16 500				16 500	

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•	ion 4 Continued				Cambridge Co.
		Motor vehicle	s account		177
		Debit	Credit	Balance	
20	<u>14</u>	\$	\$	\$	

Question 4 Continued

Alternative presentation (b) (i)

		Debit	Credit	Balance
2004		\$	\$	\$
Oct 1	P. Drury –			
	KUA 468	20 000 (1)		20 000 Dr.
	VWU 503	16 000 (1)		36 000 Dr.
2006		` ,		
Apr 1	Disposals			
	(VWU 503)		16 000 (1)	20 000 Dr. (1)
	, ,		,	, ,

(ii) Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account [4]

		Debit		Credit		Balance	
2005		\$		\$		\$	
Sept 30	Profit & Loss						
·	KUA 468 5 000						
	VWU 503 4 000			9 000	(2)	9 000	Cr.(1) O/F
2006					` ,		` ,
Apr 1	Disposals						
·	· (VWU 503)	4 000	(2)			5 000	Cr.
Sept 30	Profit & Loss		` ,	5 000	(1)	10 000	Cr.(1) O/F
·					` ,		` ,

(iii) Disposal of motor vehicles account

Debit Credit Balance 2006 \$ \$ \$ Apr 1 16 000 **(1)** 16 000 Dr. Motor vehicles O/F Prov. for Dep. 4 000 (1)O/F 12 000 Dr. Remuera Traders 12 500 **(1)** 500 Cr. Profit & Loss Sept 30 000 (1) 0 O/F

+(1) for dates

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Quest	tion 4 Continued		`	Cally
(c)	Entries in Profit and Loss Account for the	e year ended 30 S	eptember 2006	Tide
	Depresiation of mater vehicles	\$ 5,000 dahit	(4) O/E	, con
	Depreciation of motor vehicles Profit on disposal of motor vehicle	5 000 debit 500 credit	(1) O/F (1) O/F	

Question 4 Continued

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[Total 20]

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Question 5

(a)

	Year ended 30 September 2006							
(i)	Current ratio	9100 : 7000	1.30 : 1	(1)				
(ii)	Quick ratio	5200 : 7000	0.74 : 1	(1)				
(iii)	Collection period for debtors	5 200 x 365 47 000 (1) 1	41 days	(1)				
(iv)	Payment period for creditors	4 200 x 365 39 000 (1) 1	40 days	(1)				

(b) All responses to be based on own figure calculations in (a)

Current ratio

Increase in current liabilities greater than the increase in current assets

Increase in bank overdraft

Increase in creditors

Decrease in stock

Decrease in debtors

Quick ratio

Greater proportion of current assets in form of stock

Increase in bank overdraft

Increase in creditors

Decrease in debtors

In each case any 1 correct point (1)

[2]

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Question 5 Continued

(c) All responses to be based on own figure calculations in (a)

Collection period for debtors Less efficient credit control Allowing longer credit to encourage sales Not allowing cash discounts

Payment period for creditors Shortage of liquid funds Knock-on effect of debtors taking longer to pay Suppliers not allowing cash discounts

In each case other suitable points accepted In each case – any 2 points (1) each

(d) Problems of inter-firm comparison –

Should compare with a business in same trade

Should compare with a business of approximately the same size

Should compare with a business of the same type (sole trader/partnership etc)

The accounts may be for 1 year only which will not show trends and may not be a typical year

The financial year may end on different dates and the period of time covered may be different

The businesses may operate different accounting policies

There may be differences which affect profitability and the items on the Balance Sheet

The accounts do not show non-monetary items, but these are important in the success of a business

It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

Or other suitable points

Any 3 correct points (2) each

[6]

[Total 18]

[4]