#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

# 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a) Cash Book (bank columns only)

(b) Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 August 2011

	\$	\$
Balance shown on bank statement (1)		(1 047) <b>(1)</b>
Add Amounts not credited – sales	490 (1)	
Bank error (1)	<u>50</u> (1)	<u>540</u>
		(507)
Less Cheques not yet presented –		/ / / /
Omega Supply Co		<u>284</u> (1)
Balance shown in cash book (1)		( <u>791</u> ) <b>(1) O/F</b>

## Alternative presentation

Bank Reconciliation S	tatement at 31	August 2011	
	\$	\$	
Balance shown in cash book (1)		(791) <b>(1) O/F</b>	
Add Cheques not yet presented –			
Omega Supply Co		<u>284</u> (1)	
		(507)	
Less Amounts not credited – sales	490 <b>(1)</b>	,	
Bank error (1)	<u>50</u> (1)	_54 <u>0</u>	
Balance shown on bank statement (1)	、,	$(\overline{1047})$ <b>(1)</b>	[8]

(c) 
$$\frac{1790}{15500}$$
  $\times \frac{365}{1}$  = 42.15 days = 43 days (1) [2]

(d) Unsatisfied if O/F in (c) over 30 days (1)

They are not receiving the amount due within the period of credit allowed (2)

Or

Satisfied if O/F in (c) is 30 days or below (1) They are receiving the amount due within the period of credit allowed (2)

(e) May be able to take advantage of cash discounts Improve the relationship with suppliers

Or other suitable comment

Any two points (1) each [2]

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(f) The business is deprived of the use of the money earlier than necessary

# Or other suitable comment

Any one point (1) [1]

(g) At the end of the period the chief cashier will make up the cash remaining so that it is equal to the imprest amount (2) [2]

(h)

		Debit or credit	Name of account
(i) (ii)	Total of sundry expenses column  Cash received to restore the imprest	Debit Credit (1)	Sundry expenses account  Cash account (cash book) (1)
(iii)	Cash received from employee for cost of personal telephone calls	Credit (1)	Telephone expenses account (1)

[4]

[Total: 29]

[Total: 22]

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2	(a)	Oasis Trading Co Ltd
	. ,	Balance Sheet at 31 August 2011

		Balance S	heet at 3	1 August 2	2011				
		n-current Assets at cost s Provision for depreciation	\$		\$		\$ 230 000 <u>69 000</u> 161 000 <b>(</b>	1)	
	Inve Pet Tra	rrent Assets entory ty cash de receivables ss Provision for doubtful debts	18 400 <u>368</u>	<u>1</u>	36 500 100	}	(	•,	
	Tra Bar Oth	rrent Liabilities de payables nk overdraft der payables – proposed	17 950 8 942	}(1) }	54 632				
		ividends (2 000 <b>(1)</b> + 6 000 <b>(1)</b> ) current assets	8 000	<u> </u>	<u>84 892</u>		<u>19 740</u> (	1)O/F	
		n-current Liabilities Debentures					20 000 ( 160 740	1)	
	5% Ord Ger	pital and Reserves Preference shares of \$1 each linary shares of \$0.50 each neral reserve (9 000 (1) + 3 000 rained profits (4 000 (1) + 4 740 (					40 000 ( 100 000 ( 12 000 8 740 160 740	•	
	Hoi	rizontal format acceptable							[14]
(b)		) 000 0 000 preference shares + \$50 0	000 ordina	ary shares	)				[2]
(c)	(i)	Debentures Long term loans Mortgage Any one comment (1)							[1]
	(ii)	Payment of fixed annual interest Creation of a further liability for <b>Any one comment (1)</b>			n				[1]
(d)	(i)	Included (1) Is an appropriation of the profit	for the ye	ear (1)					[2]
	(ii)	Not included (1) Is not a liability (1) OR it will have been paid during	g the yea	r (1)					[2]

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3 (a)

Journal	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Office equipment Office expenses (repairs to equipment) Computek Purchase of new computer and repairs to old computer	360 30	390	(1) (1) (1) (1)

[4]

**(b)** A double entry has been made for the transaction.

# Or suitable explanation

[2]

(c)

Journal	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Drawings Purchases Goods taken at cost price for personal use	400	400	(1) (1) (1)

[3]

(d) Goods for personal use have been removed from those for re-sale. This will reduce the amount owed by the business to the owner.

# Or other suitable explanation

[2]

(e)

Journal	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Income statement Provision for doubtful debts Creation of provision for doubtful debts	200	200	(1) (1) (1)

[3]

(f) Creating a provision for doubtful debts ensures that the profit is not overstated (1) the trade receivables are not overstated in the balance sheet (1)

## Or other suitable explanation

[2]

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(g) Obtain references from new credit customers

Fix a credit limit for each customer

Issue invoices and statements promptly

Follow up overdue accounts promptly

Supply goods on a cash basis only

Refuse further supplies until outstanding balance is paid

# Or other suitable points

# Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

(h)

		Increase	Decrease	No effect
(i)	Total expenses for the year	<b>√</b> (1)		
(ii)	Profit for the year		<b>√</b> (1)	
(iii)	Closing credit balance on capital account		<b>√</b> (1)	
(iv)	Amount owing by trade receivables			<b>√</b> (1)

[4]

[Total: 22]

# **4 (a)** Deira Road Sailing Club Shop Income Statement for the year ended 30 September 2011

	\$	\$
Receipts from sales		5 492 <b>(1)</b>
Less Cost of sales		
Opening inventory	270 <b>(1)</b>	
Purchases (3 150 (1) + 340 (1))	3 490	
	3 760	
Less Closing inventory	<u>310</u> (1)	
	3 450	
Shop assistant's wages	480 <b>(1)</b>	
Shop rent (25% × 2 600)	<u>650</u> (1)	<u>4 580</u>
Profit for the year		912 <b>(1)O/F</b>

Horizontal format acceptable

[8]

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(b) Deira Road Sailing Club
Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 September 2011

	\$	\$
Income		
Subscriptions (3 060 (1) - 450 (1) - 360(1	( <b>)</b> )	2 250
Profit for the year on the shop		912 <b>(1)O/F</b>
Sailing competition – Entrance fees	586 <b>(1)</b>	
Less expenses	<u>292</u> (1)	<u>294</u>
		3 456
Expenditure		
Wages sailing tutor	940 <b>(1)</b>	
Rent (75% × 2 600)	1 950 <b>(1)</b>	
General expenses (230 (1) + 26 (1))	256	
Insurance (800 <b>(1)</b> + 190 <b>(1)</b> – 200 <b>(1)</b> )	790	
Depreciation of equipment		
$(20\% \times (4\ 400\ +\ 1\ 500))$	1 180 <b>(2)</b>	5 116
Deficit for the year	、,	1 660 <b>(1)O/F</b>
•		、 /

## Horizontal format acceptable

[16]

[Total: 24]

# 5 (a) Less risk of errors

Less risk of fraud

Easier to refer to previous transactions Financial position can be ascertained Easier to prepare financial statements Easier to make business decisions Easier to calculate accounting ratios

## Or other acceptable point

## Any two points (2) each

[4]

## (b) (i) Calculation of credit sales

	\$	
Cheques received from customers	7 995 <b>(1)</b>	
Discounts allowed	205 (1)	
Bad debts written off	180 <b>(1)</b>	
Amounts owing on 31 July 2011	<u>8 020</u> (1)	
	16 400	
Less Amounts owing on 1 August 2010	<u>7 450</u> <b>(1)</b>	
Credit sales	<u>8 950</u> <b>(1)O/F</b>	[6]

## (ii) Calculation of credit purchases

	\$
Cheques paid to suppliers	3 920 <b>(1)</b>
Discounts received	80 <b>(1)</b>
Amounts owing on 31 July 2011	<u>5 550</u> <b>(1)</b>
	9 550
Less Amounts owing on 1 August 2010	<u>4 390</u> <b>(1)</b>
Credit purchases	<u>5 160</u> <b>(1)O/F</b>

[5]

## Alternative calculations on next page

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## (b) Alternative presentations

(i) Credit sales

Total trade receivables account

		\$			\$	
2010			2011			
Aug 1	Balance b/d	7 450 <b>(1)</b>	July 31	Bank	7 995	(1)
2011				Discounts allowed	205	(1)
July 31	Sales *	8 950 <b>(1)O/F</b>		Bad debts	180	(1)
				Balance c/d	<u>8 020</u>	(1)
		<u>16 400</u>			<u>16 400</u>	
2011						
Aug 1	Balance b/d	8 020				

# Three column running balance account acceptable

[6]

(ii) Credit purchases

Total trade payables account

	\$			\$
2011 July 31 Bank Discounts received	3 920 <b>(1)</b> 80 <b>(1)</b>	2010 Aug 1 2011	Balance b/d	4 390 (1)
Balance c/d	5 550 (1) 9 550	July 31 2011	Purchases *	5 160 9 550
		Aug 1	Balance b/d	5 550

# Three column running balance account acceptable

[5]

(c) To apply the prudence principle (1)

To avoid overstating the assets (1)

To avoid overstating the profit for the year (1)

# Or other relevant comment

Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

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(d)

		overstated		overstated understated		no effect
(i)	net profit for the year ended 31 July 2010	<b>√</b>	\$ 250	_	\$ -	-
(ii)	capital employed at 31 July 2010	<b>√</b> (1)	250 <b>(1)</b>			
(iii)	gross profit for the year ended 31 July 2011			√ (1)	250 <b>(1)</b>	
(iv)	current assets at 31 July 2011					√ <b>(2)</b>

[6]

[Total: 23]