1 hour 45 minutes





# **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
ACCOUNTING		0452/21
Paper 2		May/June 2014

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.



\$

1 The financial year of Nasir Manufacturing Limited ends on 31 January.

The following information is available.

At 1 February 2013		Ψ
Plant and machinery	at cost	94 000
Office fixtures and ed	quipment at cost	34 000
Loose tools at valuat	ion	2650
Provision for depreci	ation of plant and machinery	33840
Provision for depreci	ation of office fixtures and equipment	12240
Inventories:	Raw materials	23 500
	Work in progress	11020
	Finished goods	18 100
For the year ended 31 Ja	nuary 2014	
Revenue	,	539 000
Purchases:	Raw materials	124600
	Finished goods	16900
Purchases returns:	Finished goods	200
Wages and salaries:	Factory workers	136 000
_	Factory supervisors	31400
	Administrative and sales staff	61 500
Expenses:	Direct expenses	16300
	General factory expenses	19208
	General office expenses	8 9 0 0
Rates and insurance		6 3 6 0
Additional information		

On 31 January 2014

Inventories:	Raw materials	26 100
	Work in progress	12060
	Finished goods	19300
Direct wages ac	2200	
Sales staff wage	es accrued	380
Rates prepaid		120

- The rates and insurance are to be apportioned 3/4 to the factory and 1/4 to the office. 2
- 3 The plant and machinery and office fixtures and equipment are being depreciated at 20% per annum using the reducing (diminishing) balance method.
- During the year ended 31 January 2014 loose tools costing \$310 were purchased. 4 On 31 January 2014 loose tools were valued at \$2740.

# **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the manufacturing account of Nasir Manufacturing Limited for the year ended 31 January 2014.

Nasir Manufacturing Limited
Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 January 2014
[4.4]
[14]

4

Nasir Manufacturing Limited

**(b)** Prepare the trading account section of the income statement of Nasir Manufacturing Limited to show the gross profit for the year ended 31 January 2014.

Income Statement for the year ended 31 January 2014.
[6]
[Total: 20]

**2** Leroy Smith is a trader. His financial year ends on 31 March.

He provided the following information about stationery for the year ended 31 March 2014.

2013			\$
April	1	Inventory of stationery	144
June	30	Purchased stationery and paid by cheque	368
Aug	1	Took stationery for personal use	26
2014			
Mar	31	Inventory of stationery	92

## **REQUIRED**

(a) Write up the stationery account as it would appear in Leroy Smith's ledger for the year ended 31 March 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 April 2014.

# Leroy Smith Stationery account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
		•••••			**********
		•••••			**********
		•••••			**********
	•••••				
					[6]

b)	Explain h stationery		entity	principle	has	been	applied	in	the	preparation	of t	the
												コン

Leroy Smith maintains one combined account for rent and rates. He provided the following information for the year ended 31 March 2014.

On 1 April 2013 two months' rates, totalling \$380, were prepaid and one month's rent, \$260, was accrued.

During the year ended 31 March 2014 the following payments were made by cheque:

Rates 13 months to 30 June 2014 Rent 13 months to 31 March 2014 \$ 2470 3380

# **REQUIRED**

(c) Write up the rent and rates account as it would appear in Leroy Smith's ledger for the year ended 31 March 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 April 2014.

# Leroy Smith Rent and rates account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
					•••••
					•••••
				***************************************	
				***************************************	
***********		•••••			**********
					**********
				***************************************	•••••

[6]

Explain how the accruals (matching) principle has been applied in the preparation of the ren and rates account.

(e)	Define the follow	ing terms.			
	Capital receipts				
	Capital expenditu	re			
	Revenue receipts	3			
	Revenue expendi	iture			
					[4]
(f)	On 31 March 20 recorded as capi		discovered that	an item of rever	nue expenditure had been
	Complete the foll of this error on the				umns to indicate the effect
	non-curre at 31 Ma	ent assets rch 2014	profit for the 31 Marc	year ended ch 2014	
	Overstated	Understated	Overstated	Understated	
					[2]

[Total: 22]

(a)	(i)	Describe the straight line method of depreciation.
		[1]
	(ii)	State the circumstances when this method of depreciation may be used.
		[1]
(b)	(i)	Describe the reducing (diminishing) balance method of depreciation.
		[1]
	(ii)	State the circumstances when this method of depreciation may be used.
		[1]
(c)		te which of the above methods of depreciation would be most appropriate to use for <b>each</b> ne following non-current assets.
	1 C	omputer equipment
	2 B	uildings
	3 M	lotor vehicle [3]
(d)	(i)	Describe the revaluation method of depreciation.
		[1]
	(b)	(ii) (b) (i) (c) Star of the s

	(ii)	State the circumstances when this method of dep	reciation may be used.
			[41]
			[1]
	(iii)	Suggest one non-current asset which may be dep	preciated using this method.
			[1]
	-	eo is in business. His financial year ends on 30 each year.	April. He depreciates his non-current
On	1 Ma	lay 2013 the balances in Tony Yeo's ledger include	d the following:
		uipment at cost 86 ovision for depreciation of equipment 32	00
		uipment is being depreciated at 20% per annum us e date of purchase. No depreciation is to be charge	•
On	31 O	October 2013 equipment which had cost \$2000 on	1 May 2011 was sold for \$750 cash.
On	1 No	ovember 2013 equipment costing \$3400 was purch	nased on credit from New2You.
RE	QUIF	RED	
(e)		ite up the following accounts in the ledger of Tony lance the accounts where necessary and bring the	
		Tony Yeo Equipment account	
			[0]
			[3]

[Total: 22]

# Provision for depreciation of equipment account Disposal of equipment account

4 The financial year of LWS Limited ends on 30 April.

The following information was available on 30 April 2014.

Paid-up share capital 140 000 ordinary shares of \$0.50 each 50 000 6% preference shares of \$1 each

Loan capital 30 000 5% debentures of \$1 each

On 1 May 2013 the retained profits amounted to \$7500.

On 1 November 2013 debenture interest for the period 1 May to 31 October 2013 was paid.

On 29 April 2014 the annual preference share dividend was paid.

On 30 April 2014 debenture interest for the period 1 November 2013 to 30 April 2014 was accrued.

On 30 April 2014 the directors recommended a transfer of \$4000 to a general reserve and a payment of an ordinary share dividend of 8%.

The profit for the year ended 30 April 2014 **before** interest amounted to \$18600.

# **REQUIRED**

(a)	Calculate the following.	
	Total debenture interest for the year (in \$)	
	Preference share dividend paid (in \$)	
	Ordinary share dividend to be paid (in \$)	
		[3]
(b)	State why the company made a transfer to general reserve.	
		[1

(c)	Cal	culate the profit retained in the year.
		[5]
	•••••	
(d)		pare the capital and reserves section of the statement of financial position of LWS Limited 80 April 2014.
		LWS Limited Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2014
	Cap	pital and reserves
		[4]
		[4]
(e)		me the section of the statement of financial position of LWS Limited at 30 April 2014 in the characteristics and the statement of financial position of LWS Limited at 30 April 2014 in the characteristics are stated as the characteristics and the characteristics are stated as th
		[1]
(f)	(i)	Name the section of the statement of financial position of LWS Limited at 30 April 2014 in which debenture interest would appear.
		[1]
	(ii)	State the amount of debenture interest which would appear in the statement of financial position of LWS Limited at 30 April 2014.
		[1]
		[Total: 16]

Question 5 is on the next page.

**5** Uzma Khan runs a dress-making business. She maintains a full set of accounting records. Her financial year ends on 28 February.

On 28 February 2014 she opened a suspense account and entered a credit balance of \$2027.

### **REQUIRED**

a) State <b>two</b> reasons why it was necessary for U	Izma Khan to open a suspense account.
1	
2	
	[2]
a)	State <b>two</b> reasons why it was necessary for U  1  2

Uzma Khan discovered the following **errors** had been made in her accounting records.

- 1 Rent of premises, \$250, had been debited to the rent account as \$520.
- 2 \$400 withdrawn from the bank for personal use had been debited to the wages account.
- 3 The total of the discount allowed column in the main cash book, \$43, had not been transferred to the discount allowed account in the ledger.
- 4 \$2000 received from Amina had been credited to the account of Mona as \$200.

# **REQUIRED**

**(b)** Prepare the entries in Uzma Khan's journal to correct the four errors on **page 14**. Narratives **are** required.

# Uzma Khan

Journal		
	Debit \$	Credit \$
		***************************************
		***************************************
		***************************************
		••••••
		•••••

[13]

(c) Complete the table below to show what effect **each** of the four errors on **page 14** had on Uzma Khan's profit for the year ended 28 February 2014.

The first one has been completed as an example.

	Effect on profit for the year				
Error	Overstated \$	Understated \$	No effect		
1		270			
2					
3					
4					

[6]

[Total: 21]

Question 6 is on the next page.

6 Maria Khumalo is a trader. Her financial year ends on 31 March.

She provided the following summary of her assets and liabilities on 31 March 2014.

	\$	\$
Capital	145 000	
Profit for the year	<u>35 000</u>	180 000
Trade payables		36 800
Bank overdraft		12 200
Short term loan		5 000
		234 000
Non-current assets		175 000
Inventory		21 500
Petty cash		100
Trade receivables		<u>37 400</u>
		<u>234 000</u>
the year ended 31 March 2014:		
		\$
Revenue		450 000
Cost of sales		310 000
Expenses		105 000

Maria Khumalo wishes to compare the performance of her business for the year ended 31 March 2014 with that of the previous financial year.

# **REQUIRED**

For

(a) Complete the table below to show the ratios for Maria Khumalo's business for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Calculations should be correct to **two** decimal places.

You may use the space on the following page for your workings.

Ratio	Year ended 31 March		
Ratio	2013	2014	
percentage of gross profit to revenue (sales)	28.10%	%	
percentage of profit for the year to revenue (sales)	10.25%	%	
current ratio	1.95 : 1		
quick ratio	0.90 : 1		

[8]

	Workings	
(b)	Suggest <b>two</b> reasons for the change in the percentage of gross profit to revenue (sales).	
	1	•••
		•••
	2	
		2]
		د]
(c)	State the year in which Maria Khumalo had better control over her expenses. Give a reason for your answer.	
	Year ended 31 March	
	Decem	
	Reason	•••
		•••
		3]
	O 4! O(-1) 1 (-)	

Question 6(d) and (e) are on the next page.

(d) Complete the following table by placing a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the correct column to show how **each** of the following transactions would affect the current ratio.

The first one has been completed as an example.

	Increase	Decrease	No effect
Receipt of long term loan	<b>√</b>		
Cheque paid to credit supplier			
Goods taken for own use			
Purchase of non-current asset on credit			

[3]

Give a reason for your answer.	
Satisfied?	
Reason	
	•••••
	[3]

(e) State whether Maria Khumalo would be satisfied with the change in her liquidity position.

[Total: 19]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.