CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

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- **1** (a) B
 - (b) C
 - **(c)** D
 - (d) C
 - (e) C
 - **(f)** A
 - **(g)** D
 - (h) A
 - (i) A
 - (j) C (1) each

[10]

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2 (a) Capital = assets – liabilities (1)OR other acceptable version of formula

[1]

(b)

	Debit entry	Credit entry				
1	Bank account	\$ 10 000		Capital account	\$ 10 000	
2	Motor vehicles account	6 500	(1)	Capital account	6 500	(1)
3	Purchases account	2000	(1)	Zed account	2000	(1)
4	Rent account	3 000	(1)	Bank account	3000	(1)

[6]

(c) Can withdraw more from bank than put in/can have overdraft (1) Cannot take more cash than is physically present (1)

[2]

(d)

Arun Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Rupa (account in purchases ledger)	37		(1)
Rupa (account in sales ledger)		37	(1)

[2]

(e) Save on administration costs (1)

The debt can be settled by using one cheque only (1)

[2]

(f)

Applying the same accounting treatment to similar items at all times	Consistency
Assuming a business will continue to operate indefinitely	Going concern (1)
Expressing transactions in monetary terms	Money measurement (1)

[2]

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(g)

	Debit	Credit
Rent receivable		✓
Sales returns	√(1)	
Inventory	√(1)	
Discount allowed	√(1)	
Provision for depreciation		(1)

[4]

[Total: 19]

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3 (a)

Advertising account \$ \$ 2013 2014 Nov Bank/cash 450 **(1)** Aug 31 Income Statement 915 **(1)OF** 1 2014 Balance c/d 155 (1)CF May Bank/cash 620 **(1)** 1070 1070 2014 Sept 1 Balance b/d 155 **(1)OF**

+ (1) dates [6]

(b)

Book of prime entry	Source document	
Sales journal	Sales invoice	(1)
Purchases journal	Purchases invoice	(1)
Sales returns journal	Credit note issued	(1)
Purchases returns journal	Credit note received	(1)
Petty cash book	Voucher/receipt	(1)
Cash book	Cheque counterfoil/cheque/receipt/paying-in slip	(1)

[6]

(c) Reduces the number of entries in the ledger

Acts as an aid for posting to the ledger

Helps to gather and summarise accounting information/facilitate preparation of control accounts

Groups together similar types of transactions Allows work to be divided between several people

Any 1 reason (2) [2]

(d)

Account(s) to be debited			Account(s) to be credited		
	\$			\$	
Amber Retail	100	(1)	Sales	187	(1)
Business Supplies	65	(1)			
Custom Print	22	(1)			

[4]

[Total: 18]

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4 (a)

Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Sales returns Purchases returns Suspense	80 80	160	(1) (1) (1)
Motor vehicle expenses Motor vehicles	150	150	(1) (1)
Suspense Purchases	100	100	(1) (1)
Drawings Purchase	55	55	(1) (1)

[9]

(b)

	St	ıspen	se Account		
	\$			\$	
Difference on			Sales returns	80	(1)
Trial balance	60		Purchase returns	80	(1)
Purchases	100	(1)			
	160			160	

[3]

(c) Error of principle (1)

[1]

[Total: 13]

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5 (a)

		Sales ledger	control	acco	unt	Φ.
2013		\$	2014			\$
July 1 2014	Balance b/d	4 100 (1)	June	30	Sales returns Cash/bank	1 001 (1) 45 702 (1)
June 30	Sales	48 610 (1)			Discount allowed	890 (1)
	Interest	77 (1)			Bad debts	274 (1)
		52787			Balance c/d	4 920 52 787
2014	Dolonoo h/d	4,020 (4)05				
July 1	Balance b/d	4920 (1)OF				
		Purchases ledge \$	er contr	ol ac	count	\$
2014		Ψ	2013			Ψ
June 30	Purchases returns	910 (1)	July	1	Balance b/d	3 161 (1)
	Cash/bank Discount received	37 691 (1) 663 (1)	2014 June	30	Purchases	39 101 (1)
	Balance c/d	2998	Julie	30	Fulcilases	39 101 (1)
		42 262				42 262
		_	2014			
			July	1	Balance b/d	2998 (1)OF

(b)

	Book of prime entry	
Credit sales	Sales journal	(1)
Returns of credit purchases	Purchases returns journal	(1)
Receipts from credit customers	Cash book	(1)
Bad debts written off	Journal	(1)
Interest charged on overdue accounts	Journal	(1)

[5]

[14]

(c)

2014			Provision for \$	doubtfu	l deb	ets account	\$	
June	30	Balance c/d (5%×4920)	246 (1)OF	July 2014	1	Balance b/d	205 (1)	
		,	246	June	30	Income statement	41 (1)OF	
				2014 July	1	Balance b/d	246 (1)OF	[4]

(d) The provision was \$246 **OF** but the actual bad debts were higher. (1) The provision may not be adequate. (1)

Comment to be based on OF provision in (c)

[2]

[Total: 25]

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6 (a) The partnership was making losses

The drawings exceeded the partners' profit share, interest and salary

Any 1 reason (2)

[2]

(b)

	\$	\$
Fixtures and fittings (100 000 – 10 000)	90 000 (1)	
Delivery van (40 000 - 12 000)	28 000 (1)	
Inventory	56400 }	
Trade receivables	<u>19000</u> }(1)	193 400
Bank	6 600 (1)	
Trade payables	<u>25400</u> (1)	32000
Net assets at 31 December 2013		161400 (1)CF

[6]

(c)

Net assets at 31 December 2013	\$	\$ 161 400	(1)OF
Add Drawings – Dina	18 000 }(1)		() -
Lee	17000 }	35 000	
		196 400	
Less Net assets 1 January 2013		150 000	(1)
Profit for the year		46400	(1)OF

[4]

(d)

Dina and Lee

Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2013

Dina 7700 **(1)OF** Lee 7700 **(1)OF** 15400

[6]

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(e)								
. ,			Curre	ent Acco	ounts			
		Dina	Lee				Dina	Lee
		\$	\$				\$	\$
2013				2013				
Jan 1 Balance b/d	(1)	5200	4800	Dec 31	Interest on capital	(1)OF	10 000	6000
Dec 31 Drawings	(1)	18000	17 000		Salary	(1)		15000
Balance c/d			6900		Share of Profit	(1)OF	7700	7700
					Balance c/d		5500	
		23 200	28700				23 200	28700
2014				2014				
Jan 1 Balance	(1)OF	5500		Jan 1	Balance b/d	(1)OF		6900

[7]

(f) 1 (56400 + 19000) (1) : (6600 + 25400) (1)

= 75400 : 32000 = 2.36 : 1 (1)OF

19000 **(1)**: (6600 + 25400) **(1)**

= 19000 : 32000 = 0.59 : 1 **(1)OF**

[6]

(g) (i) Holding excessive inventory/increase in inventory (1)

Reduction in bank balance because of one of the following (1)

Purchase of non-current assets OR increase in partners' drawings OR repayment of long term loan

Answer to be appropriate to ratio calculated in (f) Part 2

[2]

(ii) Cannot meet debts when due

Cannot take advantage of cash discounts

Cannot take advantage of business opportunities as they arise

May have difficulty in obtaining further supplies

Or other suitable comments based on answer to (f) Part 1

Any 1 comment (2)

[Total: 35]

[2]