0452/13





Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

| CANDIDATE NAME | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|---------------------|--|--|
| CENTRE NUMBER | | | CANDIDATE NUMBER | | |

ACCOUNTING

Paper 1 May/June 2015
1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



There are 10 parts to Question 1.

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

| 1 | (a) | Wha | at is the purpose of accounting? | | |
|---|-----|------|--|-------|-----|
| | | A | to ensure the cash book balance agrees with the bank state | ement | |
| | | В | to know how long trade receivables take to pay | | |
| | | С | to prepare the financial statements of the business | | |
| | | D | to write up all the ledger accounts | | [1] |
| | (b) | Whe | ere is discount received shown? | | |
| | | A | credit side of the purchases ledger control account | | |
| | | В | debit side of the purchases ledger control account | | |
| | | С | credit side of the sales ledger control account | | |
| | | D | debit side of the sales ledger control account | | [1] |
| | (c) | Pedr | ro spent \$8410 buying a new vehicle. The invoice showed | | |
| | | | Vehicle 8000 Number plates 50 Insurance for 24 months 360 | | |
| | | How | w much was the capital expenditure? | | |
| | | A | \$8050 | | |
| | | В | \$8180 | | |
| | | С | \$8230 | | |
| | | D | \$8360 | | [1] |

| (d) | Safir bought a machine for \$10 000 and depreciated it at the rate of 30% per annum on the reducing (diminishing) balance basis. | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--------------|-----|--|
| | Wha | t was the net book value at the end of year 2? | | | |
| | Α | \$4000 | | | |
| | В | \$4900 | | | |
| | С | \$5100 | | | |
| | D | \$6000 | | [1] | |
| (e) | | rt maintains a provision for doubtful debts account. Where is the closin ount included in the financial statements? | g balance on | the | |
| | A | as an expense in the income statement | | | |
| | В | as a revenue in the income statement | | | |
| | С | in the current assets section of the statement of financial position | | | |
| | D | in the current liabilities section of the statement of financial position | | [1] | |
| (f) | Why | is inventory valued at net realisable value when this is lower than cost? | | | |
| | Α | to calculate the rate of inventory turnover | | | |
| | В | to ensure the balancing of the statement of financial position | | | |
| | С | to prevent profit being recorded before it is earned | | | |
| | D | to recognise losses as soon as they are incurred | | [1] | |
| | | | | | |

4

| | С | Brian receives money from customers sooner than Agnes. | | | | |
|------|--|---|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | В | Agnes pays her suppliers sooner than Brian. | | | | |
| | Α | Agnes receives money from customers sooner than Brian. | | | | |
| | Whi | ch statement is true? | | | | |
| | | Agnes Brian Trade receivables collection period 31 days 40 day | s | | | |
| (i) | Agn | es and Brian operate in similar businesses. They provide the followir | ng information. | | | |
| • | | | | | | |
| | D | \$175 000 | [1 |] | | |
| | С | \$170 000 | | | | |
| | В | \$105 000 | | | | |
| | Α | \$75 000 | | | | |
| | Wha | at was the cost of sales for the year? | | | | |
| | | Opening inventory of finished goods 17 000 Closing inventory of finished goods 12 000 Cost of production for the year 100 000 Purchases of finished goods for the year 70 000 | | | | |
| (n) | A ma | anufacturing business provided the following information. | | | | |
| (ls) | Δ | | [1 |] | | |
| | С | \$58 000 \$62 000 | | | | |
| | В | \$44 000 \$58 000 | | | | |
| | Α _ | \$40 000 | | | | |
| | How | / much cash did Abdul introduce? | | | | |
| | capital account was \$51 000. | | | | | |
| | \$9000 and introducing a sum of cash. In the first year of trading profit was \$2000. At the end of the first year the balance on his | | | | | |

| (j) | Whe | en is accounting information relevant? | | |
|-----|-----|--|--|-----|
| | A | when it can be compared with information for other periods | | |
| | В | when it can be understood by the users of the accounts | | |
| | С | when it changes business decisions | | |
| | D | when it is free from error and bias | | [1] |

[Total: 10]

[6]

2 (a) Complete the following table. Indicate with a tick (✓) whether each item is an asset or a liability. The first item has been completed as an example.

| | Asset | Liability |
|--|-------|-----------|
| Office equipment | ✓ | |
| Prepaid rent | | |
| Accrued wages | | |
| Bank loan | | |
| Inventory of goods for resale | | |
| Inventory of stationery for office use | | |
| Amount due to creditor | | |

| (b) | Com | plete the following sent | ences using the word 'debit' or 'credi | ť. | |
|-----|-------|---|---|-----------------|------|
| | An a | asset account has a | ba | lance. | |
| | A lia | ability account has a | ba | lance. | |
| | An e | expense account has a | ba | lance. | |
| | An i | ncome account has a | ba | lance. | [4] |
| (c) | Give | e one example of an exp | pense account. | | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| (d) | Nam | ne the financial statemer | nt in which expenses are recorded. | | [1] |
| | | | | | |
| (e) | | plete the following table first has been complete | e. Enter the word 'true' or 'false' againd as an example. | nst each statem | ent. |
| | | Every transaction has | a two fold aspect | True | |
| | | Costs must be matche | d against related income | | |
| | | Revenue can be record | ded before it is earned | | |
| | | Staff expertise can be | recorded in the financial statements | | |

Lamoudi has an accounting year end of 31 December.

On 1 April 2013 he paid \$1200, by cheque, for a year's insurance starting on that date. On 1 April 2014 he paid \$1440, by cheque, for insurance for twelve months to 31 March 2015.

REQUIRED

(f) Prepare Lamoudi's insurance account for the year ended 31 December 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 January 2015.

Lamoudi Insurance account

| Date | Details | \$ Date | Details | \$ |
|------|---------|------------|---------|-----|
| | | | | |
| | | | | [5] |

(g) State one reason why a trader might prepare a trial balance.

[1]

Ebenon, a sole trader, extracted the following balances from his books of account on 31 December 2014.

| | \$ |
|--|---------|
| Motor vehicles | 38 000 |
| Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles | 10 000 |
| Sales | 190 000 |
| Purchases | 103 000 |
| Rent | 4 000 |
| Wages and salaries | 41 000 |
| Sundry expenses | 6 800 |
| Drawings | 23 000 |
| Trade payables | 5 000 |
| Trade receivables | 7 000 |
| Bank overdraft | 1 500 |
| Cash | 100 |
| Purchase returns | 600 |
| Inventory | 12 000 |
| Capital | ? |

REQUIRED

(h) Prepare Ebenon's trial balance at 31 December 2014.

Ebenon Trial Balance at 31 December 2014

| | Debit \$ | Credit \$ |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| Motor vehicles | | |
| Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles | | |
| Sales | | |
| Purchases | | |
| Rent | | |
| Wages and salaries | | |
| Sundry expenses | | |
| Drawings | | |
| Trade payables | | |
| Trade receivables | | |
| Bank overdraft | | |
| Cash | | |
| Purchase returns | | |
| Inventory | | |
| Capital | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| (i) | Give the date to which the inventory in the trial balance relates. | |
|-----|--|-----|
| | | [1] |

[Total: 30]

[8]

| 3 | (a) | ame two books of prime (original) entry which a trader may keep. In each case name a |
|---|-----|--|
| | | ource document for that book. An example has been provided. |

| Book of prime (original) entry | Source document |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Cash book | Cheque counterfoil |
| | |
| | |

| (b) | State one reason why a trader might use books of prime (original) entry. | [4] |
|-----|--|-----|
| | | [1] |
| (c) | Name the two accounts which are posted with the totals from a three column cash book. | , |
| | 2 | [2] |
| Abc | doulaye received a cheque from Pierre which was subsequently dishonoured. | |
| RE | QUIRED | |
| (d) | State what is meant by a dishonoured cheque. | |
| | | [1] |
| (e) | State how Abdoulaye recorded the dishonouring of the cheque. | |
| | Account debited | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| (f) | Name the statement prepared by Abdoulaye to ensure that his bank account is free freeror. | 'n |
| | | [1] |

| Abdoulaye has a bank overdraft. | Abdoulaye | has a | bank | overdraft. |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|------|------------|
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|------|------------|

| Qι | | |
|----|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| (g) | Explain what is meant by a bank overdraft. | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|-------|-------------|------------------|----------------|-----|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | [2] |
| (h) | | the following table using a tic statement have a debit or a cre | | | whether Abdoulay | ve's cash book | and |
| | | | Dek | oit balance | Credit balance | | |
| | | Cash book | | | | | |
| | | Bank statement | | | | | |
| | | | | | | - | [2] |
| Abo | doulaye wit | hdrew \$200 from the bank for | pers | onal use. | | | |
| RE | QUIRED | | | | | | |
| (i) | State how | this is recorded in the books | of ac | count. | | | |
| | | Account debited | | Accol | unt credited | | |
| | | | | | | | |

[2]

[Total: 17]

4 At 1 February 2014, Green Meadow Limited had the following shares and debentures.

250 000 ordinary shares of \$0.50 each 100 000 8% preference shares of \$1 each \$50 000 6% debentures (2019)

The following balances were extracted from the books on 31 January 2015.

| | \$ | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| Retained earnings | 65 000 | |
| Plant and equipment (at book value) | 184 000 | |
| Motor vehicles (at book value) | 87 000 | |
| Trade payables | 43 000 | |
| Trade receivables | 57 000 | |
| Inventory | 63 000 | |
| Bank | 2 000 | debit |
| Long term bank loan (5%) | | |
| (taken out in 2013) | 10 000 | |

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the statement of financial position at 31 January 2015.

Green Meadow Limited Statement of Financial Position at 31 January 2015

| \$ |
|------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

[10]

Following additional information is available:

- Retained earnings at 1 February 2014 were \$51 500. The interim ordinary dividend paid during the year was \$0.04 per share. The preference dividend was paid on time. 2

REQUIRED

| (b) | Calculate the profit for the year ended 31 January 2015. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| | [4] |
| (c) | Calculate the profit from operations (profit before interest) for the year ended 31 January 2015. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| | [4] |

| (d) | Calculate the return on capital employed (ROCE). | |
|--------------|---|-----|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [4] |
| (e) | State one reason why the directors would wish to know the ROCE. | |
| | | |
| | | [1] |
| (f) | State why the directors chose to issue debentures rather than issue more ordinary shares. | |
| | | |
| | | [1] |
| | [Total: 2 | 24] |

| 5 | Antoinette | provided | the | following | information. |
|---|------------|----------|-----|-----------|--------------|
|---|------------|----------|-----|-----------|--------------|

| Revenue for the year ended 30 November 2014 | \$1000 |
|---|--------|
| Inventory at 1 December 2013 | \$60 |
| Inventory at 30 November 2014 | \$40 |
| Gross profit margin | 40% |
| Net profit margin | 15% |

| RE | QUIRED | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| (a) | Calculate the follow | ring for the year ended 30 November 2014. | |
| | Gross profit | | |
| | | | |
| | Cost of sales | | |
| | | | |
| | Purchases | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Profit for the year | | |
| | | | |
| | Expenses | | |
| | | | [7] |
| Ant | oinette's brother, Lo | uis, has a business selling similar type of goods. | |
| His | gross profit margin i | s 40% and his net profit margin is 20%. | |
| RE | QUIRED | | |
| (b) | State one reason for | or the difference in the ratios. | |
| | | | |
| | | | [1] |

| (c) | Calcu whole | | | ette's | inventory | turnover | in | days. | Round | up | your | answer | to | the | next |
|-----|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------|------------|-------------|-------|----------|-----------|--------------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | ••••• | | | | | ••••• | | | ••••• | | | •••• | | • |
| | | ••••• | | | | | | | | | | | •••• | | 1 |
| | | ••••• | | | | | | | | | | | •••• | | • |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | ••••• | | [4] |
| (d) | Sugg | est tv | vo reas | ons w | hy Louis' | inventory | turn | over is | faster th | nan <i>i</i> | Antoir | iette's. | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | ••••• | | [2] |
| (e) | State | two | advanta | ages t | o Antoinet | tte of goin | g int | to partn | ership v | vith I | _ouis. | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | [| Total | : 16] |

6 The Healthy Ways Sports Club provided the following information.

| | At 31 December 2013 | At 31 December 2014 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Subscriptions in advance | 100 | 50 |
| Subscriptions in arrears | 350 | 500 |
| Trade payables for café supplies | 590 | 820 |
| Inventory of café supplies | 600 | 800 |
| Sports equipment at valuation | 18 700 | 20 100 |
| Accrued wages for sports club staff | - | 300 |

Receipts and payments during the year ended 31 December 2014 Receipts Subscriptions received 19 100 Café receipts 4 900 **Payments** Café supplies 3 710 New sports equipment 4 600 Staff wages - café 1 800 sports club 7 200 4 800 Rent and insurance – sports club Sundry expenses – sports club 1850

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the subscriptions account for the year ended 31 December 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balances on 1 January 2015.

Healthy Ways Sports Club Subscriptions account

| Date | Details | \$ Date | Details | \$ |
|------|---------|------------|---------|----|
| | | | | |

[6]

(b) Prepare the total trade payables account for the year ended 31 December 2014 to determine the café purchases.

Healthy Ways Sports Club Total trade payables account

| Date | Details | \$ Date | Details | \$ |
|------|---------|------------|---------|----|
| | | | | |

[4]

(c) Prepare the café income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Healthy Ways Sports Club Café Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2014

| \$ | \$ |
|------|----|
| | |

[6]

(d) Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Healthy Ways Sports Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2014

| \$ | \$ |
|------|----|
| | |
| | |
| | |

[7]

[Total: 23]

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24

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