

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING

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Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	Brian account \$ 2016 2017 Aug 1 Balance b/d 1000 July 31 Cash 720 (1) Bad debts 280 (1) 1000	15
	Bad debts account \$ 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017	
	\$ \$ 2017 2017 July 31 Income July 31 Bank Statement* 118 (1) (AL Stores) 118 (1) 118 (1) * Alternately accept transfer to bad debts account and net transfer from bad debts to income statement	
	Rent account 2017 2017 July 31 Total paid 5 200 July 31 Total paid 5 200 July 31 Total paid 5 200 July 31 Balance c/d 400 Drawings 1 200 (1) Income Statement 3 600 2017 5 200 2017 400 (1)	
	Drawings account \$ 2017 2017 2017 July 31 Total to date 9 650 Rent 1 200 (1)OF 10 850 10 850 10 850	
	Commission receivable account\$\$2017 2017 July 31 IncomeJuly 31 Total to dateStatement 1040 (1)Balance c/d 150 104010402017Aug 1 Balance b/d150 (1)	

Question	An	swer	Marks			
1(a)	\$	n of office fixtures account \$				
	2017 2016 July 31 Balance c/d 15 435 Aug 1 2017	Balance b/d 11 100				
	July 3	Statement				
	<u>15 435</u> 2017 Aug 1	<u>15 435</u> Balance b/d 15 435 (1)OF				
1(b)	An estimate (1) of the amount which a in a financial year because of bad del	a business will lose/be unable to collect ots (1)	2			
1(c)	Percentage of the total amount owing by credit customers Estimating which individual credit customers will not pay their accounts Considering the length of time the debts have been outstanding Estimate, based on experience, of amount lost each year from bad debts Any 1 point (1)					
1(d)	debit	credit	2			
1(e)	Income statement (1) Provision for doubtful debts (1) The profit for the year is not overstated (1) The trade receivables (current assets) are not overstated/shown at more					
1(f)	realistic value (1) The sales for which a business is unlikely to be paid (1) are regarded as an expense of the year in which those sales are made (1)					
1(g)	Reduce credit sales/sell on a cash ba Obtain references from new credit cur Fix a credit limit for each customer Improve credit control Issue invoices and monthly statement Refuse further supplies until outstand Allow cash discount for prompt payme Charge interest on overdue accounts Any 2 points (1) each	stomers ts promptly ing balance is paid ent	2			

Question	Answer					Marks
2(a)			debit	credit	no entry	ç
	opening balance owed by credit custome	rs	√(1)		,	
	credit sales					
	cash sales	√(1)		√(1)		
	provision for doubtful debts				✓(1)	
	bad debts written off			√(1)		
	cash discount allowed to credit customers	S		√(1)		
	trade discount allowed to credit customer	s			√(1)	
	contra between sales and purchases ledge	ger		√(1)		
	cash received from credit customers			√(1)		
0(1)		I			1	
2(b)		book of prime (original) entr			nal) entry	4
	returns to credit suppliers	purchases returns journal (1)				
	discount received cash book (1)					
	interest charged by credit supplier journal (1)					
	contra entry to sales ledger control accountjournal(1)					
2(c)(i)	An entry which appears on the debit side of account and the credit of the sales ledger of		•	-	er control	1
2(c)(ii)	It is made when a sales ledger account is a account of the same person/business (1)	set of	fagains	st a purch	ases ledger	1
2(d)	Overpayment of the amount owing Failure to deduct cash discount due Goods returned after account settled Payment made in advance Any 2 reasons (1) each					
2(e)(i)	$\frac{\text{Trade receivables}}{\text{Credit sales}} \times \frac{365}{1} $				1	
2(e)(ii)	$\frac{20520}{186700} \times \frac{365}{1} $ whole formula (1) = 40.11 = 41 days (1)					2
2(f)	Offer cash discount for prompt payment Charge interest on overdue accounts Improve credit control/send invoices or sta Refuse further supplies until outstanding b Invoice discounting and debt factoring Any 2 points (1) each		-	nptly		2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(g)	$\frac{\text{Trade payables}}{\text{Credit purchases}} \times \frac{365}{1} \text{ whole formula (1)}$	1
2(h)	Will not be pleased May refuse further supplies May charge interest May issue stern reminders/threaten legal action Or other suitable comment Any 2 comments (1) each	2

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Subscriptions received\$Add Subscriptions outstanding at year end12 540Less Subscriptions prepaid at year end180Subscriptions outstanding at start of year600Subscriptions for the year12 000Accept alternative presentation	5
3(b)	AS Sports ClubIncome and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 September 2017\$\$\$\$Income\$Subscriptions12 000 (1)OFProfit on shop – revenue 3510 $-$ less purchases 2410 1100 (1)ExpenditureRates and insurance(1500 (1) + 60 (1))1 560Open day – expenses $5 250$ less receipts $4 180$ $1 800$ }(1)General expenses $2 640$ }Loan interest (5% × 7 000) 350 (1)Depreciation of Equipment $((22 000 + 8 000) \times 20\%)$ $((22 000 + 8 000) \times 20\%)$ $6 000$ (1) 13420 Deficit 320 (1)OF	9

Question			Answer				Marks
3(c)	Statement of Assets Non-current assets Equipment Current assets Other receivables (Subscriptions) Total assets	Financial \$	Sports Club Position at 30 \$ Accumulated depreciation	·	2017 \$ Book value 19 600 240 19 840	_(1)	9 9
	Liabilities Accumulated fund Opening balance Less Deficit Non-current liabilities Bank loan (repayable 2020)				11 870 320 11 550 7 000	_(1)OF	
	Current liabilities Other payables (loan interest) Subscriptions prepaid Bank Total liabilities				350 180 760 1 290	(1)OF (1) _(1)	
3(d)	Loan interest is an expe liability (1) The loan is a non-currer Accept other valid point	nt liability (-	d interest is	<u>19 840</u> a current	_	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	(87 500 + 56 200 + 100) : (81 500 + 17 100) = 143 800 : 98 600 (1) whole formula = 1.46 : 1 (1)	2
4(b)	Current assets only approximately 1½ times the current liabilities Lower than the "benchmark" of 2:1 Can meet the current liabilities from the current assets Do not have a lot of surplus current assets available after paying current liabilities Seems to be a little inadequate (depending on the type of business) Comments to be based on answer to (a) Any 2 comments (1) each	2

Question			Ansv	ver				Marks
4(c)	(56 200 + 100) : (= 56 300 : 98 600 = 0.57 : 1 (1)							2
4(d)	Increased expenditure on inventory Increase in bank overdraft/change from positive bank balance to overdraft Purchase of non-current assets Repayment of long-term loan Increase in current liabilities/increase in trade payables Decrease in trade receivables Decrease in cash Increase in drawings Any 2 reasons (1) each							2
4(e)	Unable to pay debts when they fall due Unable to take advantage of cash discounts Unable to take advantage of business opportunities when they arise May have difficulty in obtaining further supplies May not be able to take drawings Any 2 points (1) each							2
4(f)		current ratio quick ratio				4		
		increase	decrease	no effect	increase	decrease	no effect	
	introduce \$20 000 additional capital	~			v			
	obtain short- term bank loan of \$10 000			√(1)			√(1)	
	sell half the inventory at cost price			√(1)	√(1)			
4(g)	Cost of sales Average inventory							1
4(h)	$\frac{765990}{(87500+72000)\div 2} \text{ Or } \frac{765990}{87500-(15500\div 2)}$ = $\frac{765990}{79750}$ } (1) = 9.60 times (1)						2	
4(i)	Higher inventory I Lower sales activi Or other suitable Any 2 reasons (1	ity e reason						2

Question		A	nswer				Marks	
5(a)	$\frac{43000}{(500000 + 11000 + 14000 + 75000)}$ = $\frac{43000}{600000}$ (1) $\times \frac{100}{1}$ = 7.17% (1)							
5(b)	$\frac{25000}{500000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 5\%$						1	
5(c)	$\frac{15000 + 30000}{500000 + 100000} \times \frac{100}{1}$ = $\frac{45000}{600000}$ (1) = 7.5% (1)							
5(d)	71 000 - (3% × 75 000) = 71 000 - 2250 = 68 750 (1)	(1)					2	
5(e)	Statement of Change		P Limited for the year	ended 30 S	eptember 2	017	7	
		Ordinary share capital	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total			
		\$	\$	\$	\$			
	On 1 October 2016	500 000	11 000	14 000	525 000	(1)		
	Share issue	100 000			100 000	(1)		
	Profit for the year			68 750	68 750			
	Dividend paid (for year ended 30 September 2016)			(25 000)	(25 000)	(1)		
	Dividend paid (for year ended 30 September 2017)			(15 000)	(15 000)	(1)		
	Transfer to general reserve		5 000	(5 000)		(1)		
	On 30 September 2017	600 000	16 000	37 750	653 750	(1)		

Question	Answer						
5(f)	Long term loans Debenture holders are not members of the company Do not carry voting rights Carry a fixed rate of interest Interest is not dependent on the company's profit Are often secured on the assets of the company's Debenture holders are repaid before the shareholders in a winding-up Any 2 features (1) each						
5(g)	Carry a fixed rate of dividend Dividend may not be paid if there is not enough profit Dividend is paid before ordinary share dividend Preference shareholders are members of the company Do not usually carry voting rights Capital is repaid before ordinary share capital in a winding-up Are not secured on the assets of the company Any 2 features (1) each						
5(h)		increase \$	decrease \$	no effect	5		
	effect on current assets	300 000					
	effect on non-current liabilities	300 000 (1)					
	effect on profit for the year		9 000 (2)*				
	effect on profit available for ordinary shareholders		9 000 (1)OF				
	effect on equity			√(1)			
	* (1) position + (1) amount						