

### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### **AFRIKAANS AS A SECOND LANGUAGE**

0548/02

Paper 2 Listening

October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 30

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

## Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

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## **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

#### Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
  is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
  referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

## **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks	
Oefening 1			
1	Onwaar	1	
2	Waar	1	
3	Waar	1	
4	Onwaar	1	
5	Waar	1	
6	Onwaar	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	
Oefening 2			
7	С	1	
8	С	1	
9	В	1	
10	D	1	
11	В	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	
Oefening 3			
12	kuier by haar seun [en sy gesin]	1	
13	rotsklim	1	
14	die natuur geniet	1	
15	(Die) Suideiland	1	
16	5000 meter bo die grond	1	
17	Soos 'n arend wat oor die aarde sweef	1	
18	Saam met haaie gaan duik/swem	1	
	(berg) Kilimandjaro klim	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks
	Oefening 4	
19	(i) Daar sal werk wees wat nou nog nie bestaan nie [1] (ii) Mense sal nie meer as drie jaar in een werk bly nie. / Mense sal dalk meer as 20 (verskillende) werke hê in hul lewe. [1]	2
20	Aanpasbaarheid	1
21	(i) Jong mense/Hulle moet navorsing doen oor loopbane. [1] (ii) Jong mense/Hulle moet uitvind wat die tendense vir die volgende vyf jaar/die toekoms gaan wees. [1]	2
22	(i) Ouers dink hul kinders sal slegs werk kry as hulle op universiteit was. [1] (ii) Ouers/Hulle sal slegs genoeg geld verdien as hulle op universiteit was. [1]	2
23	Enige drie van die volgende:  Studente sal dalk nie hul studies voltooi nie/ophou met hul studies. Studente sal dalk ophou klas toe gaan. Studente sal dalk vir hul ouers leuens vertel oor hul studies/vir hulle jok. Studente gaan op die ou end hulle ouers se geld mors. Studente kan dalk moedeloos raak of sonder motivering (een van die twee).	3
24	Sommige kolleges bestaan nie lank nie.	1