

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 0600 AGRICULTURE

0600/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus 7. S
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0600
/lark schemes	may use these abbreviations:	and
,	separates marking points	196
• /	alternatives	
®	reject	
^	accept (for anomary correctly and by the superior)	

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- separates marking points
- 1 alternatives
- R reject
- А accept (for answers correctly cued by the question)
- (I) ignore .
- AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- AVP additional valid point (where there are a variety of possible additional valid answers)
- <u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted) •
- D, L, T, Q quality of drawing/labelling/table/writing as indicated by mark scheme .
- indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given max
- equivalent eq
- ORA or reverse argument
- IDEA OF where candidates are expected to make an argument which expresses a particular idea, but the ways in which they will do this will be many and varied
- ref. explained reference to
- introductory statements or additional comment on the marking points italics

s Anno Cambridg	Syllabus	Mark Scheme	ge 3	Pa	
	0600	IGCSE – October/November 2013			
TPL .		ving wood;	tool <b>1</b> s	(a)	(;
"br.		nmering nails;		(4)	(0
19		erting/tightening screws;			
,		ing <b>B</b> – thatch insulates against sun's heat;	(i) bui	(b)	(ł
		building not warmed;		(~)	(~
			OR		
		conducts heat from sun;			
[2]		h warms air in building; t building better insulated			
			<i>iej</i> e		
		ing <b>A</b> – brick/iron/concrete resist fire;	• •		
		hering;			
		damage;	pes OR		
		petter as thatch weathers;			
[2]		nes fire;			
-		t materials stronger/durable unless qualified	reje		
[Total: 7]					
[1]			ECFD	(2)	1-
[']				(4)	(0
halian darina da alata da				<i>(</i> L.)	4
		correctly relate to named animal: tempera our – alert; eyes bright; no discharge from e		(D)	(1
[max 3]		dition; feeding well;			
L		ference to external/internal parasites			
		accord onimals:		(c)	(c
		seased animals,	isolate (		
		seased animals;	isolate ( call vet;	(-)	
		ovement of animals on/off farm;	call vet; restrict	(-)	
[may 2]	50'	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement;	call vet; restrict restrict	(-)	
[max 3]	ISE;	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho	call vet; restrict restrict introduc	(-)	
[max 3]	se;	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement;	call vet; restrict restrict introduc <i>reject v</i>	(-)	
-	se;	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination	call vet; restrict restrict introduc <i>reject v</i>	(-)	
[max 3] <b>[Total: 7</b> ]	se;	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination	call vet; restrict restrict introduc <i>reject v</i>	(-)	
[Total: 7]	se;	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination orm the authorities	call vet; restrict restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i>		(a
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1]		ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities	call vet; restrict restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H (	(a)	(a
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1] disease spread;	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H ( (ii) scr	(a)	(a
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1] disease spread;	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H ( (ii) scr	(a)	(a
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1] disease spread;	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no with oil – excludes water/air at surface; prot	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H ( (ii) scr coa	(a)	
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1] disease spread;	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no with oil – excludes water/air at surface; prot	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject ir</i> (i) H ( (ii) scr coa store in	(a)	•
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1]	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no with oil – excludes water/air at surface; prof ry conditions; preservative/oil;	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject ir</i> (i) H ( (ii) scr coa store in	(a)	
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1 disease spread;	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho ccination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no with oil – excludes water/air at surface; prof ry conditions; preservative/oil;	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H ( (ii) <i>scr</i> <i>coa</i> store in treat wi paint/va	(a)	
<b>[Total: 7</b> ] [1 disease spread; [max 3	t time; prevents dis	ovement of animals on/off farm; uman movement; hygiene measures, e.g. foot baths/clean ho coination form the authorities <b>K J</b> ; bing mud – prevents rusting; easier to use no with oil – excludes water/air at surface; prof ry conditions; preservative/oil; nish;	call vet; restrict introduc <i>reject v</i> <i>reject in</i> (i) H ( (ii) <i>scr</i> <i>coa</i> store in treat wi paint/va	a)	

Pa	ge 4	1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	· A
		IGCS	E – October/November 20	13 0600	1000
(a)	(i)	L;			amp
	(ii)	nutrient in food	<i>product of digestion</i> maltose/glucose	<i>function in the body</i> energy	ww.xtrapape
		protein		growth/repair	[4]
(b)	(i)		ires less concentrates;		
		to achieve same n reject reference to	health or other comments	which do not relate to table	[2]
	(ii)	use fertiliser; liming;			
			asses/leguminous plants; shes;		[3]
					[Total: 10]
(a)	(i)	label <b>Q</b> to anther;			[1]
	(ii)	label <b>R</b> to any of th	ne four ovules;		[1
(b)	(i)	<b>W</b> ;			[1
	(ii)	reference made to	c constitution/genes/allele <i>Fig. 5.2, e.g. <b>Y</b> and <b>y</b>;</i>	-	[2
			rvable characteristics show Fig. 5.2, e.g. yellow and w		[2
(c)	ase	xual/vegetative;			[1
					[Total: 8
(a)	(i)	10;			[1
	(ii)	88;			[1
(b)	(i)	compete for miner	als or nutrients; water; light	; root space or leaf space;	[max 2
	(ii)	harbour pests or d	liseases/interfere with harv	esting crop;	[1

	ge 5	Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2013	Syllabus 0600
(c)	(i)		a Canno
	(ii)	<ul> <li>7 – so label refers to contents;</li> <li>thus dilution levels known/restrictions of use given/ preverother containers may be unsuitable;</li> <li>AVP</li> <li>explanations needed in both</li> </ul>	Syllabus 0600 nts misuse; [max 2]
		<b>8</b> – avoid drift to other crops; operator; water courses; target plant missed so reduced efficiency/wastes money;	[max 2]
			[Total: 10]
(a)	(i)	F;	[1]
	(ii)	oxygen/air;	[1]
(b)		uce seeds small; not have sufficient food store/energy to emerge;	[2]
(c)	(i)	formation of hard crust on soil surface;	[1]
	(ii)	to retain water/reduce evaporation/prevent high soil temp	erature; [1]
			[Total: 6]
(a)	<b>K</b> ;		[1]
(b)	(i)	<b>Q</b> ;	[1]
	(ii)	advantage – available/cheap/improves soil structure; disadvantage – bulky or difficult to transport/smell/diffic variable or not known; accept slow release accept introduce fungi	[1] ult to spread/nutrient content[1] [1]
(c)	(i)	manure high in N/nutrients; encourages algal growth;	[2]
	(ii)	too much algal growth; decay by bacteria uses up oxygen for fish; accept one mark for eutrophication	[2]

	age	6		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	N S
			IGCSE	- October/Nover	nber 2013	0600	122
(a)		acid					Anny Eapscamption
	(ii)	one	result not scier	ld so samples nee htifically valid/could		age sample;	
	(iii)	addi	ng lime;				[1
(b)	) (i)	Nov	peratures never ember to March information from	n provide high tem	peratures needeo	d; provide suffi	cient total rainfall; [max 2
	(ii)			r/December; provi /period needed to	-	nditions of tem	perature and rainfal [2
							[Total: 8
	rer ref	noval <i>i</i> erence	burning of wee to fine tilth;	tiliser/herbicide; eds; hen no mark for dis	sease in <b>(b)(i)</b>		[max 4
(b)	) (i)		opriate named	disease; es – fungal/viral/b	pacterial		[1
	(ii)	sym	affected – leav ptoms of infecti cts – wilting/de	ion – black spots/v	white hair;		[3
							_
	(iii)	spra crop wee pest remo burn use max meth	d control; may control; pests oving old crop; ing; destroys a clean seed; no 4 for four meth hod 1 mark, exp	tail; ks life of disease/p harbour disease; act as vectors; pes removes any disea ny diseased mater infection introduce nods without expla- planation 1 mark p pests unless relat	sts eat/suck juice ased material; rial; ed; nation		[max 7 sease

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0600 23
date of germina herbicid pest tre weather irrigation date of yield;	sed/place in rotation; sowing; ation percentage; de treatment; eatment; er conditions; on; harvest; posts/financial records; returns;	Syllabus 0600 (max 7]
<b>(b)</b> factor altit asp slop clin	explanation tude; wind/temperature; pect; sunlight/temperature/wind; pe; drainage; mate; temperature range/rainfall I type; pH/drainage, etc.	[max 2]
1000	road access; water availability;	[max 2]
crop	demand/market; suitable cultivar available; to give enough time to mature;	[max 2]
costs	labour; seeds; named fertilisers; fertilisers;	[max 2] [8]
		[Total: 15]
sun pro	ndicated; ation; from land/body of water; oviding heat; isation/clouds;	

rain/hail/snow; percolation into soil/

percolation into soil/drainage; reference to water table;

run-off; water into plants; transpiration from; water into animals; loss by breathing; accept from diagram or text

[max 8]

Paç	ge 8			Mark So		Syllabus	· · · · ·
			IG	CSE – October	November 2013	0600	Pac
(b)	(i)	artifi	cial supply	of water			ante
I	(ii)			<i>method</i> channels; sprinkler; trickle;	<i>detail</i> slope to ensure flow; rotating valve; series of nipples;		www.xtrapape www.papacambre Cambre [max 3
(	iii)	char trick	antages inels chear le; targets r ikler; good	particular area;	disadvantages channels erode/c water evaporates pipe gets in way o expensive to set o	; of cultivation;	
				ntage and 1 disa thod	needs high press advantage	ure;	[max 3]
							[Total: 15]
	cart wate oxy cart chic light loca refe	oon d er in; gen c oohyc oroph t/sun ation - erence	lrate forme yll; acts as ı; provides	d; a catalyst; energy; layer of leaf; igments;			<b>[Total: 15</b> ] [max 6

	je 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	· A
	IC	GCSE – October/November 2013	0600	Day
(	<ul> <li>(ii) examples- onions; potato; sweet potato; dicotyledons; seeds/fruits;</li> <li>why modified- allows for dor</li> </ul>	pith; cortex; cotyledon/ovary; /_ rmant phase;		matrapape
	supports grow	l for new plant; wth of seedling; l for dispersing animals;		[6]
				[Total: 15]
	erode bank; sea waves; physic temperature – hot	river flow acts to scour; carry part cal impact; t cold; cause defoliation; freeze thav form carbonic acid; dissolves rock;		other particles
	supports microorg		for plants; cycle nutrient	s, e.g. carbor [max 4]
	organisms	lant roots:		
		to maintain pH; reted; ant roots penetrate;		[mov 2
	calcium excreted t urine/faeces excr mix soil layers;	to maintain pH; reted; ant roots penetrate;		[max 3]