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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2005 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

 CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 1	Page 1 Mark Scheme		Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2

		WELV V	Vahar Cambridge Com
Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	0
IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2	No.
			Cally
description of animal	group		ordig
	crustacea	ın;	Se. COM
	molluso	;	
	bird;		1
	mamma	l;	
	insect;		

[5]

Total [5]

2 (a) temperature / hot / cold;

touch / texture;

pressure;

Any two – 1 mark each [2]

(b) (i) X labelling retina; [1]

Z labelling the iris; (ii) [1]

(c) sensory neurone in correct box;

relay neurone in correct box;

motor neurone in correct box; [3]

If all neurones correctly named but errors in placement – allow 1 mark

(d) rays of light bent / refracted by cornea;

ciliary body / muscle contracts;

and releases / lessens pull on suspensory ligaments;

lens becomes more curved / convex;

bends rays of light more (to bring about focus);

Any four - 1 mark each [4]

Total [11]

en dana Cannonidae Com

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2

- 3 excretion is removal of waste materials formed by the body / metabolism; (a) (i)
 - (ii) egestion is removal of undigested / undigestible materials
 - (b) (i) liver;

(ii) (excess) amino acids / ammonia / ammonium compounds;

(c) Q - renal artery;

R – vena cava;

S – ureter;

T – urethra; [4]

(d)

component of blood	present in urine
glucose	X
red blood cells	X
salts	✓
urea	
water	√
white blood cells	

salts and water correctly indicated;

glucose and red blood cells correctly indicated;

[2]

Total [10]

Page 3 Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2

(a) 4

				www.xtrapapers.c	com
	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE - October/Novem	nber 2005	0610	2 200	
tube	contents and conditions	is photosynthesis		Paper 2 espiration ppening yes;	
Α	pond weed in dark	no	110	yes;	OM
В	pond weed in bright light	yes		yes;	
С	freshwater shrimp in dark	no		yes;	
D	fresh water shrimp in bright light	no		yes;	

One mark for each correct row

[4]

(b) (i)

tube	contents and conditions	colour of hydrogencarbonate indicator after several hours		
Α	pond weed in dark	yellow / golden		
В	pond weed in bright light	purple		
С	freshwater shrimp in dark	yellow / golden		
D	fresh water shrimp in bright light	yellow / golden		

tubes A, C and D all correct;

tube B correct; [2]

(ii) yellow colour -

tubes A / C / D respiration occurring;

carbon dioxide released / increased / pH falls;

similar for two other / named tubes;

purple colour -

tube B both respiration and photosynthesis occurring;

more photosynthesis than respiration;

carbon dioxide absorbed / reduced and pH rises;

Any four – 1 mark each

[4]

Total [10]

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	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Paper		
			IGCSE – October/November 2005	Syllabus 0610	2 2000	
5	(a)	(i)	light;		Papel A. Dana Cal	36
		(ii)	photosynthesis;			Tigo
	(b)	over	overall a rise in carbon dioxide concentration in atmosphere;			
		there	ere is a yearly rise and fall / varies with the seasons;			
	(c)	(i)	more carbon dioxide in air;			
			more heat rays trapped;			
			leads to an increased air temperature;			[3]
		(ii)	utilise more renewable energy sources / named example example.	mple;		
			reduce use of fossil fuels;			
			reduce deforestation / increase plant growth;			
			Any two – 1 mark each			[2]
					Total	[9]
6	(a)	(i)	(cross) pollination;			[1]
		(ii)	bee feeds at flower A / flower with mature anther / st	amen;		
			bee picks up pollen (on body / hairs);			
			moves to flower B / flower with mature stigma / carpe	el;		
			pollen deposited (on stigma);			
			bee transfers pollen – 1 mark max			
			Any three – 1 mark each			[3]
	(b)	(i)	fertilization;			[1]
		(ii)	ovary / carpel;			[1]
	(c)	simil	ar as are same species / have same genes;			
		gam	etes formed by meiosis;			
		simil	ar but not genetically identical / OWTTE;			
		ref. t	to cross pollination / pollination being random;			
		fertil	ization random / OWTTE;			
		gend	otypes of offspring very likely / will be different;			
		effe	cts of environment can affect plants;			
		any	other valid point;			
		Any	four – 1 mark each			[4]
					Total	[10]

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Paper

Syllabus

			IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2	No.	
7	(a)	(i)	11.1 dm³ per minute;				Cambrio
		(ii)	2 dm³ per minute;				To
		(iii)	3.4 / 3.3 dm³ per minute;				[1]
	(b)	(i)	left ventricle;				[1]
		(ii)	prevent the backflow of blood;				[1]
						To	otal [5]
8	(a)	(i)	increased surface area;				[1]
		(ii)	xylem;				[1]
	(b)	mag	nesium – making chlorophyll;				
		nitra	tes – making amino acids / protein;				[2]
	(c)	(i)	to replace ions removed by crops;				
			to improve crop yield;				
			Any one – 1 mark				[1]
		(ii)	eutrophication can occur;				
			excessive growth of algae;				
			light to lower layers of water body reduced;				
			submerged / floating water plants die;				
			decomposer bacteria increase rapidly;				
			use up oxygen;				
			anaerobic conditions occur / aquatic animals die;				
			Any five – 1 mark each				[5]
						To	tal [10]

Mark Scheme

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Page	6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	0
		IGCSE – October/November 2005	0610	2	Day
(a)	(i)	letter D clearly labeling vagina near to cervix;			PapaCambrio
	(ii)	letter F clearly labeling oviduct;			10
	(iii)	letter O clearly labeling ovary;			[1]
	(iv)	letter P clearly labeling point within uterus;			[1]
	(v)	letter S clearly labeling oviduct;			[1]
(b)	(i)	may be of different / incompatible blood groups / risk blood cells of fetus;	of damage	to red	
		to prevent transfer of pathogens / toxins / drugs;			
		maternal blood pressure much higher than that of fet fetal vessels;	us / could d	damage	
		Any two – 1 mark each			[2]
	(ii)	transfer of oxygen from mother to fetus;			
		transfer of minerals / vitamins from mother to fetus; (undigested	nutrients)	
		transfer of carbon dioxide from fetus to mother;			
		transfer of urea / OWTTE from fetus to mother;			
		transfer of antibodies from mother to fetus;			
		production of progesterone;			
		prevents transfer of pathogens / OWTTE;			
		Any three – 1 mark each			[3]
					Total [10]

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