UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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General notes

Do not exceed the section sub-totals or question maxima.

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.

/	separates alternatives for a marking point
• •	separates points for the award of a mark
MP	mark point – used in guidance notes when referring to numbered marking points
ORA	or reverse argument / reasoning
OWTTE	or words to that effect
А	accept – as a correct response
R	reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any marks
I	ignore / irrelevant / inadequate – this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.
()	the word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets the context of the response for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose cuticle then no mark is awarded.
<u>mitosis</u>	underlined words – this word only

				Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' vers			Syllabus	Paper]
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1	(a)	 A – A. australis B – E. crestatu C – C. casuariu D – S. camelus E – P. adeliae; 		us; ius; ıs;		[5] [Total: 5]				
2	(a)		H; (cham D; (vesse E; (vesse 1 prevent	I returning blood f ber which pumps l which carries blo carrying blood at backflow of bloo tery / aorta / E / to	blood to the body) od to the lungs) the highest pressure) d;	[4] [2]	A – when ven	tricle relaxes		
	(b)	(i)	2 body / r 3 (body / 4 (heart) 5 remove	e / running needs nuscles / cells res muscles / cells) ne pumps blood faste s carbon dioxide / e – 1 mark each	pire more rapidly; eed more oxygen / glucos er (to supply this);	ie; [3]	Candidate on	ly needs refer to	"more" (or equiv	valent term) once.
		 (ii) 1 identified suitable position / where artery crosses a bou OWTTE; 2 press on spot with <u>finger;</u> 3 (count) number of beats per minute 						or radial pulse, w gital pulse meter		
			Any two -	- 1 mark each		[2]				
						Total: 11]				

		Page 4		eme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCS	SE – May/June 2012	0610	22	
2 (a) (i)							
3 (a) (i)	area	contains s	starch				
_	K	×					
_	L	✓					
	М	×					
	N	×					
	area L cor	rect.					
		and N correct;		[2]			
	,	,					
(ii)							
		hlorophyll / chlor					
		hotosynthesise /	form starch;				
	(area L)	light and chloro	ohyll / chloroplasts				
	4 can phot	tosynthesise / for	m starch:	[4]			
		,					
(iii)	photosyntl	hesis;		[1]			
(iv)	oxygen			[1]			
()	oxygon			[1]			
(b) (i)	root hair (d	cell).		[1]			
				r.1			
(ii)		l water / in solutio	n in soil water;				
	2 by diffus		4.				
		ncentration grad	ent;	[max 2]			
	any two –			[max 2]			
				[Total: 11]			

			Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' vers IGCSE – May/June 2012		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	
4	(a) (i)	A – prost B − <u>ureth</u>			[2]				
	(ii)	line to tes	tis labelled T ;		[1]				
	(iii)	puberty;			[1]				
	(iv)	2 causes	increased growth o increased muscle o es lung capacity;	f limb bones; levelopment / growth;					
		any two -	1 mark each		[max 2]				
	2 3	testes conta undergoing	m / cause sterility; in dividing cells; meiosis / gamete fo				e cancer of the teste		
	5	that may res	ation may cause dar sult in defects / muta sed on to offspring;			4 A – chrom	nosomes, genes, D	NA	
		iy three – 1			[max 3]				
					[Total: 9]				

		Page 6			Page 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2012			Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	
5	(a) (i) Brazil;			[1]						
	(ii) (10561 –	7181) 3380 (ha);		[1]						
	(iii) loss = (1			A – ecf of va	lue from (a)(ii)					
	= 32(.00)) (%);;		[2]	Correct answ	ver but no working	g shown = 2 mark	S		
	2 disrupts foo 3 leads to los 4 exposed so 5 easily erode 6 less transpir 7 less cloud fo 8 (burning) ind	s of species / reduces il dries out / desertific ed; ration / evaporation; ormation / rainfall; creases carbon dioxio ynthesis so more car	s biodiversity; ation may occur; de content of the air; bon dioxide in air;	nx 4]	5 A – refs to	landslips				
			[Tota	l: 8]						

				Mark Scheme: Teac			Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – May/J	June 2012		0610	22	
6	(a)	(i)	homeostasis;		[1]				
		(ii)	respiration;		[1]				
	(b)	(i)	72 (mg per 100 cm ³);		[1]				
		(ii)	150 (mg per 100 cm ³);	ng per 100 cm³);					
	(c)	(i)	letter G on rising line (8an	n – 10am) before turndown;	[1]				
		(ii)	(glucose converted to) gly	<u>cogen;</u>					
		(iii)	(stored in cells of) liver / m	iuscles;	[2]	A – named m	iuscle		
	(d)	(i)	dropped / decreased / goe 100 cm ³ of blood;	es from 72 to 55 mg per	[1]				
		(ii)	adrenaline;		[1]				
		(iii)	 iii) 1 increase in metabolic activity / OWTTE; 2 increase in heart rate; 3 glycogen converted to glucose; 4 increase blood glucose level; 5 increase rate of respiration; any three – 1 mark each 				al reactions / pro e in stroke volum		ore rapidly
				[To	otal: 12]				

		Page 8		Mark Scheme: Teachers' ve		Syllabus	Paper
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7 (a) (i)	collects fo	ood / nectar / polle	en;	[1]			
(ii)	bring abo	ut pollination;		[1]	A – descripti	on of pollination	
(iii)	1 cmoll / c	scent / odour;					
(11)	2 colour c						
		size of petals;					
	any two –	1 mark each		[max 2]			
(b) 1 p	ollen grain	produces pollen t	tube;				
		e formed inside p					
	ollen tube (enters ovule		igh stigma and style;				
		, e passes along po	ollen tube;				
6 fi	uses with fe	emale gamete (in					
any	y three – 1	mark each		[max 3]			
(c) 1 (new plant)	genotype differen	t to original parents;				
		from female pare					
		from male paren					
		d by environmenta	s from both parents; al factors:				
	y three – 1	2		[max 3]			
				[Total: 10]			

			Page 9Mark Scheme: Teachers' versionIGCSE – May/June 2012		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22			
8	(a) (i)	(sparrow) insect-eat caterpillar tree layers in F	ing bird	om top to bottom	[1]	A – small bird	ls		
	(ii)	shaped py	I blocks to pyramid widening from top to bottom / triangl shaped pyramid widest at base; abelled as per (a)(i) / other appropriate labels;						
	(iii)	•	e but has mass lai d / OWTTE;	ger than any other layer	[1]				
	(b) (i)	caterpillar	• 3		[1]	A – insect			
	(ii)	insect-eating birds / (sparrow) hawk;				A – small bird	ls / bird		
	(iii)	decomposers / bacteria / fungi;			[1]				
				ד]	otal: 7]				

				Page 10		: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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9	(a)	(i)	gets brigh	nter / increases (at	Т);	[1]			
		(ii)	2 impulse 3 (iris) cire 4 (iris) rac 5 making	e in light intensity o es to iris (via brain) cular muscles cont dial muscles relax; pupil smaller; – 1 mark each	-	[max 3]			
	(b)	(i)	2 specific 3 automa	mmediate; response to speci tic / no conscious t - 1 mark each		[max 2]			
		(ii)		etina / light sensitiv uch light);	ve cells from damage	[1]			
						[Total: 7]			