CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Question		Mar	k Scheme	Mark	Guidance
1	group		description		If more than 1 line from any group – no mark for this group
	annelids		hard, jointed exoskeleton, three pairs of legs;		Ig – more than 1 line arriving at a description
	insects	X	long cylindrical body, segmented, has bristles but no legs;		
	molluscs		long cylindrical body, not segmented, no legs;		
	myriapods		has soft body, head and muscular foot, most have a hard shell;		
	nematodes		exoskeleton, segmented body, jointed legs on each segment;		
	Any four – 1 mark e	each		[4]	
				[Total: 4]	

			Page 3	Mark Sche		Syllabus	Paper	
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2 ((a)	2 (wa		n body; dy cells / metabolic (waste); : are toxic / in excess;		lg – refs to exa A − tissues	mples	
		Any two –	1 mark each		[2]			
		(ii) carbo	on dioxide;		[1]			
		(iii) urea and salts;				R – if any ref to A – other corre- Note both for 1	ctly named subs	stances
((b)	A – re	enal artery;					
		B – <u>u</u>	<u>rethra;</u>		[2]			
((c)	2 carrie 3 by he 4 (amin 5 (urea 6 in blo 7 (urea 8 (excre	ed to liver; patic portal vein; to acids) converted) carried to the kid od (plasma);) removed from the eted via) bladder /	ney; e blood;	[4]	A – duodenum A – deaminatio R – wrong subs	n	
		Any four -	- 1 mark each		[4]			
					[Total: 10]			
3 ((a)	(seeds) ca (dandelior		ak / dropped in faeces;	[2]	A – bird, mamn	nal	
			wind / floats to gro		[2]			

			Page 4	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
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	(b)	 2 to colonise 3 need to av 4 need to av 5 for light / v 	void competiti vater / minera chance of surv	on (with parent plant); on with other seedlings;		A – form new co	olonies	
		Any three – 1	mark each		[3]			
					[Total: 7]			
4	(a)	Nitrogen			[1]			
	(b)	(i) 0.5 (dm ³);			[1]			
		(ii) 16;			[1]			
		(iii) 8 (dm ³);			[1]	A – ecf from (i)	and (ii)	
		(iv) 8 × 5/100;				A – ecf from (iii)	
		0.4 (dm ³);			[2]	Correct answer	but no working s	hown 2 marks

		Page 5	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
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(c)	(ii) 1 2 3 4 5 Any two (iii) 1 2 3 4 5 6	can remove more ca ref to more muscle of o – 1 mark each heart rate increases increases rate of blo blood transports oxy increase delivery (or increases removal of cells / tissues; ref to muscle contra	in more air; ygen; / release more energy; arbon dioxide; contraction; (during exercise); od flow; gen / glucose; oxygen / glucose) to cells / tissue; f carbon dioxide / heat / waste from	[1]	Ref to more (responses Note – respons exchange	or equivalent) n se must be in c	needed at least once in ontext of breathing, gas
	Any thr	ee – 1 mark each					
				[Total: 12]			

		Page 6	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
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5 (a)	2 3 4	incorporate / trap e convert light energy	y into chemical energy; od for all other species / rest of food		A – ref to autoti A – food web	rophic	
	Any three	e – 1 mark each		[3]			
	(ii) mou katyo tapir howl sloth	did; ; er monkey;					
	Any two	 1 mark only 		[1]	Note – two herbivores for 1 mark		
	(iii) (trop	hic level) 3;		[1]			
		/ other plant, katyc not, boa constricto	lid, frog, (blue-crowned) r;		need all five sp A – boa, constr		
	five o	organisms in correc	ct order (as shown by arrows);	[2]	starting with pro	oducer on left	
(b)	numbers	are likely to increa	se;				
	less com	petition for food / s	loths / howler monkeys;	[2]	A – more food	supply	
(c)	2 less 3 soil b 4 (thus	food as many spec materials (for use); becomes less fertile b) less land for grow eased risk of floodir	e / eroded; ving food crops;		A – one other v	valid suggestion	
	Any two -	– 1 mark each		[2]			
				[Total: 11]			

		Page 7	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper]
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6 (a)	(ii) 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 0 5 0 6	e.g. oxygen / gluco carbon dioxide / uro progesterone (from	stem) of mother and fetus; se / amino acids (to fetus); ea (from fetus); placenta) maintains uterine lining /	[1]	 both correct for A – womb Ig – ref to lining A – embryo, bas A - waste (from 	by	
		prevents miscarria e – 1 mark each	je,	[3]			
			igher pressure than fetal blood; Ild burst fetal blood vessels;		A – can damag	e organs e.g. br	ain, kidney, etc
	blood; 4 this will avc		be a different blood group to fetal ulation of fetal blood; carry pathogens;		 A – blood type A – avoid blo OWTTE A – named exa 		 'rejection' of blood /
		mother's blood can fetus not poisoned	carry toxins / drugs; / affected;		A – named exa	mple	
	Any two pairs – 2 marks each			[4]			
(b)	produces	produces normal haemoglobin;		[1]	A – does not ha	ave beta thalass	aemia
(c)	(i) bb;			[1]			
	(ii) Bb;			[1]			
	(iii) Bb;			[1]			

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d)	father and mother;	[1]	both for 1 mark A – the parents
		[Total: 13]	
7 (a)	 evaporation; condensation / cooling; transpiration; 	[3]	A – evapotranspiration or evaporation
(b)	 passage of water washes away / erodes soil particles; (leads to) thin / unstable soil on mountain sides mineral salts dissolve; leaching; 		Ig – refs to nutrients A – (mineral salts) carried away by water flow
	Any two - 1 mark each	[2]	
		[Total: 5]	
8 (a)	(i) A – cuticle; B – palisade (layer / mesophyll);	[2]	Ig – mesophyll unqualified
	(ii) prevent / reduce water loss / evaporation;	[1]	A – excludes pathogens
	(iii) to allow diffusion / movement of gases into / out of the leaf;	[1]	A – refs to oxygen, carbon dioxide, water vapour, open and close stomata

		Page 9	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper]
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(b)	(i) 6 pr	n;		[1]			
	(ii) poin	its correctly plotted;	\pm half mm square		A – up to 2 plot	ting errors	
	poin	its joined by line;		[2]			
	(iii) from 4:30 pm (\pm 10) to 4:50 am (\pm 10);			[1]	A – values, in c	orrect sequence	e, from candidate's graph
	(iv) they	are open;		[1]			
	(v) light	·. ·,		[1]			
	rem incro incro OR rise air c incro OR fall i air c incro	ease rate of diffusio in temperature; can hold more water eases rate of diffusi n humidity (in atmo can hold more water	lient / easier for diffusion to occur / n; on / increases diffusion gradient; sphere); vapour; lient / increases rate of diffusion /	,	 A – light intensi A – stomata op 	ty increases;	set of responses below:
	Any set	of three – 1 mark e	ach	[3]			
				[Total: 13]			

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9	(a)	girl in GB eats much more than the girl in Africa;	[1]	A – correct numerical response based on data in table
	(b)	 as less excess sugars converted to fat; African girl less likely to be obese; less acid formed by bacteria (from sweets and sugar); less likely to suffer from tooth decay; 		
		Any two – 1 mark each	[2]	
	(c)	 cannot form new cytoplasm / cell membranes / enzymes; growth slower / less growth (of bones and muscles) / ref to kwashiorkor; OR difficulty in producing some hormones; onset of puberty / development delayed; Either response pattern – 2 marks 	[2]	2 A – refs to maintenance, repair
			[Total: 5]	