## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/52

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



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## Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

separates marking points

separates alternatives within a marking point

• R reject

max

• ignore mark as if this material was not present

accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
AW alternative wording (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)
words underlined (or grammatical variants of them) must be present

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded

mark independently
 ecf
 the second mark may be given even if the first mark is wrong
 credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response
 the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

ora or reverse argument AVP any valid point

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		Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance			
1	(a) (i)	table drawn with (ruled) lines and distinct columns or rows;		example layo	example layout:		
		both headings correct: <u>leaf</u> size/piece/area <b>and</b> time;		leaf		time/s	
		correct units in column/row headings only;		size/mm	(piece)1	(piece)2	(piece)3
		times recorded in each row;		10 × 10			
			[4]	15 × 15			
	(ii)	mean time $10\text{mm} \times 10\text{mm}$ and mean time $15\text{mm} \times 15\text{mm}$ ;	[1]	units must be	e included to av	vard mark	
	(iii)	larger (leaf size) is faster/smaller (leaf size) is slower;	[1]				

	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(b) (i)	bubbles;		
	detailed description of bubbles / description of leaf movement;	[2]	
(b) (ii)	oxygen is produced;		
	reference to action of catalase;		
	bubbles of (oxygen/gas/air) collect on the leaf and cause it to rise/AW;		
	(oxygen/gas) is less dense so leaf rises;	max [2]	

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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c)	either: quicker as there is more cut edge/more damaged cells;		
	(so) has more catalase exposed to peroxide;		
	(so) produces more oxygen;		
	or. slower because leaf piece is heavier/AW;		
	not enough gas/oxygen to lift extra mass;	max [2]	

	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(d) (i)	amount /quantity/volume/concentration of hydrogen peroxide solution;		
	type of leaf/species of leaf/same leaf;		
	same distance moved by leaf/tubes marked at same height or at 40 mm;		
	mass/size of metal wire ;	max [1]	

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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(ii)	timing three tubes at same time;		marking points in pairs: 1 mark for the error and 1 mark for
	measure each separately ;		the improvement
	cutting the leaves accurately;		
	use a cutter of known size/cork borer of known diameter/cut around a template;		
	using different parts/thickness/age of the leaf;		
	cut leaves from same part/same thickness/same age;		
	measuring volume of peroxide with a drawn line/AW;		
	(instead) measure out exact volume using syringe/burette/pipette/measuring cylinder/AW;		
	metal wire may damage leaf/may react with hydrogen peroxide;		
	use wire that does not cause damage/is unreactive;		
	using the same hydrogen peroxide for both leaves/AW;		
	use fresh peroxide so concentration is the same;	max [2]	

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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(d) (iii)	idea of replacing the peroxide with water/leaf with paper / using a boiled leaf;		
	reference to keeping the rest of the experiment unchanged/describe the same experimental conditions;	[2]	
(e) (i)	axes – labelled with units and suitable scale;		
	size – occupies at least half the grid;		
	plot – all points plotted accurately ± ½ square;		
	bars – same width and same size gap between each bar;	[4]	

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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(ii)	description:		
	leaf Z is the fastest/leaf W the slowest/AW;		max 2 marks for description and max 2 marks for conclusion
	sequence is Z > X > Y > W; ora		
	comparative use of data ;		
	conclusion:		
	different species have different amounts/activity of catalase/enzyme;		
	leaf Z has more/more active, catalase than any of the other leaves/AW; <b>ora</b>		
	leaf Z (hairy so) traps more bubbles ;		
	leaf W has thicker veins/more vascular tissue, so heavier;	max [3]	
		Total [24]	

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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		Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
2	(a) (i)	allow any single value in the range 48–58;	[1]	
	(ii)	$\frac{18}{\text{value from (i)}} \times 100 ;$		allow ecf from 2(a)(i)
		31 – 39 (%) ;	[2]	answer must be to nearest whole number award 2 marks for correct answer with no working shown
	(b)	cell B has no clear nucleus/nuclear membrane/nuclear envelope; ora		
		cell B chromosomes/chromatids present/AW; ora		
		cell B has no nucleolus (in the nucleus); ora	max [2]	

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c) (i)	whole drawing uses single clear lines with no shading;		
	drawing occupies at least half of the space provided;		
	cell shape is approximately twice as long as wide and cell wall shown as separate layer around some of the cell;		
	individual chromosomes drawn as double lines resembling the arrangement in photograph;		
	label line to a chromosome ;	[5]	
(ii)	line drawn along length of Fig. 2.2;		
	measurement recorded in mm;	[2]	

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	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(iii)	length measured from Fig. 2.2 800 correct answer;	[2]	
(d)	X has layers of cells/Y has no layers/AW;		
	X has different types of cells/Y cells all look similar/AW;		
	Y cells are invading/spreading into X/AW;		
	cells in Y are breaking away from rest of cells on surface/cells in X remain within outer layer/AW;		
	cells in Y have large(er) nuclei/nucleus fills almost all the cell/cells in X have small(er)/various sizes of nuclei/AW;	max [2]	
		Total [16]	