

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

0439/13

CHEMISTRY (US)

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2014

45 Minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Center number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

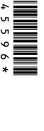
## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

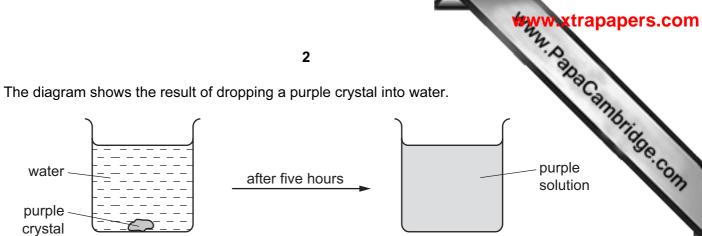
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.





1 The diagram shows the result of dropping a purple crystal into water.



Which processes take place in this experiment?

	chemical reaction	diffusing	dissolving
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	✓	X	✓
С	x	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓

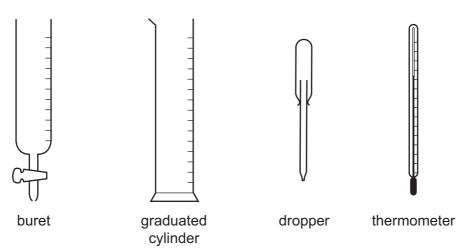
2 Alcohol and water are completely miscible. This means when mixed together they form only one liquid layer.

Which method is used to separate alcohol from water?

- crystallization
- filtration В
- C fractional distillation
- precipitation D

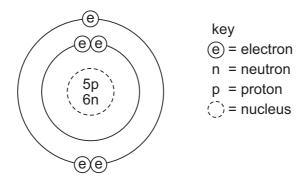


3 The four pieces of apparatus shown below are used in chemical experiments.



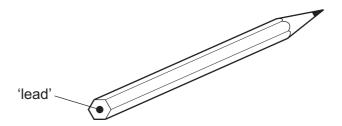
Which statement about the apparatus is correct?

- **A** The buret measures the volume of liquid added in a titration.
- **B** The graduated cylinder measures the mass of a substance used in an experiment.
- **C** The dropper measures the volume of gas given off in a reaction.
- **D** The thermometer measures the density of a solution.
- **4** The diagram shows the structure of an atom of element X.



What is X?

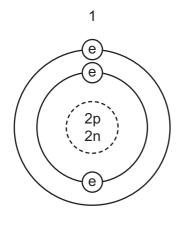
- **A** boron
- **B** carbon
- C sodium
- **D** sulfur

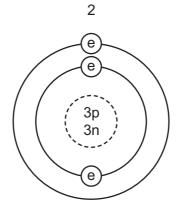


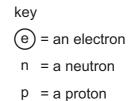
When the percentage of graphite is increased, the pencil slides across the paper more easily.

Which statement explains this observation?

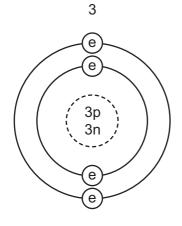
- A Graphite has a high melting point.
- **B** Graphite is a form of carbon.
- C Graphite is a lubricant.
- **D** Graphite is a nonmetal.
- **6** The diagrams show four particles.

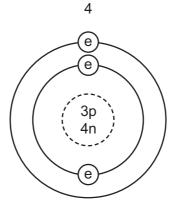






( ) = nucleus





Which two diagrams show atoms that are isotopes of each other?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 2 and 4

7 Solid F is an element.

Solid G is a compound.

Neither solid conducts electricity but G conducts electricity when dissolved in water.

These properties suggest that F is .....1..... and that G is .....2..... with .....3..... bonds.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3		
Α	diamond	AgC1	covalent		
В	diamond	NaC1	ionic		
С	graphite	AgC1	ionic		
D	graphite	NaC1	covalent		

8 In athletics, banned drugs such as nandrolone have been taken illegally to improve performance. Nandrolone has the molecular formula  $C_{18}H_{26}O_2$ .

What is the relative molecular mass,  $M_r$ , of nandrolone?

(Relative atomic mass: H = 1; C = 12; O = 16)

- **A** 46
- **B** 150
- **C** 274
- **D** 306
- **9** A compound contains one atom of calcium, two atoms of hydrogen and two atoms of oxygen.

What is the correct chemical formula of the compound?

- A CaO<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>
- **B** HOCaOH
- C H<sub>2</sub>CaO<sub>2</sub>
- D Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- 10 Element X is in Group I of the Periodic Table. X reacts with element Y to form an ionic compound.

Which equation shows the process that takes place when X forms ions?

- **A**  $X + e^- \rightarrow X^+$
- $\textbf{B} \quad \textbf{X} \, \, \textbf{e}^{\scriptscriptstyle{-}} \, \rightarrow \, \textbf{X}^{\scriptscriptstyle{-}}$
- $\textbf{C} \quad X \ \textbf{+} \ e^- \rightarrow X^-$
- $\mathbf{D} \quad \mathbf{X} \mathbf{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathbf{X}^{+}$
- 11 Which substance will **not** conduct electricity?
  - **A** aluminum
  - **B** copper
  - **C** plastic
  - **D** steel



- **12** Two chemical processes are described below.
  - In the combustion of methane, energy is .....1.....
  - In the electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide, energy is .....2......

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2		
Α	given out	given out		
В	given out	taken in		
С	taken in	given out		
D	taken in	taken in		

13 Which equation shows an oxidation reaction?

$$A \quad C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$$

$$\textbf{B} \quad \text{CaCO}_3 \, \rightarrow \, \text{CaO} \, + \, \text{CO}_2$$

**C** CaO + 2HC
$$l \rightarrow$$
 CaC $l_2$  + H<sub>2</sub>O

$$\textbf{D} \quad N_2O_4 \, \rightarrow \, 2NO_2$$

14 Some reactions are endothermic.

How does the temperature and energy change in an endothermic reaction?

	temperature change	energy change
Α	decreases	energy taken in
В	decreases	energy given out
С	increases	energy taken in
D	increases	energy given out

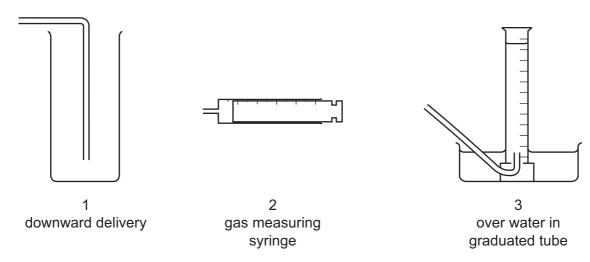
15 Which products are formed at the anode and cathode when electricity is passed through molten lead(II) bromide?

	anode (+)	cathode (–)
Α	bromide ions	lead ions
В	bromine molecules	lead atoms
С	lead atoms	bromine molecules
D	lead ions	bromide ions

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The volume of carbon dioxide gas given off is measured at different intervals of time.

The diagram shows pieces of apparatus used to collect gases.



Which apparatus is suitable to collect and measure the volume of the carbon dioxide?

**A** 1, 2 and 3

**B** 2 and 3 only

C 1 only

**D** 3 only

17 In separate experiments, a catalyst is added to a reaction mixture and the temperature of the mixture is decreased.

What are the effects of these changes on the rate of the reaction?

	catalyst added	temperature decreased		
Α	faster	faster		
В	faster	slower		
С	slower	faster		
D	slower	slower		

- 18 Which statements about alkalis are correct?
  - 1 When reacted with an acid, the pH of the alkali increases.
  - 2 When tested with litmus, the litmus turns blue.
  - When warmed with an ammonium salt, ammonia gas is given off.

**A** 1. 2 and 3

**B** 1 and 2 only

C 1 and 3 only

**D** 2 and 3 only



- 19 Which acid reacts with ammonia to produce the salt ammonium sulfate?
  - A hydrochloric
  - **B** nitric
  - C phosphoric
  - **D** sulfuric
- **20** The equation shows a reaction that is reversed by changing the conditions.

forward reaction 
$$CuSO_4.5H_2O \longrightarrow CuSO_4 + 5H_2O$$

How can the forward reaction be reversed?

	by adding water	by heating			
Α	✓	✓			
В	✓	×			
С	X	✓			
D	X	x			

21 Only two elements are liquid at 20 °C. One of these elements is shiny and conducts electricity.

This suggests that this element is a .....1..... and therefore its oxide is .....2......

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2			
Α	metal	acidic			
В	metal	basic			
С	nonmetal	acidic			
D	nonmetal	basic			

22 An element melts at 1455 °C, has a density of 8.90 g/cm<sup>3</sup> and forms a green chloride.

Where in the Periodic Table is this element found?

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								ç	9							1	Par		
eleme	nt m	elts a	at 14	55°C	C, ha	s a d	ensit	y of 8	8.90	g/cn	n³ an	d for	ms a	gree	en ch	lorid	e. **	Car.	
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- 23 Why is argon gas used to fill electric lamps?
  - It conducts electricity.
  - В It glows when heated.
  - It is less dense than air. C
  - **D** It is not reactive.
- 24 Which statement about the Periodic Table is correct?
  - Α Elements in the same period have the same number of outer electrons.
  - **B** The elements on the left are usually gases.
  - C The most metallic elements are on the left.
  - D The relative atomic mass of the elements increases from right to left.
- **25** Aqueous sodium hydroxide is added to solid X and the mixture is heated.

A green precipitate is formed and an alkaline gas is given off.

Which ions are present in X?

- A NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> and Fe<sup>2+</sup>
- **B**  $NH_4^+$  and  $Fe^{3+}$
- C OH<sup>-</sup> and Fe<sup>2+</sup>
- **D** OH<sup>-</sup> and Fe<sup>3+</sup>

[Turn over © UCLES 2014

te hydrolowing obs 26 In an experiment, three test-tubes labeled X, Y and Z were half-filled with dilute hydro A different metal was added to each test-tube. After a few minutes the following ob were made.

In tube X, bubbles slowly rose to the surface.

In tube Y, there was a rapid release of bubbles.

In tube Z, no bubbles were produced.

Which three metals match the observations?

	tube X	tube Y	tube Z		
Α	copper	zinc	iron		
В	magnesium	iron	copper		
С	zinc	magnesium	copper		
D	zinc	magnesium	iron		

27 The diagrams show two items that may be found in the home. Each item contains zinc.



zinc plated bucket

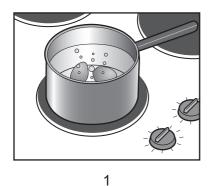


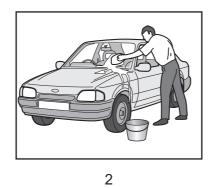
brass door-knocker

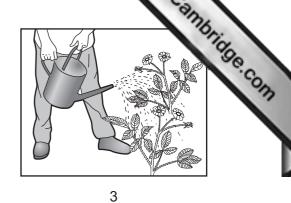
In which is zinc used as an alloy?

	bucket	door-knocker
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	X
С	X	✓
D	×	×

**28** The diagram shows some uses of water in the home.







For which uses is it important for the water to have been treated?

- A 1 only
- **B** 2 only
- **C** 3 only
- **D** 1, 2 and 3

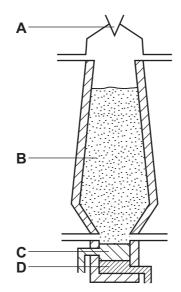
29 The table shows properties of four metals.

Which metal is the most suitable for aircraft construction?

	density	strength	resistance to corrosion
Α	high	high	low
В	high	low	low
С	low	high	high
D	low	low	high

**30** The diagram shows a blast furnace.

In which part is iron ore changed to iron?



12

water.

31 Acid rain is formed when sulfur dioxide and oxides of nitrogen dissolve in rain water.

Which problem is **not** caused by acid rain?

- A breathing difficulties
- **B** dying trees
- C erosion of statues
- **D** lowered pH of lakes
- 32 Which compound contains two of the three essential elements needed for a complete fertiliser?
  - A ammonium chloride
  - B ammonium nitrate
  - C ammonium phosphate
  - **D** ammonium sulfate
- 33 Four steel paper clips are treated as described before being placed in a beaker of water.

Which paper clip rusts most quickly?

- A coated with grease
- B dipped in paint and allowed to dry
- C electroplated with zinc
- D washed with soap and rinsed
- **34** When compound X is heated, it changes colour from green to black. Compound Y is formed and a gas is given off which turns limewater milky.

What are X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	calcium carbonate	calcium oxide
В	copper carbonate	carbon
С	copper carbonate	copper oxide
D	copper sulfate	copper oxide



35 Which type of compound is shown?

- A alcohol
- **B** alkane
- C alkene
- D carboxylic acid
- **36** The table shows the composition of four different types of petroleum (crude oil).

fraction	Arabian Heavy /%	Arabian Light /%	Iranian Heavy /%	North Sea /%
gasoline	18	21	21	23
kerosene	11.5	13	13	15
diesel oil	18	20	20	24
fuel oil	52.5	46	46	38

Which type of petroleum is best for the motor vehicle industry?

- A Arabian Heavy
- **B** Arabian Light
- C Iranian Heavy
- D North Sea
- 37 Which pollutant gas is produced by the decomposition of vegetation?
  - A carbon monoxide
  - **B** methane
  - C nitrogen oxide
  - **D** sulfur dioxide

**38** X, Y and Z are three hydrocarbons.

What do compounds X, Y and Z have in common?

- 1 They are all alkenes.
- 2 They are all part of the same homologous series.
- 3 They all have the same boiling point.
- **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- C 1 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 3 only

39 Alkenes are manufactured by cracking hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum.



Which row describes the process of cracking?

	size of X molecules	size of Y molecules	catalyst required	temperature required
Α	large	small	no	low
В	large	small	yes	high
С	small	large	no	low
D	small	large	yes	high

- **40** Which statements about ethanol are correct?
  - 1 It can be made by fermentation.
  - 2 It is an unsaturated compound.
  - 3 It burns in air and can be used as a fuel.
  - **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- C 1 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 3 only

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DATA SHEET	The Periodic Table of the Elements
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			16	173   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   176   176   170
0	4 <b>He</b> Helium	20 Neon 10 Argon	18 84 Kryplon 36 Kryplon 131 Xe Xe Xenon 86 Radon	Laterium 71 Laterium 103 Column 1
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<u>.</u>			59 Cobalt 27 L103 Rh Rhodium 45 L192 Lr Indium 77	Sm Samarium 62 Pu Pu Putonium 94 Ss is 24 dl
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