

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

## **0620 CHEMISTRY**

0620/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum mark 80

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Grade threshold	<b>ds</b> for Syllabus	s 0620 (Chem	istry) in the Ju	ne 2005 exan	hination.	Cambridge Com
	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	ade:	17
	mark available	А	С	E	F	
Component 3	80	58	30	16	11	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.



June 2005

IGCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0620/03

CHEMISTRY Extended Theory

				WILL WAR	trapapers.com
Pa	ige 1		Mark Scheme IGCSE – JUNE 2005	Syllabus 0620	2
1 (a	) (i)	, c b	larker <b>or</b> actual colours hlorine yellow, yellow/green oromine orange, brown, brownish red odine black grey, purple		ABCAMBHIGGE.COM
	(ii		<u>as, liquid, solid</u> Il three needed		[1] 977
	(ii		olourless <b>or</b> (pale) yellow as		[1] [1]
(b	<b>)</b> M	lust	have a correct reagent otherwise wc = 0		
	ye	ellov	hlorine water <b>or</b> bubble in chlorine gas v <b>or</b> orange <b>or</b> brown brown <b>or</b> grey crystals		[1] [1]
			ept colour that is darker than for bromide)		[1]
	of y€	ff wł ellov	idd (acidified) silver nitrate(aq) nite <b>or</b> pale yellow <b>or</b> cream <u>precipitate</u> <b>or</b> soluble in aqu v <u>precipitate</u> insoluble in aqueous ammonia pitate essential then either colour <b>or</b> solubility in aqueous		[1] [1] [1]
	ра	ale y	idd lead nitrate(aq) /ellow <b>or</b> off white <b>or</b> cream <u>precipitate</u> v <u>precipitate</u> insoluble in aqueous ammonia		[1] [1] [1]
			<b>pt</b> any test that could work – electrolysis, iron(III) salt ine, potassium dichromate, potassium manganate(VII) e	tc.	
(c			$3Cl_2 = 2ICl_3$ aving either reactants <b>or</b> products correct ONLY [1]		[2]
(d	l) cł C		ne D lower M <sub>r</sub> <b>or</b> lower density <b>or</b> lighter molecules <b>or</b> mole	cules move faster	[1] [2]
	0	R	lighter <b>or</b> based on A <sub>r</sub> MAX [1] smaller with no additional comment <b>or</b> sieve idea [0] <b>N.B.</b> a total of [3] not [2]		
				тот	AL = 12
2 (a	,		$I_2 = Zn^{2+} + 2I^{-}$ aving either reactants <b>or</b> products correct ONLY [1]		[2]
(b			nc and sodium hydroxide white precipitate lves in excess (only if precipitate mentioned)		[1] [1]
	Μ	lark	nc and ammonia same results either first (sodium hydroxide <b>or</b> aqueous ammonia), if onal [1] can be awarded for stating that the other has the		<b>[1]</b> , then an

Pag	e 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	S.
		IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0620	No.
(c)	(i)	zinc <u>and</u> a reason Do not mark conseq to iodine in excess		Canno.
	(ii)	final mass of zinc bigger <b>or</b> the level section higher <b>or</b> less gradient less steep <b>or</b> longer time <b>or</b> falls more slowly	ss zinc used	dup [1
	(iii)	steeper gradient same loss of mass of zinc		[1 [1
				TOTAL = 1
a)	(i)	$CH_3$ - $CH$ == $CH_2$		[1
	(ii)	<b>conseq</b> to <b>(i)</b> correct repeat unit <b>COND</b> evidence of continuation		[1 [1
	(iii)	monomer COND because it has a double bond <b>or</b> unsaturated <b>or</b> a NOT addition	ilkene	[1 [1
(b)	(i)	to remove fibres <b>or</b> remove solid <b>NOT</b> precipitate, <b>NOT</b> impurities, <b>NOT</b> to obtain a filtrate		[1
	(ii)	because silver atoms have <u>lost electrons</u> <b>OR</b> oxidation number increased		[1
	(iii)	silver chloride		[1
(c)	(i)	name of an ester formula of an ester if they do not correspond MAX [1] <b>Accept</b> name - terylene for formula ester linkage and continuation If a 'fat' complete structure must be correct e.g. C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> et Mark for formula only - [1]	c.	[1 [1
	(ii)	alcohol <b>or</b> alkanol <b>NOT</b> a named alcohol		[1
(d)	(i)	acid loses a proton base accepts a proton		[2 [1
		<b>OR</b> same explanation but acid loses a hydrogen <u>ion</u> (1 and base gains hydrogen <u>ion</u> (1)	)	
	(ii)	only partially ionised <b>or</b> poor hydrogen ion donor <b>or</b> poor <b>NOT</b> does not form many hydrogen ions in water <b>or</b> low of ions <b>NOT</b> pH		

**TOTAL = 15** 

Page	e 3		Scheme	Syllabus	en la constante
(a)	• •	correct word equation (carl Accept correct symbol equ		0620	VaCambr.
		Must have a correct reager add (acidified) barium chlor <b>COND</b> white precipitate <b>NOT</b> lead(II) compounds		arium ions	oapacambr. [1]
	• •	low pH <b>or</b> universal indicat pH 3 <b>or</b> less	or turns red(aq)		[1]
(b)		$H_2S + 2O_2 = H_2SO_4$ unbalanced [1]			[2]
		unpleasant smell <b>or</b> it is p dioxide <b>or</b> forms sulphuric <b>NOT</b> it is a pollutant	ooisonous <b>or</b> when burnt f acid	forms acid rain <b>or</b> for	ms sulphui <b>[1</b> ]
	. ,	2H to 1S COND 8e around sulphur a 2e per hydrogen atom THREE correct TWO from above [1] Ionic structure = [0]	atom		[2]
(c)	(i)	vanadium oxide <b>or</b> vanadiu Must be correct oxidation		entoxide or $V_2O_5$	[1]
	(ii)	400 to 500° C			[1]
		add to (concentrated) sulpl <b>COND</b> (upon sulphuric acid			[1] [1]
moles of CaS		as of one mole of $CaSO_4 =$ es of $CaSO_4$ in 79.1g = 0.5 es of H <sub>2</sub> O in 20.9 g = 1.16 seq x = 2	58 accept 0.6		[1] [1] [1]
				т	OTAL = 16
(a)		A is glutamic acid B is alanine <b>Accept</b> names only, <b>NOT</b> I	R <sub>f</sub> values		[1] [1]
	• •	because acids are colourle or to show positions of the			[1]
		compare with known acids <b>Accept</b> from colours of sar		tandards	[1]
		amide linkage <b>COND</b> different monomers continuation <b>Accept</b> hydrocarbon part o If nylon 6 then only one mo	of chain as boxes	onomers	[1] [1] [1]

age 4	Mark Sche IGCSE – JUN		Syllabus 0620	
CO	rrect structure as syllabus (box re rrect linkageO ntinuation	presentation)	Syllabus 0620	mbrid
c) (i)	$C_6H_{12}O_6 = 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2$ not balanced [1] Accept $C_2H_6O$			[2]
(ii)	gives out <u>energy</u> <b>or</b> equivalent <b>NOT</b> heat N.B. a total of [1] not [2]			[1]
(iii	) glucose used up <b>or</b> yeast 'killed <b>NOT</b> yeast used up	' by ethanol <b>NOT</b> reactant use	ed up	[1]
(iv	) oxidise alcohol to acid <b>or</b> to ethan or to carbon dioxide and water or if oxygen present aerobic res or cannot have anaerobic respire NOT it is anaerobic respiration,	spiration ation in presence of oxy		[1]
(v)	fractional distillation			[1]
			TOTAL	= 15
) (i)	bauxite			[1]
(ii)	to reduce melting point <b>or</b> impro <b>or</b> as a solvent <b>or</b> reduce the we	•		[1]
(iii	) carbon dioxide <b>or</b> monoxide <b>or</b> :	fluorine		[1]
) (i)	aluminium			[1]
(ii)	solution goes colourless <b>or</b> copp or a <u>brown solid</u> forms <b>or</b> blue of or bubbles <b>NOT</b> goes clear <b>or</b> copper forme	olour disappears		[1]
(iii	) covered with an <u>oxide layer</u>			[1]
,	action	no reaction reaction		[1] [1]
l) (i)	$2Al(OH)_3 = Al_2O_3 + 3H_2O$ Not balanced [1]			[2]
(ii)	Aluminium nitrate = aluminium only TWO correct products [1]	n oxide + nitrogen dioxid	le + oxygen	[2]
			TOTAL	= 12