

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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Pa	age 2	2 Mark Scheme Syllabus IGCSE – May/June 2013 0620	- All
(a)	Tab	ole of results for Experiment 1	Cant
	initi	ial and final volumes and differences completed correctly (1)	1
	with	hin ± 2 Supervisor (1)	
	all r	results (both tables) to 1 or 2 decimal places (including 0.0) (1)	[3
(b)	Tab	ole of results for Experiment 2	
	initi	ial and final volumes and differences completed correctly (1)	
	titre	e lower than experiment (1)	
	with	hin ± 2 Supervisor (1)	[3
(c)	(i)	to speed up the reaction / owtte (1)	[
	(ii)	colourless (1) not: clear, to brown / pink / purple / lilac / mauve (1)	[2
	(iii)	not an acid / alkali reaction or potassium manganate is coloured / self indicating owtte (1)	[′
(d)	(i)	experiment 1 allow: ecf from results (1)	[1
	(ii)	experiment 1 (about) 2x volume experiment 2 – <u>quantitative relations</u> allow: ecf from results	hip required. [²
	(iii)	solution B / experiment 1 more concentrated / stronger or converse (1	1)
		(about) 2x as concentrated - <u>quantitative statement (1)</u>	[2
(e)	half	f value from table result for experiment 2 (1) cm ³ (1)	
	half	f volume / amount (of C) used (1)	[3
(f)	•	th) oxidation (1) d) reduction (occur) (1)	
		cept: answers using definitions of oxidation in terms of: /gen / hydrogen / electrons / oxidation numbers	
	tran	nsfer of electrons scores 2	[2
(g)	adv	/antage: easy to use / quick / convenient (1)	
	disa	advantage: not accurate owtte (1)	[2

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Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	r
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	2
bubbles / 1	fizz (ignore references to colour / ppt) (1)		amb
(a) pH = ⁻	7 (accept any in range 5 to 7, must be a numbe	er) (1)	198
	/hite precipitate (1) issolves / clears (1)	Syllabus 0620	[2]
	white precipitate (1) nsoluble / does not dissolve (1) (dependent on a	a ppt having been formed)	[2]
(c) no ch	ange / colourless solution / no ppt / no reaction	(1)	[1]
(d) white	(1) precipitate (1)		[2]
(e) bubbl	es / fizz / effervescence (1)		
limew	vater (1) milky (1)		[3]
white	(1) precipitate (1)		[2]
(f) alumii	nium (1) sulfate (1)		[2]
(g) carbo	n dioxide (1)		[1]
(h) calciu	ım (1) carbonate (1)		[2]

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