

#### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CHEMISTRY 0620/52

Paper 2 Practical Test May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This syllabus is regulated for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



#### 0620/52

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#### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- · marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- · marks are not deducted for errors
- · marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

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### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer Answer	
1(a)	M1 all 4 time boxes completed	1
	M2 in seconds	1
	M3 Time increasing down table	1
1(b)	Any three from:	3
	<ul> <li>fizz / bubbles / effervescence</li> <li>tube feels hot</li> <li>magnesium disappears/gets smaller</li> <li>(lighted splint) 'pops'</li> </ul>	
1(c)	M1 appropriate – axis scale	1
	M2 all points plotted correctly	1
	M3 best fit smooth line graph	1
1(d)	M1 extrapolation of graph line shown	1
	M2 value from graph given	1
	<b>M3</b> s	1
1(e)(i)	(length) is a control variable	1
1(e)(ii)	times / results would be lower / smaller / less (because less magnesium is used)	1

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Question	Answer	Marks				
1(f)	apparatus:  M1 gas syringe / measuring cylinder over water (must relate to measurements)	1				
	measurements: M2 volume of gas	1				
	M3 time	1				
1(g)(i)	exothermic / redox / displacement	1				
1(g)(ii)	hydrogen / H <sub>2</sub>	1				

Question	Answer					
tests on solid L						
2(a)	lilac / mauve / pink					
2(b)	M1 (solid turns into) liquid					
	M2 condensation / drops (on side of tube) / steam	1				
	M3 (blue) cobalt(II) chloride paper turns pink	1				
2(c)	Any pH in the range 0 to 4 inclusive					
2(d)(i)	brown precipitate					
2(d)(ii)	Any two from:	2				
	<ul> <li>(red) litmus</li> <li>turns blue</li> <li>Pungent smell</li> </ul>					
2(e)	brown precipitate					
2(f)	no reaction / change / precipitate	1				
2(g)	white precipitate	1				
2(h)	hydrated	1				
2(i)	iron(III) / Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1				
	ammonium / NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	1				
	sulfate / SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1				
	FeNH <sub>4</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> scores all 3					

Question			Marks	larks		
3	Any six po	ints from:				6
	M1	cru	sh / powder azurite / ore / lum	ps		
	M2	using a suitable	method e.g. pestle and / or m	nortar, hammer		
	М3	heat	add (dil	ute) acid		
	M4	in crucible / test-tube / boiling tube / etc.	suitable stror	ng acid named		
	M5	with carbon / coke / iron / zinc / aluminium / magnesium / CO / hydrogen	electrolysis (of solution)	add iron / zinc / magnesium / aluminium		
	M6	reduction / redox / displacem ent	at negative electrode / cathode	displacement / redox		
	M7		brown / pink (solid forms)			

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