

Maximum Mark: 50

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE0478/21Paper 2May/June 2016MARK SCHEME4

Published

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Section A

1 (a) (i) Many correct answers, names must be meaningful. This is an example only.

```
Length, real/integer, length of parcel

Breadth, real/integer, breadth of parcel

Height, real/integer, Height of parcel

[3]
```

(ii) Several correct answers, they must be meaningful. These are examples only.

```
Dimension, 80
TotalDimension 200
MaxWeight 10.00 [2]
```

(b) Any **5** from:

- input length, breadth, height and weight
- check each dimension, not more than 80
- check total of dimensions, not more than 200
- check weight at least 1
- check weight not more than 10
- output parcel accepted (must be in appropriate position)
- output parcel rejected (must be in appropriate position)
- output all reasons for rejecting parcel (reason must follow test)

Max 5 marks

Sample Answer.

```
INPUT Length, Breadth, Height, Weight
IF Length <= 80 AND Breadth <= 80 AND Height <= 80 AND Weight >= 1
AND Weight <=10 AND Length + Breadth + Height <= 200 THEN
    PRINT 'Parcel accepted'
    ELSE
        PRINT 'Parcel rejected'
        IF Length > 80 OR Breadth > 80 OR Height > 80 THEN
            PRINT 'At least one dimension too large'
        ENDIF
        IF Weight < 1 THEN
            PRINT 'Parcel too light'
        ENDIF
        IF weight > 10 THEN
            PRINT 'Parcel too heavy'
        ENDIF
```

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(c) 1 mark for the data set and 1 mark for the matching reason all, data sets and reasons must be different. There are many possible correct answers these are examples only.

Data set 30, 29, 28, 4

Reason - normal data; parcel should be accepted

Data set 80, 60, 60, 10

Reason - boundary data; parcel should be accepted

Data set - 85, 60, 60, 11

Reason – abnormal data; parcel should be rejected

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(d) Maximum 4 marks in total, maximum 2 marks if only programming statements used.

Explanation (may include reference to programming statements)

- loop for number of parcels
- parcels 5 kg or less use standard price
- over 5 kg use weight to calculate price
- Correct calculation of price
- keep running total of consignment price

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Section B

2 (i) 1 mark for each change

> Change variable name in every instance as needs to be meaningful e.g. Large Set this variable to a low value

line 5: change comparison from < to >

[3]

(ii) 3 marks maximum, 1 mark for each change correctly included.

```
1
  Large = 0
2
  Counter = 0
3
  REPEAT
     INPUT Num
4
5
     IF Num > Large THEN Large = Num
6
     Counter = Counter + 1
7 UNTIL Counter = 10
8 PRINT Large
```

[3]

3 (i) Name type – string Gender type - char/string Status type – char/string Fee type – real Team member type – Boolean

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(ii) Data Structure – several Arrays

......Reason – to simplify programming/ make programs shorter/index can be used to identify the same member across the arrays etc.

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Riders	Reject	Height	Output
0	0		
1		1.4	
2		1.3	
	1	1.1	
3		1.3	
	2	1.0	
4		1.5	
5		1.2	
6		1.3	
7		1.4	
8		1.3	
			Ready to go 2
(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)

5 - FOR (... TO ... NEXT)...

- ... a set number of iterations
- -WHILE (... DO ... ENDWHILE) ...
- ... used where the loop may never be executed/whilst a specified condition exists

[4]

[4]

- 6 (a) all (fields) have (1 mark) duplicate entries (1 mark)
 - none (of the fields) (1 mark) have unique entries(1 mark)

[2]

- **(b)** e.g. StaffNumber
 - Uniquely identifies each member of staff//no duplicates//different for each member of staff

[2]

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(c)

Field:	Department	Name			
Table:	STAFFPHONE	STAFFPHONE			
Sort:	Ascending	Ascending			
Show:	\square	Ø			
Criteri					
a:					
or:					
	(2 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark for correct order and number of fields show				