

### Cambridge IGCSE™ (9–1)

COMPUTER SCIENCE		0984/22
Paper 2		October/November 2021
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 50		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **13** printed pages.

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### Cambridge IGCSE (9–1) – Mark Scheme

### **PUBLISHED**

### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond
  the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks					
	Section A						
1(a)(i)	One mark per point  Variable PassengerID// StartStage  Use Storing the unique ID number of the passenger// Storing/inputting the start stage of the journey	2					
1(a)(ii)	ne mark per point P1 Name of array P2 Data type of array P3 Sample data for array P4 Use of array P5 At least two complete arrays with all of the above  P6 purpleyStage1 string P7 C1 to store the code for the home to start station						
	JourneyStage1 string C1 to store the code for the home to start station  PriceStage1 real 1.50 to store the price of first stage of the journey						
1(b)	One mark per bullet point MP1 Use of validation check, e.g. range check, type check, presence check, length check, format check MP2 Use of conditional statement to check if the validation fails MP3 a re-entry is requested MP4 Use of loop to repeat the process until an acceptable answer is input MP5 More than one appropriate validation check used / described.	3					
1(c)	Use of loop to repeat the process until an acceptable answer is input						

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Example answer  // Tasks 1 and 2 completed  IF CollectedTime[Index] > 10:00  THEN  JourneyCost[Index] \( - \) JourneyCost[Index] * 0.6  ENDIF  PRINT "Your journey cost is: ", JourneyCost[Index]  PRINT "Your journey details are: ", PassengerID[Index], JourneyTime[Index],  JourneyCodes[Index], JourneyID[Index]  PRINT "Are these details correct? (Y or N)"  INPUT Correct  IF Correct = "N"  THEN  WHILE Correct = "N"  PRINT "Re-enter your journey details"  PRINT "Correct passenger ID "  INPUT PassengerID[Index]  PRINT "Correct journey time "  INPUT JourneyTime[Index]  PRINT "Correct journey codes "  INPUT JourneyCodes[Index]  PRINT "Your revised journey details are: ", PassengerID[Index],  JourneyTime[Index], JourneyCodes[Index]  PRINT "Are these details correct? (Y or N)"  INPUT Correct  ENDWHILE  ENDIF  //Program continues	
1(d)	Explanation of how each of the following could be done Any four from: MP1 Declaring/using a counter to store the number of bookings for each passenger MP2 Updating the counter for the number of bookings made by each passenger MP3 Attempt to check the number of bookings MP4 for the correct condition e.g. if the number of bookings is more than 10 / equal to 10 MP5 Apply the extra discount to the total price of future journeys	4

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Question	Answer										
	Section B	Section B									
2	One mark for two correct rows Two marks for three correct rows Three marks for four correct rows.	wo marks for three correct rows									
	Statement	Validation (✓)	Verification (✓)	Neither (√)							
	a check where data is re-entered to make sure no errors have been introduced during data entry		<b>√</b>								
	an automatic check to make sure the data entered has the correct number of characters	✓									
	a check to make sure the data entered is sensible	✓									
	a check to make sure the data entered is correct			✓							

Question	Answer	Marks
3	One mark per bullet point	6
	<ul> <li>Normal test data</li> <li>Test data</li> <li>e.g. 50 (allow any number between 1 and 100 inclusive)</li> <li>Reason</li> <li>Data that is within range and should be accepted</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Extreme test data</li> <li>Test data 100 / 1</li> <li>Reason Data at the maximum / minimum end of the range and should be accepted</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Erroneous test data</li> <li>Test data e.g. 300 (allow anything that isn't between 1 and 100 inclusive, including other data types)</li> <li>Reason Data outside the range that should be rejected</li> </ul>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	One mark for error identified and suggested correction (Max three)	5
	Line 8 OUTPUT Value2 - should be INPUT Value2 Line 9 IF Operator - should be CASE OF Operator Line 15 OUTPUT "The answer is ", Value1 - should be Answer	
	The loop may be corrected using a number of alternative methods:	
	One mark for error identified and suggested correction (Max two)	
	<pre>Method 1 Line 1 Continue ← 1 should be Continue ← 0 Line 22 UNTIL Continue = 0 should be ENDWHILE // Line 2 WHILE Continue = 0 should be REPEAT and Line 22 UNTIL Continue = 0 should be Until Continue = 1</pre>	
	OR	
	Method 2 Line 2 WHILE Continue = 0 should be REPEAT Line 20 Continue ← 1 should be Continue ← 0 // Line 1 Continue ← 1 should be Continue ← 0 and Line 22 UNTIL Continue = 0 should be Until Continue = 1	
	OR	
	Method 3 Line 2 WHILE Continue = 0 should be WHILE Continue = 1 Line 20 Continue ← 1 should be Continue ← 0 and Line 22 UNTIL Continue = 0 should be ENDWHILE	

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Question		Answer	Marks										
4(a)	Corrected algo	Corrected algorithm example 1											
		1 Continue ← 0											
	2 WHILE Continue = 0 (DO) 3 OUTPUT "Enter 1 for +, 2 for -, 3 for * or 4 for /"												
	3 OUTPUT "Enter 1 for +, 2 for -, 3 for * or 4 for /"												
	4	INPUT Operator											
	5	OUTPUT "Enter the first value"											
	6	INPUT Value1											
	7	OUTPUT "Enter the second value"											
	8	INPUT Value2											
	9	<u>-</u>											
	10	1: Answer ← Value1 + Value2											
	11	2: Answer ← Value1 - Value2											
	12	3: Answer ← Value1 * Value2											
	13	4: Answer ← Value1 / Value2											
	14												
	<mark>15</mark>	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											
		OUTPUT "Do you wish to enter more values (Yes or No)?"											
	17												
	18	<pre>IF MoreValues = "No"</pre>											
	19	THEN											
	20	Continue ← 1											
		ENDIF											
	22	ENDWHILE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T											

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Question		Answer Ma									
4(a)	Corrected alg	orithm example 2									
	1 (	Continue ← 1									
	2 I	REPEAT									
	3	OUTPUT "Enter 1 for +, 2 for -, 3 for * or 4 for /"									
	4	INPUT Operator									
	5	OUTPUT "Enter the first value"									
	6	INPUT Value1									
	7	OUTPUT "Enter the second value"									
	8	INPUT Value2									
	9	CASE OF Operator									
	10	1: Answer ← Value1 + Value2									
	11	2: Answer ← Value1 - Value2									
	12	3: Answer ← Value1 * Value2									
	13	4: Answer ← Value1 / Value2									
	14	ENDCASE									
	<mark>15</mark>	OUTPUT "The answer is ", Answer									
	16	OUTPUT "Do you wish to enter more values (Yes or No)?"									
	17	INPUT MoreValues									
	18										
	19	THEN									
	20	Continue ← 0									
	21	ENDIF									
	22	UNTIL Continue = 0									

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(b)	One mark per bullet MP1 Appropriate loop (begin and end) / otherwise selection MP2 Testing both ends of condition MP3 Suitable message MP4 Input/re-input	5
	<pre>WHILE Operator &lt; 1 OR Operator &gt; 4 (DO)   OUTPUT "Enter 1, 2, 3 or 4"   INPUT Operator ENDWHILE</pre>	
	Alternative answer REPEAT  IF Operator < 1 OR Operator > 4  THEN  OUTPUT "Enter 1, 2, 3 or 4"  INPUT Operator  ENDIF  UNTIL Operator >= 1 AND Operator <= 4	
	One mark	
	After line 4 / between lines 2 and 5	

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Question					Answer
5	One mark	for each cor	rect colum	า	
	List	Value	List1	List2	OUTPUT
			0	0	
	2				
		77		77	
	2				
		16		93	
	1				
		35	35		
	2				
		-7		86	
	5				

Question	Answer							
5	List	Value	List1	List2	OUTPUT			
		18			Input Error			
	1							
		11	46					
	1							
		12	58					
	2							
		20		106				
	-1				List 1 = 58			
					List 2 = 106			
					List 2 is greatest			

Question		Answer										
6(a)(i)	InStock	nStock										
6(a)(ii)	ProductID							1				
6(b)	One mark for One mark for the contract of the	ne mark for correct fieldnames ne mark for correct table names and show fields ne mark for correct sort ne mark for correct search criteria in all columns										
	Field:	ProductID	ProductName	Animal	InStock							
	Table:	Table: STOCK STOCK STOCK										
	Sort:	Sort: Ascending										
	Show:	Show: 🗹 🗹 🗆 🗆										
	Criteria:			="cat"	=Yes							
	or:											

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