UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/01

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
		IGCSE – May/June 2008	0420
Gen	erally, one	mark per valid point. Two examples can gain two marks.	anno
(a)	(procession) any refer no need	ocessing ing) doesn't start until all data collected ence to JCL for human interaction nputer during "quiet" time/overnight	Syllabus O420 er
	example payroll sy	s /stem, billing, cheque processing	[
(b)	•	generated <u>by a device/program</u> break in execution of the program	
	example e.g. print	s er out of paper, keypress	[
(c)	into sub-	n design wn problem/task/program problem/smaller tasks/modules refinement	
	allows se	s/benefits everal programmers to work on same large task dule can easily be tested/debugged separately	[
(d)	has integ	omputer computer system/can be used anywhere rated keyboard/screen/pointing device attery/mains power not required	
	example can do in	s ternet/work/emails away from home/on train/on plane	e [
(e)	trackerb pointing of input dev	device	
		s hoose options from menus/screen icons electing objects on plant control/monitoring screens	[

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	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	er
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2	memory r multitaski multiprog handling error repo security/o loads/run schedulin job contro	gement out control management ng ramming interrupts orting/handling hecks passwords and id codes interfaces with user s programs	Syllabus 0420	[2]
3	can t lowe	one from: an alternative if staff go on strike in one country ake advantage of lower wages in some countries office rentals/building costs in many countries provide 24/7 cover		[1]
	lack of time back	one from: ble language problems of local knowledge differences ash from customers in countries where jobs lost mers often don't like call centres outside their own coun	ıtry	[1]
	reduc	one from: ced travelling costs ced wastage of time travelling to venues p training sessions at short notice		[1]
	time often can b poss	one from: of equipment to set up system initially lag if long way away sound/picture quality is poor oe difficult to interact ble language problems ent time zones		[1]
	use o	one from: of DVDs/multimedia of Computer Based Training (CBT)/CAL of internet		[1]

	Page 4			N	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
				IGCSE	– May/June 2008	0420	
4	One	e ma	rk for	each type + 1 marl	c for each matching application	dill	8
		bar	code	readers	- used in stock taking/control - used at POS terminals to acc	Syllabus 0420 ess prices	Tage
		sen	sors		- any description of control/mor		
		ОМ	R/OC	R	reading documents automaticreading multi-choice question		
		MIC	R		- automatic reading/clearing of	cheques	
		voic	e rec	ognition	- text input		
		othe	er sui	table type/device	- application		[4]
5	(a)	pro	gram/	software/code whic	ch replicates itself/copies itself		[1]
	(b)	loss	dam caus	from: age to computer file e computer to cras elf to other files	es/data h/run inefficiently/run abnormally	1	[1]
	(c)	don only use (NC	of (u 't use / reac of fire	l/open emails/attacl ewalls	software nemory sticks from unknown sou nments from known sources s, encryption, don't connect to in		[1]
	(d)	wou bac	ıldn't k up 1		er being infected by already have virus attachment alled files would then also be infe		[1]
6	(a)	(i)	direc	ct/random access			[1]
		(ii)	disk/	flash memory			[1]
	(b)	cha cha pup	nges nges il leav	•	e.g. phone no, address I e.g. marks, form, subject		[2]

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(c) Any two methods from:

put password on the computer put password on the file access rights any physical method to stop access e.g. lock office door when not in use encrypt the data on the file

21

(d) Any two from:

range check (0 to 100 only) character/type check (must be digits only) length check (must be 1–3 characters)

[2]

7	(FORWARD) 40 RIGHT 90 FORWARD 70			} } 1 mark }
	REPEAT 2	OR	RIGHT 90	}
	RIGHT 90	OR	FORWARD 50	}
	FORWARD 50	OR	RIGHT 90	} 1 mark
	ENDREPEAT	OR	FORWARD 50	}
	LEFT 90	OR	LEFT 90	}
	REPEAT 2	OR	FORWARD 20	} 1 mark
	FORWARD 20	OR	RIGHT 90	}
	RIGHT 90 ENDREPEAT FORWARD 20	OR OR	FORWARD 20 RIGHT 90 FORWARD 20	} } 1 mark }

PENUP [4]

8 (a) For example:

SOUTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES COFFEE EXPORTS 2007

(Marks gained here for either appropriately refining the search or use of quotes to narrow down the field somewhat.)

(b) Any one from:

much more information available can download text/diagrams/photos can have multimedia presentations can be interactive auto translation into foreign languages several people can access the same data at the same time usually up-to-date information available/continually changing much easier to X-reference information/can perform multiple query searches

[1]

[1]

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Pa	ge 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	er
		IC	GCSE – May/June 2008	0420	
(c)	access to so	overload nformatior d be sent be downlers gaining me "dodgy			3mbrios
(d)	Any one from email the information store the date	ormation	ion on disks/CD/DVD/flash/website		[1]
(a)	2.5 Error 3				[3]
(b)	Any one from would be full doesn't need	y tested	vritten each time section of program	needed	[1]
0 (a)	One mark fo	r each use	:		
	DVD	- savi	lications programs/software ng data for <u>use on other computers</u> ng multimedia items		
	Hard disk	- stor	es the operating system es software es data files		
	RAM		es data being used by user/work are es currently running programs	ea	[3]
(b)	One mark fo	r example	and one mark for advantage:		
	floppy disk d	rive	- suitable for small files		
	flash memor USB flash dr		non-volatile memoryis portablemore robust than hard drive		
	CD-RW write	er/reader	very common form of memorylarge memory capacity		[2]

[4]

[4]

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11 Any three features from:

data must be up to date

data can only be read/used for the purpose for which it was collected

data must be accurate

data must be destroyed/deleted when no longer required/don't keep longer than necessary

data user must register what data is used/stored

data must be used/collected fairly and lawfully

data must be held securely

data must be protected from accidental damage

only authorised people can have access to data

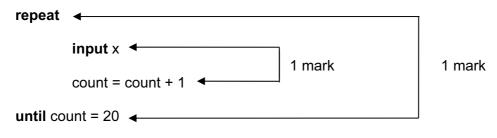
fines imposed for data mis-use

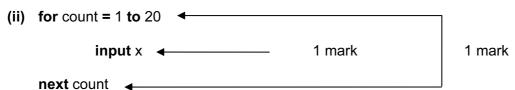
data should not be passed on to a 3rd party without owner's permission

person can view data and have it changed/removed if incorrect

safe harbour

12 (a) (i) count = 0





(b) while...do [1]

13 (a) Any three from:

content e.g. prices, pictures of CDs, sale items, etc.

hyperlinks

secure payment method

shopping basket feature

help facility e.g. site map

ability to select artist/CD/DVD title from drop down boxes

ability to do artist/title searches

currency conversions

"customer who bought this album also bought..." facility

sale confirmation by email

saved customer details (for returning customers)

ability to track the status of orders

ability to listen to tracks/watch video clips

ability to pre-order albums/DVDs

returns policy

[3]

Λ	N	W	đ	ra	b	a	b	e	rs	. C	:0	n	
1		••		ч	۲	ч	۲	•	. •	•	_	-	

[2]

	Pa	ge 8		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	or
	ı a	ge o		E – May/June 2008	0420	6
	(b)	if disable less expe	from: spent travelling to set can shop from he ensive since no trader choice of goods	shop ome velling		er Strandhade
14	(a)	far safer easier to cannot d	ensive to carry out than real thing in n do repeat tests/va	ry the parameters eality e.g. landing on Mars		[2]
	(b)			sors		[2]
15	(a)	One mar	rk for each named	method AND one mark for each	correct advantage.	
		Parallel ı	running	information not lost/alwaysallows staff to get used to		
		Phased i	implementation	still have most of system ifno expense of running boteasier to train staff as each	h systems together	
		Pilot imp	lementation	still have other systems inno expense of running botcan watch what happens/r	h systems together	
		Direct ch Big Banç	nangeover/]	time not lost/immediate usno expense of running bot		[4]
	(b)	normal	- e.g. \$0 to \$8	00 input		
		abnorma	al - e.g. < \$0, > \$	8800, letters input		
		extreme	- e.g. \$0 <u>or</u> \$8	00 input		[3]
16	(a)	type of s	rk per point ensor e.g. motion s sor is used e.g. to	sensor detect movement in the washroo	m	

how sensor is used e.g. to detect movement in the washroom signals sent back to computer reference to need for ADC between sensors and computer continuous monitoring

Syllabus

1 0	ige o	IGCSE – May/June 2008	0420
(b)	On	e mark per point	Canny
	rep unt	eat get signal from sensor 1 mark if signal then set timer = 10 1 mark else if timer = 0 then switch light off 1 mark else countdown timer 1 mark il system switched off 1 mark with	repeat [3]
(c)	mo no safe	y one from: re efficient on energy need to pay somebody to go round switching off/switch ety, no need to touch light switch with wet hands re hygienic	ing on lights [1]
17 (a)	info kno rule infe inte	y three points from: cormation from experts gathered cusing questionnaires/interviews/text books cowledge base is created es (base) created erence engine created erface with users is created by tested system with known compounds	[3]
(b)	fully	y one from: y tested/perform own tests put is given a % probability value for correctness	[1]
(c)	dor car car	y one from: I't need expensive expert to be present I act as a second opinion I be used anywhere I be used solution of the expertise doesn't exist	[1]
18 (a)	(i)	= C2 * D2	[1]
	(ii)	IF (E4 > 90000 , "Profit", "Loss") OR IF (E4 > F4 , "Profit", "Loss")	[2]
	(iii)	= SUM(F2:F8) OR = F2+F3+F4+F5+F6+F7	[1]
(b)		G7 (1 mark) (1 mark)	[2]

Mark Scheme

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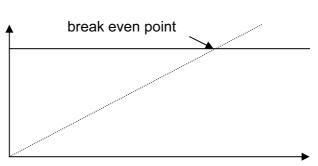
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[2]

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(c) One mark per point

draw a graph



find break even point from the graph use formulae in spreadsheet

.... to simulate what happens as number of seats sold changes (can use macro) Select tools then Goal seek...

.... set values

19 Sample algorithm:

input amount

if amount > balance then x = 1 (2 marks)

else if amount > daily limit then x = 1 (1 mark)

else x = 0

while x = 0

if balance < 100 then charge = 0.02 * amount (1 mark)

else charge = 0

(1 mark)

endwhile

if x = 1 **then print** "Sorry, withdrawal refused"

print charge (1 mark)

Marking points

- 1 mark for checking if amount > balance
- 1 mark for checking if amount > daily limit
- 1 mark for some way of testing if withdrawal will be refused (value of x in above)
- 1 mark for checking if balance < \$100...
- 1 mark ...for calculating 2% charge
- 1 mark for no charge if balance >= \$100
- 2 marks for giving correct outputs

[5]