# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 0445 DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

0445/42 Paper 42 (Systems and Control), maximum raw mark 50

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| Page 2 | M |
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|  |  |
|  |  |
| Input: |  |
| Output: | Reciry (CW) |

## Section A

1 Input: Rotary (CW)
Output: Reciprocating

2 (a) Eccentric
(b) Follower

3

| Method | Example of use |
| :--- | :--- |
| Spur gears | Lathe gear box (1) |
| Bevel gears | Hand drill (1) |
| Rack and pinion | Car steering system (1) |

4 Reduce friction/wear and tear/smooth running

5 (a) (i) Crane tower/building framework/pylons
(ii) Tanker/boat hull/car body
(b) (i) Tension
(ii) Force x perpendicular distance from pivot

6 Increases rigidity (1) and ability to withstand buckling (1)
Distribution of loading (1)

7 Strain gauge/Dial gauge

8

| Meter | Units measured | Example of use |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Ammeter | AMPS (1) | Measure current flowing through a transistor. |
| Voltmeter | Volts | Measure voltage across a potential divider. (1) |
| Multi-meter (1) | OHMS (1) | Check the continuity of an electrical lead. |


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9 (a) LDR (Light dependant resistor)
(b) Protects (1) the Transistor from back EMF (1) created by the coil of the relay.

10

[2]
[Total: 25]

## Section B

11 (a) (i) Reed switch
(ii) A burglar alarm (1) on a bicycle that is activated when the bike is moved (1).
(iii)

(b)


Appropriate example (1)
Circuit works (1)
Correctly drawn to convention (1)
(c) (i) A small current flowing at the base (1) enables a large current (1) to flo collector/emitter circuit (1).
(ii)

(d) Clamp a heat sink (1) to leg that is being soldered (1)
(e) Burglar alarm system/washing machine controller
(f) (i) OR
(ii)

| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | $\mathbf{0}(\mathbf{1})$ | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{1}(\mathbf{1})$ |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | $\mathbf{1}(\mathbf{1})$ | 1 |

(iii)
(1)
 (1)

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12 (a)

| Pulley System | Input | Output Direction | Output Speed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Clockwise | Anticlockwise (1) | Increased |
| B | Clockwise | Clockwise (1) | Increased |
| C | Anticlockwise (1) | Clockwise | Decreased (1) |

[4]
(b) speed of driven $=\frac{\text { speed driver } \times \varnothing \text { of driver }}{\varnothing}$
$\varnothing$ of driven
speed of driven $=\frac{1000 \mathrm{rpm} \times 90 \mathrm{~mm}}{30 \mathrm{~mm}}$ (1)
speed of driven $=3000 \mathrm{rpm}$
(c) (i) Record player turntable/vacuum cleaner/sewing machine
(ii) Wedge into their pulley wheels (1) to avoid slipping (1)
(iii) Pillar drill/lathe/car engine fan belt
(d) (i) Velocity Ratio $=$ Teeth on driver gear

$$
V R=12 / 24
$$

$$
V R=1: 2
$$

(ii) Decreased
(iii)


Accept schematic version
(e) (i) Winch/fishing reel
(ii) Makes a shaft can rotate (1) in one direction only (1).
(iii)

(1)

13 (a) Cantilever
(b)
(1)

(1)
)


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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

(d) Reaction at the wall $=$ Force $\times$ distance from the wall (1)

Reaction at the wall $=12 \mathrm{~N} \times 600 \mathrm{~mm}$ (1)
Reaction at the wall $=7.2 \mathrm{Nm}$ (1)
(e) Tubing has a good strength to weight ratio (1). It will support a load without placing too much load on the wall due to its own weight (1).
(f) (i) To distribute the load across a larger area (1) thus minimising the risk of a single fixing failure (1).
(ii) Torsion
(iii) The screw could shear (1) through its shaft (1)/or the screwhead could break off (1).
(g) (i) Increased rigidity of the frame (1) and thus more stability (1).
(ii) Prevents the legs of the steps from splaying (1) thus making the steps safer and more robust (1).
(iii) Increases the rigidity (1) and the capability to bear bending loads (1).
(iv) Use notes and sketches to show the effect of loading on one of the stepladder treads.


