

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

0445/32

Paper 3 Resistant Materials

May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50

Published

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3 × 1

[3]

[1]

[1]

	e 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pap	er
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		Section A			
A E C	3	Screwdriver [not posidrive or Phillips] Spanner, socket, wrench, torque wrench Allen key, hexagon key		1 1 1	[3
Д	∖wa	rd 0–2 dependent upon accuracy of sketch		0–2	[2
(6	•	A finger or comb joint B dovetail joit		1 1	[2
(I		Reason: finger joint can be pulled apart in two directions and the dovetai only be pulled apart in one direction	l joint can		[′
		nd tube e, angle iron		1 1	[2
(;	a)	Knurled			[′
(I	b)	To provide grip			[′
(c)	Centre lathe, lathe, CNC lathe, metal lathe			[′
A		Cutting gauge Marking gauge [not mortise gauge]		1 1	[2
fr	rien	vantages: lighter weight means greater fuel economy, speed, environme dly, does not corrode, more suitable for small production runs, less densingth-weight ratio.		е	
Ν	lot:	more impact resistant, easier to mould/shape, stronger		2 × 1	[2

Not: lightweight, aesthetically pleasing, simple to use [must be justified with specific

High voltage, electric shock hazard, danger electricity. Not: electric current.

materials, sound construction, rounded edges, non-toxic paint.

Accept individual anthropometric features.

no small pieces that could be swallowed

feature]

Flammable, fire hazard

9

0-2

0-2

0–2

[6]

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10 Malleable: aluminium, copper, brass, gilding metal, lead, low carbon steel, wrought iron, mild steel, precious metals. Not: iron, tin.

Corrosion resistant: aluminium, copper, brass, gilding metal, lead, zinc, stainless steel. Precious metals, titanium.

Electrical conductivity: aluminium, copper, brass, silver, steel, gold. Not: iron [3]

Section B

(a) 2 advantages: lighter weight appearance lightweight less weight less expensive

(a)	 2 advantages: lighter weight appearance, lightweight, less weight than solid piece, fewer problems of warping/shrinkage, less 		
	Not: easy to make, stronger	2 × 1	[2]
(b)	o) Only acceptable: mortise and tenon, dowel, biscuit, butt [nailed or screwed a Award 0–3 dependent upon accuracy of sketch	nd glued] 1 0–3	[4]
	Award max 2 marks for butt joint nailed or screwed and glu Award 0 marks if butt has no nails or screws and glue Award max 3 for 2 dowels shown in proportion with correct Award max 1 mark if 1 dowel only is shown	ed	1-3
(c)	c) (i) Name of cramps: sash, F cramp 2 or 3 cramps shown spaces appropriately across fram Use of scrap wood	e 1 1	[3]
	(ii) Frame held in vice Use of smoothing, jack or bench plane Use of glasspaper to make smooth Correctly named tools and equipment	1 1 1 1	[4]
(d)	d) Use of screws, dowels and adhesive. Award 0–2 dependent upon accuracy of sketch Do not reward modified stand		[2]
(e)	Practical idea: [do not reward increased height of ledge] Must be separate, additional components Details of materials and fittings used, including sizes	0–2 0–2	[4]

(f) Practical idea: some form of stand or support

Adjusts to 3 positions and held securely

Materials, constructions and fittings

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12 (a) 2 reasons: hardwearing, close-grained, will not chip/splinter easily, takes a good finish, hardwood. 2×1 [2] Tough, durable and strong acceptable only if justified: e.g. Strong enough to withstand knocks. Not: easy to work with, lightweight, non-toxic, aesthetically pleasing. [1] (b) (i) Chinagraph pencil, marker pen, felt-tip pen, marking pen, permanent marker (ii) Reward 4 separate stages 4 × 1 **OR** 3 stages 3 × 1 + good technical accuracy + 1 Drill hole Insert blade from appropriate saw and cut out shape 1 Use of files/scraper/wet and dry to make smooth 1 1 Technical accuracy If laser cutter is used for maximum 4 marks full details **must** be provided. If no sketches are provided award maximum 2 marks. [4] (iii) Process: drilling 1 Solution: clamp securely, support with scrapwood, drill speed 1 Process: sawing or filing 1 Solution: clamp securely, low in the vice 1 Process: bending Solution: heat to the correct temperature before bending 1 [4] **(c)** Practical acceptable method named: Acceptable methods: plough plane, power router, CNC router, circular saw [bench or portable], chisel and mallet, drilled holes, tenon saw. Award 0–2 dependent upon technical accuracy of sketches 0-2[3] Do not reward marking out or cleaning up with glasspaper (d) Acceptable methods: band saw [tilted table/jig for correct angle] tenon saw [from both ends] handsaw [vertical] use of smoothing, jack and bench plane linisher, belt sander Look for 3 stages: secure work piece, remove waste, clean up to final shape 3×1 Accuracy of named tools and equipment 0-1 [4] (e) Preparation: mark diagonals on end centre drill, centre punch, bradawl draw circle on end make saw cut along one diagonal plane off corners to 45° 3×1 [3]

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	(f)	(i)	clea	dvantages: ready coloured, wide range of colours available, hygienic/easil aner, smooth surface finish, no danger of splinters, no finish required, wate of/resistant, will not warp or shrink, less waste material		
			•	:: lighter than beech, faster to make	3 × 1	[3]
		(ii)	Pro	cess: extrusion, injection moulding		[1]
13	(a)	(i)	A B C	scriber/odd leg calipers/odd legs centre/dot punch dividers	1 1 1	[3]
		(ii)	ma	rking/engineers blue, spirit marker		[1]
	(b)	Inse Not File	ert bl : had to s	e/s in sheet lade of abra file saw, piercing saw, Hegner saw and cut out. cksaw, jig saw hape abrasive paper	1 1 1	[4]
		030	, 01 6	abitasive paper	•	ניין
	(c)	(i)	mo	f-finishing: use of emery cloth and/or wet and dry paper, polishing p/compound. Not: filing ard 0–3 for specific stages and/or specific information relating to the grade	e of	
				per used.	, G.	[3]
		(ii)		ason for anodising: to protect, enhance appearance, prevent tarnishing, inge colour.		[1]
	(d)	(i)	ma	pols/equipment: chisel, mallet, router, mortise machine, mortise drill, drilling chine and saw tooth/forstner bit, drill.	g	
				cept 2 different types of router. cept any appropriate tool or item of equipment.	2 × 1	[2]
		(ii)		table adhesive: epoxy resin, Araldite, impact adhesive :: superglue	0–1	
				mp in position or use of weights e of scrap wood to protect surface and distribute pressure	0–1 0–1	[3]
	(e)			its: great accuracy, more accurate, each keyhole will be identical, quicker ditional methods	2 × 1	[2]
	(f)	Met key Hol	thod hole es d	al ideal includes use of brackets attached to back of keyrack and to wall or use of slot in plate recessed into back. rilled in wall and use of dowel, screws or pins = 1 mark max. screw holes visible in brackets or support strips used.	- 0–2	
		Mat	eria	ls, constructions and fittings	0–2	[4]

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(g) Environmental impact of aluminium in products: aluminium is plentiful in terms of the ore bauxite. greenhouse gases are produced during extraction and processing. aluminium can be recycled.

Description 0-1 Expanded/explained 0-1 [2]