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0455 ECONOMICS

0455/04

Paper 4, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

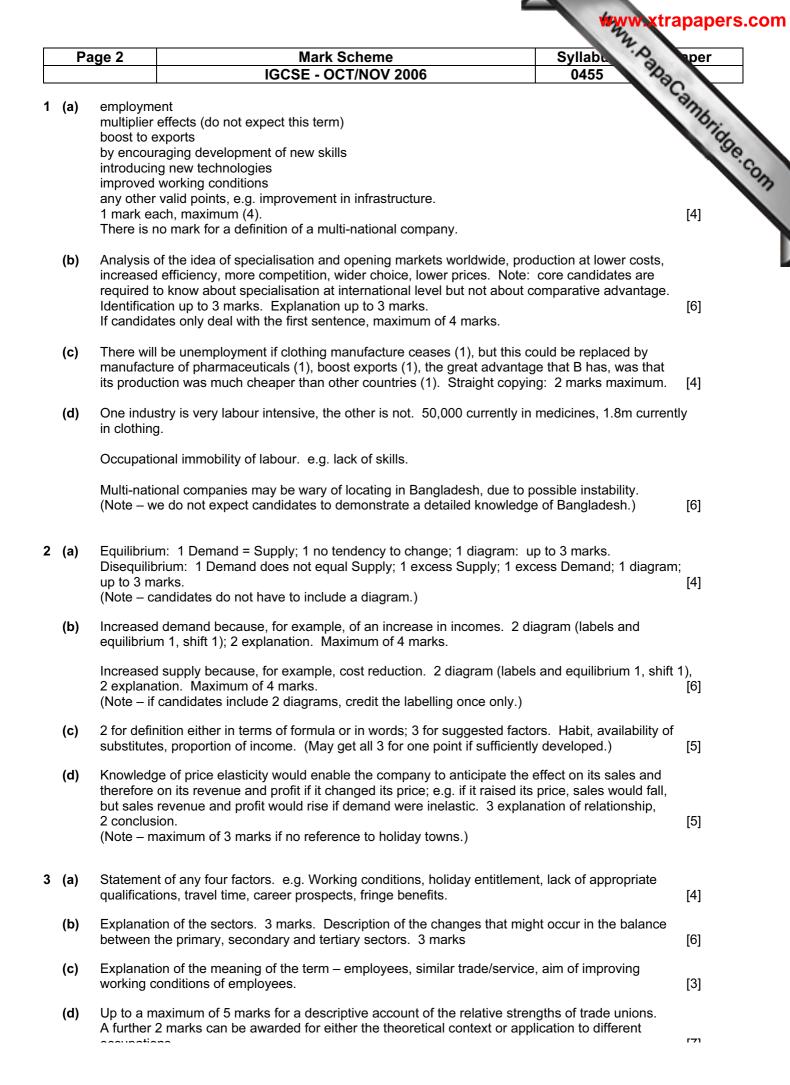
All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

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|---|-----|--|---|----------------------------|------------|
| _ | Pa | age 3 | Mark Scheme IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006 | Syllabu Age 0455 | per |
| | (a) | Explanat | ion of construction of retail price index, Basket, base, weight. | 0455 | an l |
| | | Candidates should choose any two government aims, listed in syllabus and give a brief explanatio of the meaning of these. Full employment, economic growth, redistribution of income, balance of | | | Bri |
| | (b) | | | | 30 |
| | | | s stability. 1 identification, 1 explanation in each case. | | [4] |
| | (c) | Candidates could explain cost-push inflation or discuss it as a direct consumer price incre | | sumer price increase. | [4] |
| | (d) | | d direct taxes, increased interest rates, reduce government expendention thoroughly discussed. | enditure etc. Up to 4 mark | ks [6] |
| | (a) | | tion of meaning of resources (up to 2 marks), and the conservation an their use. (up to 2 marks.) | on of those resources | [4] |
| | (b) | Beneficiaries could be the developers, the people who will use the development – it might be a shopping precinct, new commercial premises or a housing estate. Employment should increase neighbouring businesses might benefit, transport providers should benefit. Who would be the beneficiaries up to 3 marks, why they would benefit and particular situations up to 3 marks. | | | [6] |
| | (c) | | ion of regulations, licences, taxes. (Note – not all three are requ ld gain all 3 marks.) | ired; one or two, if done | [3] |
| | (d) | | could mention externalities from the development, visual intrusior on of homes, communities, or possible loss of profits to existing l ion. | | [7] |
| | (a) | 3 marks f | for each pair. (Examples of each pair, 1 mark.) | | [6] |
| | (b) | Taxes ca of macro | nt on the need to raise revenue and the uses to which the govern an also be used to redistribute the income/wealth. Correction of r a aims. 1 for identification and up to 2 marks for development per | market failure, promotion | |
| | | Maximun | n 4 marks for list of points. | | [6] |
| | (c) | | prices, growth, employment, exports, imports, migration, incentinding, saving and investment. Identification alone up to 4 marks. | | e [8] |
| , | (a) | Fixed 1, ' | Variable 1, Average 1, Total 1. | | [4] |
| | (b) | uncertain because | on of effect on costs, fixed will increase, if labour is classed as van what will happen to total but could assume that the average tota of efficiency. Classification of costs 2 marks, consideration of efform 2 marks. | al cost will decrease | ks, [6] |
| | (c) | | | | |
| | | conglome market (6 | erate (1); discussion of possible benefits in terms of cost saving, 6). | profit increases, gain in | [10] |
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