** Atrapapers.com

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0500 FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

0500/03 Paper 3 (Directed Writing and Composition)

Maximum raw mark 50

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500

WWW. Papa Cambridge Com All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and un approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the reknowledge and skills demonstrated.

Section 1: Directed Writing

Question 1

This question tests writing objectives W1-W5:

- articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined
- order and present facts, ideas and opinions
- understand and use a range of appropriate vocabulary
- use language and register appropriate to audience and context
- make accurate and effective use of paragraphs, grammatical structures, sentences, punctuation and spelling.

AND aspects of reading objectives R1-R3:

- understand and collate explicit meanings
- understand, explain and collate implicit meanings and attitudes
- select, analyse and evaluate what is relevant to specific purposes.

General notes on likely content

Candidates should select and order material from Meena's conversation with the Headmaster to show what the problems are:

- Inappropriate food at meals and from vending machines, e.g. burgers, chips, pizza, muffins, chocolate biscuits.
- Healthy food on offer baked potato/salad/yoghurt non-filling, predictable and boring and pricey.
- Packed lunch consists of crisps/chocolate biscuits/white bread etc.
- Students consume too much sugar, salt and fat.

Also

- Headmaster initially feels that there are enough food options but admits to there being problems with poor attendance at PE lessons, which are apparently easy to opt out of.
- Headmaster admits that there is a lack of fitness in many teenagers but blames too much television/staying on play stations too long in the home.
- Overweight children tend to be singled out by bullies/not joining in with games does not help.
- Poor performance after lunch in lessons.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500

Reasonable Suggestions on improving matters at Longwood

Candidates are free to make their own suggestions.

They could mention:

s≺

- After school 'fit n'fun' classes to their own music/moves
- Counsellors/mentoring system
- Mountain bike/skateboarding/dance or other popular, healthy after-school clubs
- Suggestion box/Ban the junk campaign
- Publicity/posters/letters to parents

These should be clearly related to the problems of diet and exercise (and preventing bullying).

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500

The question is marked out of 15 for Writing and 10 for Reading. Use the following table to give a mark out of 15 for Writing

			www.xtrapap
	Page 3		yllabu
		IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500
The qu	estion is m	arked out of 15 for Writing and 10 for Reading.	di
Use the	e following	table to give a mark out of 15 for Writing	O.
Band 1	14-15	Excellent sense of audience; persuasive/authoritation purpose. Fluent varied sentences/wide range of vocab structure, paragraphing and sequence. Virtually no error	oulary. Strong sense of
Band 2	12-13	Demonstrates a secure sense of audience; quite stylis overall structure; arguments occasionally well develop accurate, sentences mostly fluent/complex vocabulary/occasional error/mostly well paragraphed.	sh and fluent; sense of
Band 3	10-11	Consistently recognisable sense of audience; mostly fairly straightforward sentences; some arguments b apparent; mostly quite well structured; errors minor; lar but effective. Vocabulary fit for the task/paragraphs con	ased on material are nguage straightforward
Band 4	8-9	Written in an appropriate if sometimes inconsistent s accurate; factual rather than argumentative; basic str middle and end; fairly frequent (minor) errors; loccasional attempts at persuasive effect. Simple vocable	ructure: has beginning, anguage simple with
Band 5	6-7	Functional expression; facts selected and occasi beginning, but main part of the article is not always serious errors in grammar and use of vocabulary. Error	well sequenced; some
Band 6	4-5	Language and style not clear; some blurring and lack serious errors, can mainly be followed. Simple sentence	
Band 7	2-3	Some difficulties of understanding accompanied by sei grammar and punctuation. Parts can be followed but w	
	0-1	Serious inaccuracies and problems with language a intrusive to gain a mark in Band 7.	and grammar are too

Use the following table to give a mark out of 10 for Reading

	•		
Band 1	9-10	All problems at the school/topic are clearly presented and developed – the links between them are strong and logically made. Suggestions grow out of the problems and are developed to give solutions. Effective reading between the lines.	
Band 2	7-8	Some of the problems at the school/topic are explained and there is evidence of linking them. Suggestions are linked to the problems and explained adequately to show how they may be solutions.	
Band 3	5-6	There is acceptable coverage of the problems/topic but explanations are not extensive, and those effective may be somewhat vague. Suggestions are appropriate but the ways in which they may solve the problems are implied rather than stated.	
Band 4	3-4	Some of the problems at the school/topic are noted, but the answer consists chiefly of ideas for an activity or activities with occasional slight relationship to the passage/or is reportage with little development or a tendency to list.	
Band 5	1-2	The answer as a whole is occasionally, though slightly, related to the passage. The aim of the article is partially clear but the material is erratic.	
	0	Answer does not relate to question and/or too much unselective copying directly from the material to gain a mark in Band 5.	

Mark A, B, S where candidates make reference to the passages. Also credit Dev (development of A/B with own thinking) link.

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500

Section 2: Composition

Questions 2 (a), 2 (b), 3 (a) 3 (b), 4 (a) and 4 (b)

Give two marks:

- the first mark is out of 13 for content and structure: see Table A
- the second mark is out of 12 for style and accuracy: see Table B.

Remember that these marks will not necessarily match and one mark may well be (much) higher than the other.

The maximum overall mark for the Composition is 25. Write the total clearly at the end as follows: (e.g.) C7 + S10 = 17 (C standing for 'Content', S standing for 'Style').

It is important that marking is not 'bunched': do not be reticent about awarding marks in the top and bottom bands.

www.xtrapapers.com

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500	03

COMPOSITION TASKS: TABLE A – CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

	COMPOSITION TASKS. TABLE A - CONTENT AND STRUCTURE				
	ARGUMENTATIVE/DISCURSIVE TASK	DESCRIPTIVE TASK	NARRATIVE TASK		
Band 1 11-13	 There is a consistent quality of well developed, logical stages in an overall, at times complex, argument. Each stage is linked to and follows the preceding one, and sentences within paragraphs are soundly sequenced. 	 There are many well defined, well developed ideas and images, describing complex atmospheres with a range of details. Overall structure is provided through devices such as the movements of the writer, the creation of a short time span, or the creation of atmosphere or tension. There is no confusion with writing a story. Repetition is avoided and the sequence of sentences makes the picture clear to the reader. 	NARRATIVE TASK The narrative is complex and sophisticated and may contain devices such as sub-texts, flashbacks and time lapses. Cogent details are provided where necessary or appropriate. The different sections of the story are carefully balanced and the climax carefully managed. Sentence sequences are sometimes arranged to produce effects such as the building up of tension or providing a sudden turn of events.		
9-10	 Each stage of the argument is defined and developed, although the quality of the explanation may not be consistent. The stages follow in a generally cohesive progression. Paragraphs are mostly well sequenced, although some may finish less strongly than they begin. 	 There is a good selection of interesting ideas and images, with a range of details. These are formed into an overall picture of some clarity, largely consistent. There may be occasional repetition and opportunities for development or the provision of detail may be missed. Sentences are often well sequenced and the description is often effective. 	 The writing develops some features that are of interest to a reader, although not consistently so. Expect the use of detail and some build-up of character or setting. The writing is orderly and the beginning and ending (where required) are satisfactorily managed. The reader is aware of the climax even if it is not managed fully effectively. The sequencing of sentences provides clarity and engages the reader in events or atmosphere. 		
Band 3 7-8	 There is a series of relevant points and a clear attempt is made to develop some of them. These points are relevant, straightforward and logical/coherent. Repetition is avoided, but the order of the stages in the overall argument can be changed without adverse effect. The sequence of the sentences within paragraphs is satisfactory, although 	 There is a selection of effective ideas and images that are relevant to the topic and which satisfactorily address the task. An attempt is made to create atmosphere and to provide some details. The description provides a series of points rather than a sense of their being combined to make an overall picture, but some of the ideas are developed 	 A straightforward story (or part of story) with satisfactory identification of features such as character and setting. While opportunities for appropriate development of ideas are sometimes missed, the overall structure is competent, and features of a developed narrative are evident. Sentences are usually sequenced to narrate events. 		

www.xtrapapers.com

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500	03

Band 4 5-6	 Mainly relevant points are made and they are developed partially with some brief effectiveness. The overall argument shows signs of structure but may be sounder at the beginning than at the end. There may be some repetition. It is normally possible to follow sequences of ideas, but there may be intrusive ideas or misleading sentences. 	 Some relevant and effective ideas are provided and occasionally developed a little, perhaps as a narrative. There is some feeling of atmosphere, but most of the writing is of event or description of objects or people. There is some overall structure, but the writing may lack direction and intent. There may be interruptions in the sequence of sentences and/or some lack of clarity. 	 A relevant response to the topic, largely a series of events with occadetails of character and setting. The overall structure is sound although there are examples where a particular section is too long or too short. A climax is identified but is not effectively described or led up to. Sentence sequences narrate events and occasionally contain intrusive facts or misleading ideas.
Band 5 3-4	 A few relevant points are made and although they are expanded into paragraphs, development is very simple and not always logical. Overall structure lacks a sense of sequencing. Paragraphs used only for obvious divisions. It is sometimes possible to follow sequencing of sentences within paragraphs. 	 Content is relevant but lacking in scope or variety. Opportunities to provide development and detail are frequently missed. The overall structure, though readily discernible, lacks form and dimension. The reliance on identifying events, objects and/or people sometimes leads to a sequence of sentences without progression. 	 A simple narrative with a beginning, middle and end (where appropriate). It may consist of simple, everyday happenings or unlikely, un-engaging events. Unequal or inappropriate importance is given to the sections of the story. Dialogue that has no function may be used or over-used. There is no real climax. Sentence sequences are used only to link simple series of events.
Band 6 1-2	 A few points are discernible but any attempt to develop them is very limited. Overall argument only progresses here and there and the sequence of sentences is poor. 	 Some relevant facts are identified, but the overall picture is unclear and lacks development. There are examples of sequenced sentences, but there is also repetition and muddled ordering. 	 Stories are very simple and narrate events indiscriminately. Endings are simple and lack effect. The shape of the narrative is unclear; some of the content has no relevance to the plot. Sequences of sentences are sometimes poor, leading to a lack of clarity.
0	 Rarely relevant, little material, and presented in a disorderly structure. Not sufficient to be placed in band 6. 	 Rarely relevant, little material, and presented in a disorderly structure. Not sufficient to be placed in Band 6. 	Rarely relevant, little material, and presented in a disorderly structure. Not sufficient to be placed in Band 6.

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500

COMPOSITION TASKS: TABLE B: STYLE AND ACCURACY

			1	www.xtra	papers.con
Page 7	'	Mark Scheme	Syllab	7.0	l
		IGCSE – May/June 2006	0500	Day	
	COMP	OSITION TASKS: TABLE B: STYLE AND A			Morie
Band 1	11-12	 Fluent; variety of well made sentences, complex sentences where appropria particular effects. Wide, consistently effective range appropriately used ambitious words. Some use of grammatical devices; assu spelling accurate. 	te, used		Papers.com
Band 2	9-10	 Mostly fluent; sentences correctly covariety of complex sentences. Vocabulary often effective, sometimes complex correct; punctuation most within sentences; very occasional spelling 	omplex, mo ly correct b	estly varied. Detween and	
Band 3	7-8	 Occasional fluency; sentences of some correctly constructed. Appropriate and accurate vocabulary wit of choice made to communicate precisinterest. Simple grammatical terms correct; sente correct and other forms of punctuation used sometimes; some spelling mistake sort impedes communication. 	h occasior se meaning ence separ perhaps ir	nal examples g or to give ration mostly nconsistently	
Band 4	5-6	 Sentences tend to be simple and patt more complicated structures are atten clarity and inaccuracy. Vocabulary communicates general mean Some errors of punctuation including several spelling and grammatical errors, 	npted there ing accura sentence	e is lack of tely. separation;	
Band 5	3-4	 There may be some straightforward of sentences, but others are simple and 'and', 'but' and 'so', with other conjunction at all. Vocabulary communicates simple details Many errors of punctuation, grammar overall meaning is never in doubt. 	repetitive ons used in /facts accu	ly joined by neffectively if rately.	
Band 6	1-2	 Sentences are simple and sometimes sentences obscure meaning. Vocabulary is limited and may be inaccured in the sentences of punctuation, grammar and sentences of punctuation, grammar and sentences of punctuation. 	ate.		
	0	Meaning of the writing is often lost because; errors of punctuation, grammating intrusive to award a mark in Band 6.	•		