### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

# 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

**0680/13** Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0680	100

- 1 (a) (i) A growing crops/arable
  B pastoral/keeping animals/livestock/cattle
  - (ii) any two of:

pesticides are chemicals which kill harmful insect pests; which eat/damage crops; cause disease;

(iii) any two of:

eutrophication;

increase in nutrients/nitrates/phosphates in stream;

which cause a rapid growth of algae/algal bloom;

algae die;

increase in organic matter;

bacteria decompose of dead algae;

oxygen level lowered;

death of organisms/aerobes/not enough oxygen for plant/animal life;

[4]

**(b)** any three separate points or two points with one developed related to quantity and/or quality

### quantity:

resistance to pests/diseases/drought/salinity; tolerance of weedkillers/herbicides; AVP;

### quality:

improved nutrient content; enhanced appearance/colour/e.g. golden rice; superior/regular/better size; improved ripening/flavour; longer lasting/remain fresh for a longer time/e.g. tomatoes; AVP;

[3]

[Total:10]

[2]

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	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0680	123

2 (a) (i)

	Sunday 23rd October	Wednesday 9th November
local time	13:41	21:30
magnitude	7.2	5.6
number of people dead	604	22
buildings destroyed	11 232	25

[1]

- (ii) there have been many/2500 aftershocks in the area since the October earthquake; [1]
- (iii) any two with relevant explanations
  Food/clothing/medicine/clean water/chemical toilets/sniffer dogs/AVP; [2]
- (b) epicentre: the place on the earth's surface above the focus;focus: the place in the earth's crust where the earthquake starts;[2]
- (c) credit 2 marks for description/statement why some earthquakes are more damaging with 2 marks for development/explanation no credit for magnitude/strength no credit for development taken from resource

depth from surface/focus;

distance of epicentre from centre of population;

population density/urban or rural;

state of preparedness/level of development (developed/developing rich/poor); geology/soil/type;

time of day/time of year;

quality of building construction/design;

existence of warning systems/speed of relief/aftercare;

damage to infrastructure/water/gas;

development could refer to fires;

tsunami in some parts;

[Total: 10]

[4]

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	Pa	ge 4	ļ.	Mark Schen	ne	Syllabus	· 10
				IGCSE – October/Nov	ember 2013	0680	No.
3	(a)	(i) (ii)	Dec	uary 413 mm; ember 330 mm;			Wxtrapapers.
	(b)	•		descriptions developed correctl	y:		
		drip larg thic ligh flex sha but tree dist few talle	o tips ge lea k/dar t/allov tible le tress es are tinct la t/no b est tre	o get sunlight (1); (1); remove heavy rainfall (1); fives (1); allow more transpiration k/leathery/waxy leaves (1); with w more photosynthesis (1); eaf stems; leaves move with the roots (1); extract soil nutrients (1); roots (1); support weight of tree evergreen/deciduous trees (1); ayers/stratification (1); competit ranches on trees (1); grow upves smooth trunks small leaves ees small leaves (1); strong sur	e sun to maximise ph 1); from surface laye es as they grow to real; shed their leaves a tion for heat, light, rail wards towards the lig (1); wind (1);	tures/absorb more notosynthesis rs (1); ach sunlight (1); t different times (1 infall (1);	
	(c)	anv	three	of.			
	(0)	tree roo soil sur	es/treets no is ex	e litter no longer protect soil; longer hold soil together; posed to heavy rain; un-off increases; s washed away/eroded;			[3]
		ιορ	3011 1	s wasned away/eroded,			
							[Total: 10]
4	(a)	(i)	B tra	aporation; inspiration/ evapotranspiration; ecipitation; noff;			[2]
		(ii)		ation;			ro1
			wate	er drawn off stream to give to cr	ops;		[2]
	(b)	(i)	diss	smoke maybe with sulfur dioxion	de/NOx gases;		
				ve acid rain; olve stone of buildings;			[4]

(ii) more organic matter in Z / eq; more bacteria/ microbes / eq in Z;

[Total: 10]

[2]

	Page 5		5		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	V
		-		IGCSI	E – October/Novei	mber 2013	0680	
5	(a)	(i)	eye warı stro		ted above 26°C to 300 km/hr	C A B E D	Syllabus 0680	ambridge
			All 5	correct = 3	3/4 correct = 2	1 / 2 correct	= 1	[3]
	(b)	(i)	torre loss dam trees dam disru pow spre disru salt	ential rain; floo of life/posses: nage to building s uprooted/pla nage to crops/f uption to clea er lines/teleph ead of disease, uption to roads contamination	sions; gs/homes/schools; intation crops (e.g. farmland/irrigation van drinking water/ iones; /cholera/typhoid; s/railway/airports;	coconut etc.); vorks/death of live /sewage treatmer	stock; nt/waste; disposal/electricit	y [4]
		(ii)	haza vacu cyclo pred build	ard preparedno uation; one shelters; diction using w ding villages o	e points or developments or developments or developments of the second s	rgency drills/proce a patterns/animal		[3]
			acoi	griirig riodooo	to roolet eterm earg	,00,		[0]
6	(2)	(i)	Furc	one rural numb	per of people = (19	2/100)*5 = 10· (2c)	-	tal: 10]
O	(a)	(1)			per of people = 10 +			
			If co	rrect working	is shown for both s	ums, but no answe	ers, max 1	[2]
		(ii)	wate safe peop acce altho high AVP	er/AW; accept e water; ple living in A ept clearly exp ough the perc ner for Africa, tl 2; (eg. the tota	clearly expressed frica are more like ressed ORA in terr centages of people he total number of	ORA in terms of ely to have access ns of Asia and/or s with access only people is higher in le exposed to uns	v to unsafe water are muc i Asia; safe water in Asia is highe	or /; h

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(b) (i) (Anopheles) mosquitoes, are the vector for/carry, the malaria para *Plasmodium*/organism that causes malaria/AW; the larval stages of the mosquito life-cycle live in water/adult female mosquitoes lay their eggs in water/AW; (accept mosquitoes breed in water);

AVP; e.g. (adult mosquitoes do not fly far and are therefore found in highest densities close to water/AW);

(ii) one mark for the strategy and one for a correctly related explanation

pour kerosene/oil on water; drain marshes/stagnant water; spray insecticides/pesticides; prophylactic drugs/choroquine/larium; insect repellent; sleep under mosquito nets; kills larvae; stop mosquitoes breeding; kills mosquitoes/larvae; kills *Plasmodium*/parasite; stops mosquitoes biting; stops mosquitoes biting;

[max 3]

[Total: 10]