UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0417 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/01 Paper 1 (Wr

Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	120

Question Number	Answer			ma
1	 A Scanner B Dot matrix printer C Hard disc drive D Graphics tablet E Multimedia projector 			ma no
2	Bar code reader Keyboard	Laser	printer	
	Memory Stick Mouse	Zip dis	sc drive	[1] [1]
3				
	Dot matrix printers produce high quality of	True	False	[1]
	Laser printers are very noisy	Jaipai	√	[1]
	Graph plotters are used when extremely copy is required	large hard		[1]
	Inkjet printers are used where continuous is required	s stationery	✓	[1]
4 (a) (b) (c) (d)	A mouse A bank cheque A memory stick A microphone			[1] [1] [1] [1]
5		Tmia	Folos	
	RAM is not volatile	True	False ✓	[1]
	ROM is used to store the BIOS of a com	puter 🗸		[1]
	The data in ROM is easier to change tha RAM	n that in	✓	[1]
	RAM is used to store the data the user is working on	currently		[1]
6	Triangle:			
	1 mark for a correct loop e.g. REPEAT 3, EN 1 mark for RIGHT 120	ID REPEAT		
	Backward sequence			
	1 mark for PENUP, BACKWARD 80, PEND	OWN		
	Square:			
	1 mark for a correct loop e.g. REPEAT 4, EN 1 mark for FORWARD 100 coming immedia		as given	[5]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	200

7				1
		Health	Safety	
	Headaches caused by prolonged use	✓		[1]
	Trailing wires in a computer room		✓	[1]
	RSI though continual typing	✓		[1]
	Back problems through bad posture	✓		[1]
	Too many plugs in an electric socket		✓	[1]
	Drinking water whilst using a computer		✓	[1]
8				
	Producing utility bills			
	Paying for goods at an EFTPOS terminal		✓	[1]
	Making an airline booking		✓	[1]
	Producing monthly payrolls			
	Monitoring a patient's condition in a hospital		✓	[1]
	Reading data from bank cheques			
9 (a)	Four from ID number/Borrower number			
	Photo of borrower			
	Name Address			
	Post code			
	Email address			
	Gender/Title Date of Birth			
	Max. two from:			
	Home Phone number			
	Work Phone number			
	Mobile Phone number			[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	100

(b)	Four from:	SIMBRIG
	Data fills the screen	
	Clearly defined input area for each record	
	Appropriate spacing for each field	
	Back button/arrow/previous record facility	
	Forward button/arrow/next record facility	
	Number of record is on screen	
	Submit button/facility	
	First record button/facility Last record button/facility	
	An easy to read font/font size/	
	A sensible font colour/background colour	
	Easy to follow instructions for completing screen/help icon	
	No overlapping of items	
	Exit button/return to homepage button/facility	[4]
(c)	Double entry/data entered twice	[1]
` ,	computer compares the two versions	[1]
	Visual checking/verification	[1]
	Typed in data is compared with original data	[1]
(d)	Three from	
	Normal data is data which is within an acceptable range/ is usual for the situation	
	Any example between 1 and 6	[1]
	Extreme data is data which is at either end of a normal range of data	[1]
	Examples: 1, 6	[1]
		1
	Abnormal data is data which is outside the acceptable range/is of the wrong	
	data type	[1]
	Example: any negative number or number greater than 6 or text example	[1]
(e)		
	Improvements can be made ✓	[1]
	The hardware and software can be specified	
	Limitations of the system can be identified ✓	[1]
	To see how many books are required	
	To make sure the user is satisfied with the system ✓	[1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	•
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	

			3/4	
(f)	Technical		Morida	
	Three from:		3	6
	Program listing Programming language			.co
	Flowchart/algorithm		,	13
	List of variables			
	File structure			
	Purpose of the system/program			
	Input format or example			
	Output format or example Hardware requirements			
	Software requirements			
	Sample runs/test runs			
	Known bugs/possible errors			
	Validation rules		[3 max]	
	User Three from:			
	How to load software/run software/install software.			
	How to save a file.			
	How to search			
	How to sort			
	How to print			
	How to add records How to delete/edit records			
	Purpose of the system/program (only if not mentioned in technical document	ntation	n)	
	Input format or example (only if not mentioned in technical documentation)		'''	
	Output format or example (only if not mentioned in technical documentation			
	Hardware requirements (only if not mentioned in technical documentation)			
	Software requirements (only if not mentioned in technical documentation)			
	Sample runs (only if not mentioned in technical documentation)			
	Error messages (only if not mentioned in technical documentation) Error handling			
	Tutorials			
	Troubleshooting guide/Contact details/help line/FAQ		[3 max]	
10] '
	The customer types in the PIN	3	[1]	
	If the PIN and the number stored in the chip are the same go onto the	5	[1]	
	next step The customer's account is checked to see if it has sufficient funds	7	[1]	
	The card is inserted into the reader	1		
	The PIN number is compared with that stored in the chip	4	[1]	
	The transaction is authorized	8	[1]	
	The device checks if the card is valid	2	[1]	
	The supermarket computer contacts the customer's bank computer	6	[1]	
		[T	otal: 7]	
				_

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	0

			34
11	(a)	Six from: Interactive user screen appears	Monide Con
	l	Details of car type are entered	.60
	l	Questions about engine problems are asked/on-board computer connected to expert system	77
İ	l	Answers to questions/engine problems are typed in	
İ	l	Inference engine searches	ı '
İ	l	Searches the Knowledge base	
	l	using the Rules (base)	l
1	l	Suggested probabilities of faults are output	
<u> </u>		In the form of a report to the mechanic/on screen output	[6]
	(b)	Two from:	
İ	l	Medical diagnosis Mineral prospecting	
	l	Chess games	
	l	Plant identification	
	l	Animal identification	l
	l	Tax advice	i
İ	l	Careers advice/guidance	l
	l	Insurance Drug officery	F03
10	<u> </u>	Drug efficacy	[2]
12	(a)	Pressure sensor	FAT
	J	1 1033410 3011301	[1]
	l	Proximity sensor	
	l	Temperature sensor ✓	[1]
		Oxygen sensor	
	(b)	Computers work in digital	[1]
<u> </u>		Sensors produce analogue data	[1]
-	(c)	Five from:	_ -
	l	Microprocessor continually monitors sensors	l
į.	l	Data is converted from analogue to digital/ADC is used	l
	l	Compares water level with pre-programmed value If water level reached microprocessor switches off valve	
	l	Else valve left on/switched on	l
	l	Compares temperature with pre-programmed value	
	l	If temperature higher microprocessor switches off heater	
	l	Else heater left on/switched on	
1	l	Compares weight of clothes with pre-programmed value	
	l	If clothes too heavy microprocessor sounds alarm/stops machine/motor stops	
	l	running Else cycle continues/motor starts	[5]
		Else Cycle Continues/motor starts	[၁]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	10

	/ -I\		O
	(d)	Four from: Microprocessor controlled devices do much of housework	Maridge
		Microprocessor controlled devices do much of housework Do not need to do many things manually	00
		Do not need to do many things mandally Do not need to be in the house when food is cooking	
		Do not need to be in the house when clothes are being washed	
		Can leave their home to go shopping/work at any time of the day	
		Greater social interaction/more family time	
		More time to go out/more leisure time/more time to do other things/work Are able to do other leisure activities when convenient to them	
		Are able to do other leisure activities when convenient to them Can lead to unhealthy eating due to dependency on ready meals	
		Can lead to laziness/lack of fitness	
		Can encourage a healthy lifestyle because of smart fridges analyzing food	
		constituents	[4]
13	(a)	Two from:	
		Modem	
		Router	F01
	<i>(</i> 1.)	Or any other suitable answer	[2]
	(b)	Five from: WAN is a wide area network	
		WAN covers a large geographical area/worldwide	
		The Internet is a WAN	
		LAN is a Local Area Network	
		LAN covers a small area such as one building/A school network is a LAN	
		A WAN consists of connected LANs	
14	(2)	More difficult to share peripherals using a WAN 4	[5]
14	(a) (b)	5	[1]
	(c)	Product type	[1]
	(d)	Mupe	[1]
	(e)	Bar code	[1]
	(f)	Range check	[1]
	('')	range oneon	
			1.,1
		Two from:	111
		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit	
		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit	[2]
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within	
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within	
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within A correct example can be awarded both marks	
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within A correct example can be awarded both marks Graph plotter	
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within A correct example can be awarded both marks Graph plotter Trackerball	[2]
15		Values less than 0 (or 'lower limit') or more than an upper limit Will be rejected/not allowed/must be within A correct example can be awarded both marks Graph plotter Trackerball Microphone ✓	[2]

Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er er
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0417	120

		10,
16	Three from User ID/Passwords/PIN User ID/Password/PIN entered is compared with that held on system/never	[1] Morida
	tell anyone your password/regularly change password/make it not easy to guess/only person who knows password can access account	[1]
	Encryption Data is scrambled up/key must be known to unscramble it/prevents people	[1]
	from understanding data	[1]
	Firewall Prevents unauthorised users/computers from accessing network	[1] [1]
	Digital certificates Transactions are digitally signed/authenticated/transaction is linked to the PC	[1]
	being used to carry out online banking	[1]
	Anti Spyware Prevents spyware from invading your computer and gaining personal information	[1] [1]
	Make sure website is secure Locked padlock is present on display	[1] [1]
	[Total: 6 n	
17	Drawbacks: Not all information is accurate Some information is purely for advertising/selling purposes Might need proxy server to prevent access to certain types of site Some information is pornographic Anyone can put information on the Internet Much of the information on the Internet is not filtered Need to identify the validity of the author Need to be careful about whether information is fact or opinion Information can be biased Results from search engine could be skewed because of sponsorship/marketing Internet is not policed So much information available which might be unreliable Benefits: Wide range of information to select (desirable/reliable information) Able to search quickly (using search engines) to find (reliable/desirable) information	
	Information can be downloaded and edited (to make it desirable/reliable) Can use the final part of a URL to identify reliability Information can be up to date/real time so reliable .ac, .gov, .org are usually fairly reliable Can compare information from sites to see if it is reliable	[8]