## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/04 Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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M marks are given for a correct method.

A marks are given for an accurate answer following a correct method.

**B** marks are given for a correct statement or step.

**D** marks are given for a clear and appropriately accurate drawing.

P marks are given for accurate plotting of points.

E marks are given for correctly explaining or establishing a given result.

## **Abbreviations**

www

correct answer only cao correct solution only cso follow through ft or equivalent oe soi seen or implied without working  $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{w}$ without wrong working aCambridge.com

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1 (a)	200 (or 2200) ÷ 20 10 (or 200) × 11 oe	M1 M1	Implied by 10 Independent  If <b>B0</b> M1 for $\frac{50 \times 5 \times 3}{}$ oe
(b)	57.5(0)		100 (Implied by 7.50)
(c)	67.49 as final answer	В3	If <b>B0</b> , <b>M2</b> for $60\left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^3$ oe <b>M1</b> for × 1.04 more than once oe 67.49 or 67.5 imply <b>M2</b>

2 (a)	37.2 (or 37.20 – 37.21)	B1	
<b>(b)</b>	37	B1	
(c)	36	B1	
(d)	36	B1	
(e)	2	B1	[5]

3 (a)	(x+2y)(2+p)	B2	<b>B1</b> for $2(x+2y) + p(x+2y)$ o.e.
(b)	Reasonable sketch of parabola (U shape) cutting <i>x</i> -axis either side of <i>y</i> -axis – dep –2.16, 1.16	M1 M1dep A1, A1	If using formula, M1 for $\sqrt{2^2 - 4(2)(-5)}$ seen and if form $\frac{p + (or -)\sqrt{q}}{r}$ then M1 for $p = -2$ and $r = 2 \times 2$ $\left(\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{44}}{4}\right)$ SC1 for $-2.2$ , 1.2 or $-2.158$ , 1.158 with or without working SC2 for $-2.16$ , 1.16 without working
(c)	$y = k\sqrt{w}$ $4 = k\sqrt{9}$	M1 M1	If using $\frac{y}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{9}}$ M2
	$(y) = 8 \qquad \text{www3}$	A1	$k = \frac{4}{3}$ implies <b>M2</b>
			[9]

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4 (a)	K L	B1	Abridge Co
(b)	A B	B2	SC1 for any 4 of the 5 parts shaded
(c)	4	B2	Allow <b>B2</b> for embedded if clear If <b>B0</b> , <b>B1</b> for Venn diagram with universal set containing 2 intersecting sets or 6 + 10 - (20 - 8) or better seen or $10 - x + x + 6 - x = 20 - 8$ oe

5 (a) (i)	Correct shape Point of inflexion at origin	B1 B1dep	
(ii)	Correct shape Correct position relative to axes	B1 B1dep	
(b)	0, 4 cao	B1,B1	Do not allow any decimals in answers
(c)	(3, -27) cao	B1,B1	Do not allow any decimals in answers
(d)	-2.33 (-2.325), 4.41 (4.407 – 4.408)	B1,B1	SC1 for -2.3 and 4.4 [10]

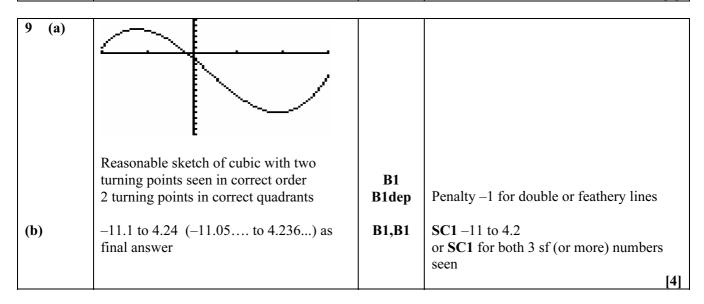
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6 (a)	$\frac{35 + \text{their}(1\frac{3}{4} \times 4)}{2\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{3}{4}}$		M2	M1 for $1\frac{3}{4} \times 4$ or 7 seen	nbrio.
	9.88 (9.882)	www3	A1		
(b) (i)	10 ÷ 12.6 × 60 oe 47.6 (47.61 – 47.62)	www2	M1 A1	10 ÷ 0.21, 0.7936 × 60 Allow 48 also www2	
(ii)	12.6 ÷ 1.05 oe 12	www2	M1 A1		[7]

_			1
7 (a) (i)	$+1$ , then $\div 2$ or $\frac{y+1}{2}$ or $x = 2y-1$	M1	
	$\frac{x+1}{2}$ oe www2	<b>A1</b>	$\frac{y+1}{2}$ scores <b>M1</b> only
(ii)		B1	Reasonable sketch to be close to (-1,0), (0, 0.5) and (1, 1) 2 mm accuracy
(b) (i)	$\sqrt[3]{x}$ oe	B1	
(ii)		B1 B1dep	Correct shape. Intersecting $y = x^3$ between $x = 0.5$ and 1.5 and close to $y = x$ .
(iii)	Reflection $y = x$	B1 ft B1 ft	ft only if their graph is a reflection correct or ft [8]

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8 (a) (i)	$\frac{3^2 + 5^2 - 7^2}{2.3.5}$ 120°	M2 A1	M1 for correct implicit equation $7^2$ = Any other method must be <b>complete</b> and scores M2 Without any working SC2 If M0, but 60° after some working SC1 Radians answer 2.09 without working SC1
(ii)	0.5 × 3 × 5 sin(their 120) oe 6.5(0) (6.495) <b>ft</b> www2	M1 A1 ft	(For Hero's formula s = 7.5) <b>ft</b> their angle with relevant sides
(b) (i)	(0)40	B1	
(ii)	280 cao	B2	<b>M1</b> for 100 (or 220 – their <b>(a)(i)</b> ) at <i>P</i> or 80 (or their <b>(a)(i)</b> – 40) at <i>B</i> soi [8]



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10			Throughout the question ratios scorzero.  If using decimals, 2 s.f. correct answers penalty of 1 once  Use of words e.g. 5 in 28 or 5 out of 28, correct answers – penalty of one once.  For method marks only accept probabilities between 0 and 1
(a) (i)	$\frac{14}{28}$ oe, $\frac{5}{28}(0.179)$ , $\frac{9}{28}(0.321)$	B1,B1,B1	0.5, 0.1785 – 0.1786, 0.3214
(ii), (iii)	14 × 14	M1	
(b) (i)	$\frac{14}{28} \times \frac{14}{28}$ $\frac{196}{784}$ oe $(\frac{1}{4})$ www 2	M1 A1	
(ii)	$2 \times \frac{14}{28} \times \frac{5}{28}$ oe	M1	
	$\frac{140}{784}$ oe $\left(\frac{5}{28}\right)$ , $(0.179)$	A1	0.1785 - 0.1786
(iii)	$1 - \frac{9}{28} \times \frac{9}{28}$ oe	M1	
	$\frac{703}{784}$ oe (0.897) www 2	A1	0.8966 – 0.8967 <b>[9]</b>

11 (a)	Similar	B1	Allow enlargement oe
(b) (i)	$\frac{QT}{2.5} = \frac{6}{3} \qquad \text{oe}$ 5 \qquad \text{www2}	M1 A1	
		AI	
(ii)	$\left(\frac{6}{3}\right)^2$ or $k^2$ oe	M1	k must be from (i)
	11.2 cao www2	A1	
(iii)	$\sin X = \frac{\sin 26.5}{3} \times 2.5$	M2	M1 for any correct implicit form e.g. $\frac{\sin X}{2.5} = \frac{\sin 26.5}{3}$
	21.8 (21.82 – 21.83) www3	<b>A1</b>	Radians 0.9546 www implies <b>M2</b> [8]

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12 (a)	$\frac{30}{360} \times \pi \times 24$ oe 6.28 (6.28 – 6.284) www2	M1 A1	Accept 2 π	Adridge Com
(b)	$\frac{30}{360} \times \pi \times 12^2$ 37.7 (37.68 – 37.70) www2	M1 A1	Accept $12\pi$	OH
(c)	their <b>(b)</b> × 3 113 (113.0 – 113.1) <b>ft</b> www2	M1 A1ft	Accept $36 \pi$	
(d)	their (b) × 2 2 × 3 × 12 their (a) × 3 166 (166.2 – 166.3) cao www4	M1 M1 M1 A1	Accept $30 \pi + 72$	[10]

13 (a)	10 correct points	В3	<b>B2</b> for 8 or 9 correct points, <b>B1</b> for 6 or 7 points
(b)	Positive	B1	Ignore any wording which does not spoil answer Accept accurate description linking height to points
(c) (i) (ii)	179.9, 53.2	B1,B1	Accept 180 for 179.9
(d) (i)	(p) = 0.386h - 16.2 $(0.3855 - 0.3856) (-16.16)$	B2	If seen in correct form <b>B1</b> for 0.386, <b>B1</b> for –16.2. (Allow 0.39) <b>SC1</b> if in correct form and both terms correct to 2 sf
(ii)	Line through their (179.9, 53.2) seen to be plotted.	B1	Must be ruled and be from at least 165 to 190
	Would extend to <i>p</i> -axis within 3 squares of 45	B1	Gradient must be positive SC1 if accurate and not ruled
(iii)	52 or 53 or 54	B1	Must be integer [11]

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14 (a)	y = 2x through (0, 0) and (5, 10) x + y = 10 through (10, 0) and (0, 10) 2x + y = 10 through (5, 0) and (0, 10)	L1 L1 L1	Each straight line ruled Max 2 if not ruled Allow 2 mm accuracy at points indicated
(b)	Correct region unshaded ft	B1 ft	Allow indication by label <i>T</i> if clear ft <b>only</b> $y = \frac{1}{2}x$ for $y = 2x$
(c) (i)	3.2 – 3.4 ft	B1 ft	ft their region in <b>(b)</b> if <b>B1</b> scored (ans 6.6if ft in <b>(b)</b> ) or region T <sub>2</sub> if <b>(a)</b> correct (ans 2.5).
(ii)	3	B1	ft their region in <b>(b)</b> if <b>B1</b> scored (ans 6 if ft in <b>(b)</b> ) or region T <sub>2</sub> if <b>(a)</b> correct (ans 2).
(d)	1, 9 2, 7 ft	B1 ft B1 ft	ft their $T$ . Only full ft solutions and at least 2 pairs score <b>B2</b> ft.  Treat as ordered pairs unless labelled $x =, y =$ <b>SC1</b> if all reversed

15 (a) (i)	30	<b>B</b> 1	
(ii)	$\frac{360}{x}$	B1	Not $x =$
(iii)	$\frac{360}{x+8}$	B1	Not $x =$
(b) (i)	$\frac{360}{x} - \frac{360}{x+8} = 16$ oe	M2	SC1 for sign errors
	360(x+8) - 360x = 16x(x+8)  oe	M1	Dep on M2 or SC1, for correctly putting all three terms over common denominator or multiplying throughout by $x$ and $x + 8$ .
	$360x + 2880 - 360x = 16x^{2} + 128x$ $16x^{2} + 128x - 2880 = 0$ $x^{2} + 8x - 180 = 0$	E1	Dependent on <b>M2 M1</b> . At least one of these two lines oe before final conclusion without any errors or omissions. Condone the absence of = 0 only once
(ii)	(x+18)(x-10)	B2	If <b>B0</b> , <b>SC1</b> for $(x \pm p)(x \pm q)$ with values of 10 and 18 for $p$ and $q$
(iii)	-18, 10 ft	B1 ft	Correct or ft SC1
(iv)	10	B1 ft	Can ft a positive root [11]