

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper
for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/23

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

| | | |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Page 2 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2012 | 0607 |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|--|-----------|---|
| 1 | (a) | $(\pm)\frac{1}{7}$ (0.1528...) | 1 | Accept $-\frac{1}{7}$ (-0.1528...) |
| | (b) | $\pm\frac{1}{2}$ (± 0.5) | 2 | M1 for $x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ soi |
| 2 | (a) | $(3x - 2)(2x + 1)$ | 2 | SC1 for a pair of brackets which multiply out to give 2 terms correct |
| | (b) | $\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}$ | 1ft | ft from their (a) only if SC1 scored in (a). Strict ft but can start again to achieve correct answer and score. [3] |
| 3 | (a) | $\begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$ | 2 | B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$ seen |
| | (b) | $\sqrt{13}$ isw | 2 | B1 for $2^2 + 3^2$ seen or implied by $\pm\sqrt{13}$ [4] |
| 4 | | 56, 92 | 2 | B1 for 56, B1 for 92 After B0, B0, award SC1 for 25 and 36 seen. [2] |
| 5 | (a) | $(q - y)(p - x)$ oe | 2 | B1 for $p(q - y) + x(y - q)$ or better, or $q(p - x) + y(x - p)$ or better |
| | (b) | $2(4c - 5d)(4c + 5d)$ | 2 | B1 for $2(16c^2 - 25d^2)$ or $(8c - 10d)(4c + 5d)$ or $(4c - 5d)(8c + 10d)$ [4] |
| 6 | (a) (i) | 3 | 1 | After B0 , SC1 for any wave with correct amplitude or <i>their</i> amplitude and SC1 for wave passing through (0,0) with correct period or <i>their</i> period [4] |
| | (ii) | 180° or π | 1 | |
| | (b) | $y = 3\sin 2x$ drawn | B2 | |
| 7 | | $p = -1, q = 2.5$ or $5/2$ | 4 | M1 for attempt to get 2 equations for elimination. Condone 1 numerical slip M1 for correct addition/subtraction of <i>their</i> equation. Condone 1 further numerical slip (dep) A1, A1 for each Or M1 for equation in form $x =$ or $y =$. Condone 1 numerical slip M1 for substitution of <i>their</i> equation into the other correctly. No further slip A1, A1 for each Or wwwSC3 for either $p = -1$ or $q = 2.5$ [4] |
| 8 | | $x = 5$ | 3 | M2 for $y = 12x^2$ or $\frac{108}{300} = \frac{3^2}{x^2}$ oe M1 for $y = kx^2$ ($k \neq 1$) [3] |

| | | |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Page 3 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2012 | 0607 |

| | | | |
|--------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 9 | 13.5 | 3 | B1 for total distance = 27km B1 for total time = 2 hours |
| 10 | $x = -5$ | 3 | M1 for multiplying all <u>3</u> terms by 14, or LHS over 14 = 1, or all over 14 A1 for $2(x + 3) - 3(x - 1) = 14$, or $\frac{2x + 6 - 3(x - 1)}{14} = 1$ oe with other denominator e.g. 98 -5 may be seen embedded [3] |
| 11 (a) | log 6 | 1 | Accept ± 3 or -3 [3] |
| (b) | 3^y | 1 | |
| (c) | 3 | 1 | |
| 12 (a) | $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe | 1 | isw (incorrect cancelling only) |
| (b) | For co-ordinates of $D = (2, 4)$ For gradient of $CD = \frac{6}{4}$ oe e.g. $(4 - -2)/(2 - -2)$ Gradients not negative reciprocals oe | M1 M1 E1 | Can imply previous M1 i.e. Correct method using their D Dep on M2 and <u>no</u> errors in (b) [4] |