UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL E International General Certificate of Secondary Www.papaCambridge.com

## LATIN

Paper 2 Literature

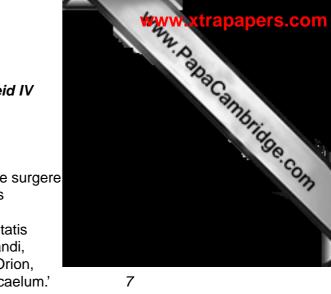
Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



2

Section A: Virgil – Aeneid IV

1 Read the following passage, and answer the questions:

'quam tu urbem, soror, hanc cernes, quae surgere coniugio tali! Teucrum comitantibus armis Punica se quantis attollet gloria rebus! tu modo posce deos veniam, sacrisque litatis indulge hospitio causasque innecte morandi, dum pelago desaevit hiems et aquosus Orion, quassataeque rates, dum non tractabile caelum.' his dictis impenso animum flammavit amore spemque dedit dubiae menti solvitque pudorem. principio delubra adeunt pacemque per aras exquirunt; mactant lectas de more bidentes legiferae Cereri Phoeboque patrique Lyaeo.

IV. 47–58

9

12

(i)	Who speaks the first seven lines (quam tucaelum)?	[1]
(ii)	Judging from what the speaker has said just before these lines, in what ways did Dido s to feel more secure if she married Aeneas?	tand [2]
(iii)	<i>Teucrumrebus</i> (lines 2–3): why might the readers of Virgil's day have found these w ironic?	ords [2]
(iv)	Translate from tu modo in line 4 as far as caelum in line 7.	[5]
(v)	solvitque pudorem (line 9): why should Dido feel a sense of shame if she married Aeneas?[2]	
(vi)	Cereri (line 12): give one reason why they should choose Ceres to sacrifice to.	[1]
(vii)	PhoeboLyaeo (line 12): give the names by which these two gods are better known.	[2]

[Total: 15]



2 Read the following passage, and answer the questions:

et Tyrii comites passim et Troiana iuventus Dardaniusque nepos Veneris diversa per agro tecta metu petiere; ruunt de montibus amnes. speluncam Dido dux et Troianus eandem deveniunt. prima et Tellus et pronuba luno dant signum; fulsere ignes et conscius aether conubiis, summoque ulularunt vertice Nympha ille dies primus leti primusque malorum causa fuit; neque enim specie famave movetur nec iam furtivum Dido meditatur amorem: coniugium vocat, hoc praetexit nomine culpam. extemplo Libyae magnas it Fama per urbes, Fama, malum qua non aliud velocius ullum: mobilitate viget viresque adquirit eundo, parva metu primo, mox sese attollit in auras ingrediturque solo et caput inter nubila condit.

IV. 162–177

11

12

13

16

(i)	Dardaniusque nepos Veneris (line 2): name him.	[1]		
(ii)	tecta metu petiere (line 3): what activity had been interrupted?	[1]		
(iii)	ruunt de montibus amnes (line 3): what had caused this to happen?	[1]		
(iv)	Give three ways in which Virgil achieves a dramatic effect in lines 5–7 (primaNymphae)	.[3]		
(v)	Translate from <i>ille</i> in line 8 as far as <i>culpam</i> in line 11.	[5]		
(vi)	Write out and scan line 12 ( <i>extemplo…urbes</i> ), marking in the long and short syllables and divisions between feet.	the [2]		
(vii)	<i>Famacondit</i> (lines 13–16): give <b>two</b> ways in which Virgil makes his description of Rum ( <i>Fama</i> ) vivid.	our [2]		
	[Total:	15]		
How important is the spoken word in the part of the Aeneid that you have read?				

Support your answer with reference to the text.

You should write about 100 words.

3

[10]



## Section B: Two Centuries of Roman Pro

4 Read the following passage, and answer the questions:

sed postquam res eorum civibus, moribus, agris aucta, sa pollens videbatur, sicuti pleraque mortalium habentur, invidia igitur reges populique finitumi bello temptare, pauci ex ami ceteri metu perculsi a periculis aberant. at Romani domi militia parare, alius alium hortari, hostibus obviam ire, libertatem, armis tegere. post, ubi pericula virtute propulerant, sociis

portabant, magisque dandis quam accipiundis beneficiis amicitias parabant.

Sallust ch.1 3-5

- (i) What period of Roman history forms the background to this passage? How were the Romans governed at the time? [2]
- (ii) What indication is there in the first sentence (*sed postquam..orta est*) that Sallust took a pessimistic view of human nature? [2]
- (iii) What two problems faced the Romans, as described in the second sentence (igitur...aberant)?
- (iv) Translate the third sentence (at Romani...tegere).
- (v) Pick out from the passage two features of Sallust's style that you consider add force or vividness to his words. Give an example of each.
   [2]
- (vi) How did the Romans win friends, as described in the last seven words of the passage (magisque...parabant)? [2]

[Total: 14]

[2]

[4]



**5** Read the following passage, and answer the questions:

Qui mori timore nisi ego? gladium tamen strinxi et in tota via ad villam amicae meae pervenirem. ut larva intravi, paene a mihi per bifurcium volabat, vix umquam refectus sum. Melis quod tam sero ambularem, et 'si ante' inquit 'venisses, salt lupus enim villam intravit et omnia pecora perculit; tamquam misit. nec tamen derisit, etiam si fugit; servus enim noste traiecit.'

- (i) Translate the first three sentences (*Qui...refectus sum*). [6]
  (ii) *Melissa mea* (line 3): who was Melissa? Why does Niceros call her *mea*? [2]
- (iii) quod tam sero ambularem (line 4): why was Niceros on the road, and what had made him late? [2]
- (iv) Pick out from the passage and write down two examples of the way in which Petronius makes his story more vivid. [2]
- (v) What disaster does Melissa report in lines 5-6 (*lupus...misit*)?
- (vi) What did Niceros discover on his return to Cumae, as he recounts after this passage? [2]

[Total: 16]

[2]

[10]

**6** Judging from the section of the *Annals* that you have read, what feelings do you consider that Tacitus intends his readers to have towards Nero?

Support your answer with reference to the text.

You should write about 100 words.



**BLANK PAGE** 



**BLANK PAGE** 



**BLANK PAGE** 

Copyright Acknowledgements:

Questions 4 and 5 © Kennedy and Davis; Two Centuries of Roman Prose; Bristol Classical Press, 1972.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of