

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### LATIN

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Paper 2 Literature MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

## **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

#### MARK SCHEME NOTES

The mark scheme includes suggested responses but examiners will credit all acceptable variants.

Key	
;	separates alternative responses to the question
/	separates alternative wording within the same response
OR	separates possible variants in a response which are mutually exclusive (award marks for one <b>OR</b> the other, <b>not</b> parts of each)
[]	the word, phrase or unit in brackets is not required but is in the mark scheme for clarification.

Question		Answer	Marks			
1(a)		charging towards each other (1); throwing spears (1); hand -to-hand fighting (1); clashing shields (1); fighting on open ground (1) <b>max 2</b>				
1(b)		_ uu  _ uu _ x procursu rapido coniectis eminus hastis 1 mark for getting 3 feet correct and 2 marks for 6 feet correct				
1(c)	<i>crebros ic</i> juxtaposit balanced	bersonification / hyperbole of the ground groaning (1); enclosing word order crebros ictus with ensibus in the middle (1); ictus described as crebros (1); uxtaposition of fors et virtus (1); line 5 starts with congeminant which is balanced by unum at the end of the line showing how close together the two heroes are (1); emphasis created by beginning with the verb dat max 2				
1(d)	mention of over (1); 1 winning b founder o	bulls are perceived as strong and fierce like the heroes (1); Sila / Taburno – mention of places in Italy which is what Aeneas is fighting for domination over (1); the two armies are watching like the herdsmen, cattle and cows (1); the winning bull will be the emperor of the pastures as Aeneas will be a ruler and founder of the empire (1); military terminology used to describe the fight: <i>incurrunt in inimica proelia</i> (1) <b>max 4</b>				
1(e)	Award up to <b>5 marks</b> for performance using the grid below.					
	Mark Performance description					
	5	perfectly accurate				
	4	overall sense correct: minor error(s) (e.g. tense, number)				
	3	some sense with major errors				
	2	part correct: overall sense lacking/unclear				
	1	not coherent: isolated knowledge of vocabulary only				
	0	totally incorrect or omitted				
	(This is o	<b>n translation</b> ne possible translation of the passage. Examiners will credit all le variants.)				
		ently did Trojan Aeneas and the Daunian hero engage in battle with lds; a huge crash filled the sky.				

Question		Answer	Marks		
2(a)	Juturna	Juturna			
2(b)	Jupiter		1		
2(c)	really pre is sad to l <i>ire per un</i> suggests	string of rhetorical questions (1); <i>virginitate</i> Juturna feels that she has given a eally precious thing (1); and has not been justly repaid (1); <i>vitam aeternam</i> she is sad to have eternal life (1); which is something most mortals would relish (1); <i>re per umbras</i> she is suicidal (1); because she is so upset (1); enjambment suggests the words pouring out of her mouth like tears (1); sibilance lines 6-7 suggest the sound of sighing (1) <b>max 4</b>			
2(d)	sadness start of th	n of 'm' sounds in lines 8 and 10 (1) convey the sound of moaning and (1); <i>immortalis ego?</i> the short phrase with the verb omitted and at the e line (1) shows Juturna's complete disdain for her special status (1); questions (1) show the extent of her frustration with living / immortality <b>4</b>	4		
2(e)	Award up to <b>5 marks</b> for performance using the grid below.				
	Mark Performance description				
	5	perfectly accurate			
	4	overall sense correct: minor error(s) (e.g. tense, number)			
	3	some sense with major errors			
	2	Part correct: overall sense lacking/unclear			
	1	not coherent: isolated knowledge of vocabulary only			
	0	totally incorrect or omitted			
	(This is o	<b>n translation</b> ne possible translation of the passage. Examiners will credit all le variants.)			
		ronounced so much, she covered her head with a grey veil; groaning a oddess plunged herself into her deep stream.			

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Question</b>	Answers         Answers may include references to:         Answers may include references to:         Aeneas' enthusiasm for battle when he is compared to the mountains         when Turnus' sword breaks         Turnus' fear when he starts running and when he begs for his life         when the armies cry out during the final duel         Turnus begging for a sword and Aeneas threatening anyone who dares to give one to him         the terrifying Dira         Juturna's reaction to her brother's imminent death         the speeches by Turnus and Aeneas during the due;         Aeneas' anger at the end when he kills Turnus in revenge for the death of Pallas         Turnus' death.	Marks 10
	Points should be illustrated with examples from the text in English or Latin. Award up to <b>5 marks</b> for performance against each AO using the grid.	

Question		Α	nswer			Marks
3	Level	AO2 Literary knowledge with understanding	Mark	AO3 Literary criticism with personal response	Mark	
	Level 3	A <b>good</b> range of appropriate points with clear and detailed explanation. A <b>good</b> range of Latin quotations / references to the text with relevant discussion. Demonstrates <b>good</b> understanding of the text and its context.	4–5	<b>Good</b> evaluation with detailed analysis of evidence. Answers offer an informed personal response to the literature.	4–5	
	Level 2	Makes relevant points with <b>some</b> explanation. A few Latin quotations / references to the text with discussion. Demonstrates <b>some</b> understanding of the text and its context.	2–3	<b>Some</b> evaluation with use of evidence. Answers offer <b>some</b> personal response to the literature.	2–3	
	Level 1	Points made are of little or no relevance. One Latin quotation / reference to the text without discussion. Demonstrates <b>minimal</b> understanding of the text and its context.	1	<b>Minimal</b> evaluation of the evidence. Answers offer a <b>minimal</b> personal response.	1	
	Level 0	No creditable response.	0	No creditable response.	0	

Question		Answer	Marks	
4(a)	Award up to <b>5 marks</b> for performance using the grid below.			
	Mark	Performance description		
	5	perfectly accurate		
	4	overall sense correct: minor error(s) (e.g. tense, number)		
	3	some sense with major errors		
	2	part correct: overall sense lacking/unclear		
	1	not coherent: isolated knowledge of vocabulary only		
	0	totally incorrect or omitted		
	( <i>This is of acceptabl</i> On the Ide as it seen	n translation ne possible translation of the passage. Examiners will credit all le variants.) es / 13 September I was at Laterium. I saw the road which pleased me ned to be like a public highway, except for 150 paces (for I paced it out om that little bridge which is by the temple of Furina, towards Satricum.		
4(b)	which is a iniecta es carelessly et mutable – future te velles you obviously neque	<i>pulvis non glarea</i> juxtaposition (1) contrasts the two different materials one of which is acceptable and one not (1); <i>iniecta est</i> choice of words (1) as if the worker has just thrown the earth on carelessly (1); <i>et mutabitur</i> short, definitive statement (1) it is unacceptable and will be changed – future tense (1); <i>velles</i> you don't want to (1) Cicero tells his brother what he does not want – obviously Cicero knows best (1); <i>neque neque</i> neither nor they cannot put the road either of those ways (1) strengthened by <i>praesertim</i> (1); <b>max 4</b>		
4(c)(i)	Varro had touched it	d properly made up the road in front of his farm (1) Locusta had not t / his (1)	2	
4(c)(ii)	get on to	Locusta (1) and stir him up (1)	2	
4(c)(iii)	channellir	ng water (1) through the farm of M Taurus (1)	2	

Question		Answer	Marks		
5(a)	<pre>vero (1) adds emphasis (1); suavissimum hominem (1) superlative description = approval (1); summi offici (1) another superlative with a genitive of description = approval (1); humanitatis (1) genitive of description = approval (1); te ad se traferret (1) thinks he is so great that Tiro should change over to him (1); describes Lyso as neglegentior (1) comparative = disapproval (1); quia omnes Graeci (1) Cicero thinks Lyso might be like 'all Greeks' = disapproval (he is racist) (1); mihi nullas remisit (1) Lyso did not reply to Cicero's letters (1); repetition of summus (1) hyperbolic emphasis = approval (1) max 6, must include at least one style and one content point</pre>				
5(b)	sed (1) co faciendun	repetition of <i>tu</i> (1) shows he is leaving it to Tiro to decide what to do (1); sed (1) contrasts to what he has said before (1); <i>faciendum</i> (1) gerundive of obligation (1); <i>iudicabis</i> (1) future tense second person shows confident expectation (1) <b>max 2</b>			
5(c)	Award up to <b>5 marks</b> for performance using the grid below.				
	Mark Performance description				
	5	perfectly accurate			
	4	overall sense correct: minor error(s) (e.g. tense, number)			
	3	some sense with major errors			
	2	part correct: overall sense lacking/unclear			
	1	not coherent: isolated knowledge of vocabulary only			
	0	totally incorrect or omitted			
	(This is o	<b>n translation</b> ne possible translation of the passage. Examiners will credit all le variants.)			
	-	this my Tiro, do not spare expense in anything that is necessary for the theory of the theory of the term of term			
5(d)	to give the	e doctor something (1) so that the doctor will try harder (1)	2		

Question	Answer					
6	<ul> <li>Answers may include references to:</li> <li>Cicero's subject matter, e.g. health, marriage, house building: this is quite mundane but Cicero's style of writing is still very decorative</li> <li>Cicero's use of vivid description, variation, direct and indirect speech, Greek quotes, different styles of writing, humour, balanced phrases, sound patterns etc.</li> <li>Points should be illustrated with examples from the text in English or Latin.</li> <li>Award up to 5 marks for performance against each AO using the grid.</li> </ul>					
	Level	AO2 Literary knowledge with understanding	Mark	AO3 Literary criticism with personal response	Mark	
	Level 3	A <b>good</b> range of appropriate points with clear and detailed explanation. A <b>good</b> range of Latin quotations / references to the text with relevant discussion. Demonstrates <b>good</b> understanding of the text and its context.	4–5	<b>Good</b> evaluation with detailed analysis of evidence. Answers offer an informed personal response to the literature.	4–5	
	Level 2	Makes relevant points with <b>some</b> explanation. A few Latin quotations / references to the text with discussion. Demonstrates <b>some</b> understanding of the text and its context.	2–3	<b>Some</b> evaluation with use of evidence. Answers offer <b>some</b> personal response to the literature.	2–3	
	Level 1	Points made are of little or no relevance. One Latin quotation / reference to the text without discussion. Demonstrates <b>minimal</b> understanding of the text and its context.	1	<b>Minimal</b> evaluation of the evidence. Answers offer a <b>minimal</b> personal response.	1	
	Level 0	No creditable response.	0	No creditable response.	0	