

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0444 MATHEMATICS (US)	
0444/31	Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 104

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
nfww	not from wrong working
soi	seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) (i) 48, 39 Subtract 9 oe	1, 1FT 1	FT 6 th term = 5 th term – 9
	(ii) 162, 486 Multiply by 3 oe	1, 1FT 1	FT 6 th term = 5 th term × 3
	(b) (i) $93 - 9n$ oe final answer	2	B1 for $-9n + c$ or $kn + 93$, $k \neq 0$
	(ii) –96 cao	2	M1 for substitution of $n = 21$ into their linear expression
2	(a) (i) Parallelogram	1	
	(ii) 0	1	
	(b) Translation $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$	1	Independent Accept 9 right, 6 down
	(c) (i) (1, 4), (4, 4), (5, 2), (2, 2)	2	SC1 for reflection in x -axis
	(ii) (–4, –1), (–4, –4), (–2, –5), (–2, –2)	2	SC1 for rotation 90° clockwise or correct rotation any centre
	(d) (–6, 8), (0, 8), (–8, 4), (–2, 4)	2	SC1 for enlargement of S, scale factor 2, wrong position
	(e) (i) 6	2	M1 for 3×2
	(ii) 4	1	
	(iii) 24	1FT	FT <i>their</i> (e)(i) × <i>their</i> (e)(ii) or FT area of <i>their</i> (d) if a parallelogram and not congruent to S.

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3	(a) (i) 25 (ii) 26 (iii) 21 (iv) 20 (b) 768 (c) (i) 49.5 cao (ii) 69.3[0] (iii) 110	1 1 2 2 2 3 1 FT 3	 M1 for attempt at ordering M1 for $300 \div 15$ or (sum of complete list) $\div 15$ M1 for 0.96×800 oe M1 for figs 66×750 soi M1 for $\div 1000$ <i>Their (c)(i)</i> $\times 1.40$ M2 for $\frac{\text{their (c)(ii)} - 33}{33} \times 100$ or M1 for <i>their (c)(ii)</i> $- 33$ Alternative method: M2 for $\frac{\text{their (c)(ii)}}{33} \times 100 - 100$ Or M1 for $\frac{\text{their (c)(ii)}}{33}$
4	(a) Hexagon correct with arcs. $AF = 7 \text{ cm } (\pm 2 \text{ mm})$ $EF = 8 \text{ cm } (\pm 2 \text{ mm})$ (b) Hexagon (c) (i) Bisector of CD with 2 pairs of arcs (ii) Bisector of angle ABC with 2 pairs of correct arcs. (d) (i) 56.55 or 56.56 (ii) 30.85	2 1 2 2 2 3	B1 for correct hexagon without arcs or one length correct with arcs. Or B1 for two correct arcs B1 for correct bisector with one pair or no arcs B1 for bisector without 2 pairs of arcs M1 for $(\pi \times 6^2) \div 2$ oe M1 for $(\pi \times 12) \div 2$ oe M1 for ' <i>their</i> $(\pi \times 12) \div 2$ ' + 12 oe

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5	(a) (i) -1, -4, -8, 8, 4, 1 (ii) 8 points correctly plotted, within $\frac{1}{2}$ square. 2 smooth correct curves, not joined (iii) 2 (b) (i) -3 0 6 (ii) Correct ruled line (c) 1.4 to 1.6 and -3.6 to -3.4 (d) 1.5	3 3FT 1 1 2 1 1FT 1FT 1	1 for each symmetrical pair B2FT for 6 or 7 correct Or B1FT for 4 or 5 correct B1 for two correct FT from their graph ± 0.1
6	(a) (i) 86 (ii) 55 (iii) 81 (iv) 64 (b) $\frac{y+1}{3}$ oe final answer	1 1 1 1 2	M1 for $y+1=3x$ or $\frac{y}{3}=x-\frac{1}{3}$ Or $-y-1=-3x$
7	(a) (i) [Car angle =] $135 (\pm 2^\circ)$ $135 \div 360 \times 120$ (= 45) (ii) $\frac{2}{3}$ or value from 0.658 to 0.675 (b) (i) $x + 31 + x + 17 + 2x$ [=120] or better (ii) 18 cao	B1 M1 2 3 3	B1 for angles of 238° to 242° or 79 to 81 people B1 for $x + 17$ – seen together B1 for $2x$ M1 FT for <i>their</i> $(4x + 48)$ [=120] or <i>their</i> $2x + x + x = 120 - 31 - 17$ or better. M1FT for <i>their</i> $(4x = 72)$ If zero SC2 for a correct numerical solution of their equation of equivalent difficulty.

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8 (a)	Tangent	1	
(b)	Tangent and radius in a correct statement	1	
(c)	8	3	M2 for $\sqrt{17^2 - 15^2}$ or better or M1 for $17^2 = OQ^2 + 15^2$ oe or better
(d)	$\text{Cos}(\dots) = \frac{15}{17}$ or $\text{Sin}(\dots) = \frac{8}{17}$ or $\text{Tan}(\dots) = \frac{8}{15}$ or better 28.07... or 28.1	M1 A1	
(e)	$\frac{90-28}{2}$ oe or $(\sin^{-1}(15/17)) \div 2$ 31 or 30.95 or 30.96... Any 2 correct reasons from vertically opposite, angles (in a) triangle (180), isosceles	M1 A1 B1	
(f)	8.24 Or 8.22 to 8.241	3	M2 for '8' \times sin ('31') \times 2 or M1 for '8' \times sin ('31')
9 (a) (i)	$\frac{3}{3+4+8}$ or $\frac{180}{3+4+8}$ $3 \div (15) \times 180$ or $\frac{180 \times 3}{15}$ (= 36)	M1 M1	
(ii)	48 [and] 96	1, 1	One mark for each. If zero, SC1 for sum of both angles = 144.
(b) (i)	Angle $BAC = 35 (\pm 2^\circ)$ Angle $ABC = 65 (\pm 2^\circ)$ and triangle completed	B1 B1	If zero SC1 for AC and BC reversed and triangle completed
(ii)	4.45 cm to 4.85 cm	1 FT	FT for their shortest side
(c)	19.6 cao cm^2 oe	2 1	M1 for $0.5 \times 7 \times 5.6$