## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education


| $\substack{\text { CENTER } \\ \text { NUMBER }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | CANDIDATE <br> NUMBER |  |  |  |  |

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments Electronic calculator

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Center number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.
Answer all questions.
If work is needed for any question it must be shown in the space provided.
Electronic calculators should be used.
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant digits.
Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.
For $\pi$, use either your calculator value or 3.142 .
The number of points is given in parentheses [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
The total of the points for this paper is 104.
Write your calculator model in the box below.
$\square$

This document consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ printed pages.

## Formula List

Area, $A$, of triangle, base $b$, height $h$.
$A=\frac{1}{2} b h$
Area, $A$, of circle, radius $r$.
$A=\pi r^{2}$

Circumference, $C$, of circle, radius $r$.
Lateral surface area, $A$, of cylinder of radius $r$, height $h$.
$C=2 \pi r$

Surface area, $A$, of sphere of radius $r$.
Volume, $V$, of prism, cross-sectional area $A$, length $l$.
$A=2 \pi r h$

Volume, $V$, of cylinder of radius $r$, height $h$.
Volume, $V$, of sphere of radius $r$.
$A=4 \pi r^{2}$
$V=A l$
$V=\pi r^{2} h$
$V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$

1 (a) (i) Write 6751 correct to the nearest hundred.
Answer(a)(i)
(ii) Write 0.25 as a fraction.
$\qquad$
(iii) Write 0.06 as a percentage.
$\qquad$
Answer(a)(iii)
(iv) Write 687000000 in scientific notation.
Answer(a)(iv)
(b) Find
(i) $\sqrt{81}$,
Answer(b)(i)
(ii) $7^{3}$,

> Answer(b)(ii)
(iii) $8^{0}$.

Answer(b)(iii)
(c) Solve.
(i) $29-x=18$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(c)(i) } x=\text {. } \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(ii) $4(2 y+7)=164$

$$
\text { Answer(c)(ii) } y=\text {. }
$$

(d) Simplify.

$$
6 x^{4} \times 8 x
$$

2 (a) Chip flies from New York to St Petersburg.
The plane takes off at 0230 and arrives in St Petersburg at 1935.
The local time in New York is 8 hours behind the local time in St Petersburg.
How long does the flight take?

Answer(a) $\qquad$ hours $\qquad$ min
(b) Chip books a bus tour of St Petersburg.

The cost is $\$ 290$ for each adult and $\$ 163$ for each child.
There are 37 adults and 8 children on the bus.
(i) Calculate how much is paid altogether.

Answer(b)(i) \$.
(ii) The bus has 53 seats for passengers.

Calculate the percentage of seats that are occupied.
(iii) Chip pays $\$ 290$ for the bus tour.

The exchange rate is $\$ 1=33.2$ rubles.
Work out the cost of the tour in rubles.
(c) Chip went on a cruise ship from St Petersburg. It visited four other ports. 30 guests are asked which port they enjoyed the most.
Each reply is listed below.

| Stockholm | St Petersburg | St Petersburg | Helsinki | Tallinn | St Petersburg |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tallinn | Helsinki | Tallinn | Copenhagen | Tallinn | Copenhagen |
| St Petersburg | St Petersburg | Stockholm | St Petersburg | Stockholm | Helsinki |
| Helsinki | St Petersburg | Tallinn | Tallinn | St Petersburg | St Petersburg |
| Stockholm | Tallinn | St Petersburg | Helsinki | Tallinn | Copenhagen |

(i) Complete the frequency table.

You may use the tally column to help you.

| Port | Tally | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Copenhagen |  |  |
| Helsinki |  |  |
| St Petersburg |  |  |
| Stockholm |  |  |
| Tallinn | Total | 30 |
|  |  |  |

(ii) Draw a bar chart to show this information.

Complete the scale on the frequency axis.

Frequency


3 Kylie, Rio and Choi buy a horse for \$21600.
(a) They pay for the horse in the ratio Kylie: Rio: Choi $=2: 3: 4$.

Calculate the amount that they each pay.

## Answer(a) Kylie \$

$\qquad$

Rio \$. $\qquad$

Choi \$.
(b) It costs $\$ 14000$ to keep the horse for one year.
(i) Food costs $30 \%$ of the $\$ 14000$.

Calculate the cost of the food.

Answer(b)(i) \$.
(ii) Stable fees are $\$ 8000$.

Write this as a fraction of the $\$ 14000$.
Give your answer in its lowest terms.

Answer(b)(ii)
(iii) It costs $\$ 600$ for vets' fees and the rest of the $\$ 14000$ is spent on equipment.

Work out how much is spent on equipment.
(c) They later sell the horse for $\$ 17280$.

Calculate the percentage loss on the $\$ 21600$ they paid for the horse.
$\qquad$
Answer(c) \% [3]
(d) Rio invests $\$ 5500$ for 3 years at a rate of $2.5 \%$ per year compound interest.

Calculate how much interest he receives after the 3 years.

4 Bataar is comparing the engine size of a car with the distance it travels on one gallon of fuel.
(a) Bataar records the results for 12 cars in the table.

| Engine size $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ | 1650 | 1700 | 1750 | 1840 | 1900 | 1930 | 2000 | 2050 | 2160 | 2200 | 2300 | 2390 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Distance $(\mathrm{km})$ | 91 | 84 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 67 | 58 | 60 | 54 | 83 | 47 | 43 |

David says that Bataar has incorrectly recorded the distance 83 km for one of the cars. Use the data in the table to explain why David might say this.

Answer(a) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Bataar decides to ignore the incorrect result and uses the data for the remaining 11 cars.

| Engine size $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ | 1650 | 1700 | 1750 | 1840 | 1900 | 1930 | 2000 | 2050 | 2160 | 2300 | 2390 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Distance $(\mathrm{km})$ | 91 | 84 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 67 | 58 | 60 | 54 | 47 | 43 |

(i) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first 7 points have been plotted for you.

[2]
(ii) The mean engine size is $1970 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.

Show that the mean distance is 67 km .
Answer(b)(ii)
(iii) On the scatter diagram, draw a line of best fit.
(iv) What type of correlation is shown on the scatter diagram?

> Answer(b)(iv)
(c) Use your scatter diagram to estimate the distance traveled by a car with an engine size of $2200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.

Answer(c)
km [1]

5 (a)


The diagram shows a circle with diameter $E F$.
$A E B$ is a tangent to the circle at $E$.
$C D$ is parallel to $A B$ and angle $E F G=65^{\circ}$.
Calculate the size of the following angles, giving a reason for each answer.
(i) Angle $E G F=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) Angle $G E F=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(iii) Angle $A E G=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(iv) Angle $E G D=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
(b) The diagram shows a circle, center $O$.


Write down the mathematical name of the line
(i) $O D$,
(ii) $B C$.

6 (a) Natalia has 16 reels of cotton.
6 reels are blue, 4 are white, 3 are red, 2 are black and 1 is green.
Natalia picks a reel at random.
(i) Write down the color she is most likely to pick.
$\qquad$
(ii) Find the probability that she picks a black reel.
(b) Natalia is making a circular tablecloth of radius 1.5 m using blue and white material. The diagram shows this tablecloth.

(i) The radius of the blue circle is 0.9 m .

Work out the area of the white material shown in the diagram.
(ii) Natalia puts ribbon around the edge of the tablecloth.

Calculate the length of ribbon used.
$\qquad$
Answer(b)(ii) m [2]
(iii) Natalia buys 12 m of ribbon costing $\$ 1.45$ per meter.

Calculate the amount of change she receives from $\$ 20$.

7 (a) Goat food is sold in 20 kg bags.
One goat eats $\frac{2}{5}$ of a bag of food each week.
(i) Work out how many kilograms of food this goat eats in one week.

> Answer(a)(i)
(ii) How many bags of food will the goat eat in 15 weeks?

Answer(a)(ii)
(b) The diagram shows the trough used to feed the goat.

(i) The cross section of the trough is a trapezoid.

What geometric 3-dimensional shape is the best model for this trough?
(ii) The diagram shows the cross section of the trough on its stand.


The top section, $A B C$, can be modeled as an isosceles triangle with $A B=A C$.


Calculate
(a) angle $A B C$,

$$
\text { Answer(b)(ii)(a) Angle } A B C=
$$

(b) the length of $A B$.

8 (a)

(i) Rotate triangle $A$ through $180^{\circ}$ about $(0,0)$.
(ii) Reflect triangle $A$ in the line $x=-1$.
(iii) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle $A$ onto triangle $B$.

Answer(a)(iii) $\qquad$
(b)

(i) Write down the co-ordinates of point $Y$.

Answer(b)(i) ( $\qquad$ .,
(ii) Write $\overrightarrow{X Y}$ as a column vector.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Answer(b)(ii)} \quad(\quad) \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(iii) $\overrightarrow{X Z}=\binom{-5}{1}$

On the grid, plot the point $Z$.

9 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y=x^{2}-4 x-2$.

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $y$ |  |  | -2 |  | -6 | -5 | -2 | 3 |

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=x^{2}-4 x-2$ for $-2 \leqslant x \leqslant 5$.

(iii) Use your graph to solve the equation $x^{2}-4 x-2=0$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(a)(iii) } x=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b)


The line $L$ is drawn on the grid.
Find the equation of the line in the form $y=m x+b$.

Question 10 is printed on the next page.

10 The first three diagrams in a sequence are shown below.


Diagram 1


Diagram 2


Diagram 3
(a) Complete the table for the number of lines and the number of dots in Diagram 3 and Diagram 4.

| Diagram | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lines | 5 | 10 |  |  |
| Dots | 6 | 11 |  |  |

(b) For Diagram $n$, write down an expression, in terms of $n$, for the number of
(i) lines,
Answer(b)(i)
(ii) dots.

Answer(b)(ii)
(c) Work out the number of lines and the number of dots in Diagram 20.

> Answer(c) Number of lines =
$\qquad$
Number of dots $=$

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