## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

CANDIDATE NAME
CENTER NUMBER

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\square$
CANDIDATE NUMBER

You must answer on the question paper.
You will need: Geometrical instruments

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, center number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary work clearly.
- All answers should be given in their simplest form.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70 .
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in parentheses [ ].


## Formula List

For the equation

$$
a x^{2}+b x+c=0
$$

$$
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}
$$

Lateral surface area, $A$, of cylinder of radius $r$, height $h$.
Lateral surface area, $A$, of cone of radius $r$, sloping edge $l$.
Surface area, $A$, of sphere of radius $r$.

Volume, $V$, of pyramid, base area $A$, height $h$.

Volume, $V$, of cone of radius $r$, height $h$.

Volume, $V$, of sphere of radius $r$.

$A=2 \pi r h$
$A=\pi r l$
$A=4 \pi r^{2}$
$V=\frac{1}{3} A h$
$V=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
$V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
$\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
$a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$

Area $=\frac{1}{2} b c \sin A$

1 Marco starts work at 2045 and finishes at 0208 the next day. Find the length of time, in hours and minutes, he works.
$\qquad$
h $\qquad$ min

| 117 | 121 | 149 | 164 | 215 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

From this list, write down
(a) a square number
$\qquad$
(b) a prime number.

3 Work out.
$\sqrt{0.000009}$

4 The mean mass of four men in a rowing team is 100 kg .
The modal mass is 101 kg .
The range of the masses is 8 kg .
Find the mass of each of the four men.
$\qquad$ kg, $\qquad$ kg, $\qquad$ kg, $\qquad$

5 Work out $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{2}{3}$.
Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

6 A spinner can land on the colors green, black or red.
The table shows the probabilities of the spinner landing on green or black.

| Color | Green | Black | Red |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Probability | 0.4 | 0.25 |  |

(a) Complete the table.
(b) Chang spins the spinner 120 times.

Find the expected number of times it lands on green.

7 Find the least common multiple (LCM) of 36 and 60.
$8 \quad A$ is the point $(-3,5)$ and $B$ is the point $(5,2)$.
Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line $A B$.

9 Solve the system of linear equations.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-2 y=21 \\
& 5 x+2 y=51
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& x= \\
& y= \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

10


Using compass and straight edge only, construct the circumscribed circle of triangle $A B C$.

11


NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows two sides of a regular polygon.
The interior angle of the polygon is $(7 x+76)^{\circ}$ and the exterior angle is $(x+8)^{\circ}$.
Find the number of sides of this polygon.

12 Keita invests $\$ 4000$ at a rate of $5 \%$ per year compound interest.
Work out the interest earned on the investment at the end of 2 years.

13 Simplify $\sqrt{75}+\sqrt{363}$.

14 A map has a scale of $1: 200000$.
Find the area, in square kilometers, of a lake that has an area of $13 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ on the map.
$\mathrm{km}^{2}$

15


The graph shows the speed of a car as it slows down from a speed of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ until it stops at 20 seconds.
(a) Find the speed of the car at 14 seconds.
$\qquad$ m/s
(b) Find the average rate of change of the speed between 8 seconds and 10 seconds.
$\qquad$
(c) By drawing a suitable tangent to the curve, find the rate of change of the speed at 8 seconds.

16 A kite is drawn on a coordinate grid.
The diagonals of the kite intersect at the point $(4,7)$.
One diagonal has equation $y=2 x-1$.
Find the equation of the other diagonal of the kite.
Give your answer in the form $y=m x+b$.

$$
y=
$$

$17 y$ varies as the square of $(x-7)$.
When $x=12, y=2$.
Find $y$ when $x=17$.

$$
y=
$$

18 Two bottles are mathematically similar.
The small bottle has a capacity of 270 ml and a height of 9 cm .
The large bottle has a capacity of 640 ml .
Work out the height of the large bottle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{f}(x)=5 x-3, x>1 \\
& \mathrm{~g}(x)=\frac{10}{x-2}, x \neq 2
\end{aligned}
$$

(a) Find $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{f}(x))$.

Give your answer in its simplest form.
(b) Find $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.

$$
\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)=
$$

(c) Find $\mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x-1)\right)$.

20 (a)


The diagram shows two straight lines crossing two parallel lines.
Work out the value of $x$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
x= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b)


The diagram shows a cyclic quadrilateral and its diagonals. $A B$ is a diameter.

Work out the values of $u, v$ and $w$.

$$
\begin{align*}
& u=. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~
\end{align*}
$$

21 (a)

$C$ is due east of $A$.
Find the bearing of
(i) $A$ from $B$
(ii) $B$ from $C$.
(b)


Find the value of $\sin x$.

Question 22 is printed on the next page.

22 (a) Expand and simplify.

$$
(3 x+1)(x-2)-(x+1)(2 x-3)
$$

(b) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$
\frac{4}{2 x-3} \div \frac{2 x^{2}+14 x}{2 x^{2}+11 x-21}
$$

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