



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATIC	•		0590/22
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME			

Paper 3 (Core)

October/November 2014

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Electronic calculator

Geometrical instruments

Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



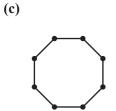
	the land the company builds houses, shops and a school.	
(a)	Show that 4 square kilometres is equivalent to 4000000 square metres.	
	Answer(a)	
		[1]
		[1]
(b)	The company uses 5% of the land for roads and paths.	
	Show that the remaining area of land is 3 800 000 m ² .	
	Answer(b)	
		[1]
(c)	The 3800000m^2 of land is divided in the ratio houses: shops: school = $11:5:3$.	
	(i) Show that the area for the school is 600000m^2 .	
	Answer(c)(i)	
		[2]
	(ii) Calculate the area for houses.	
	<i>Answer(c)</i> (ii)	m ² [1]
((iii) 140 m ² is needed for each house.	
	Calculate, correct to the nearest 10, the number of houses that can be built.	
	Answer(c)(iii)	[2]

(d)	$\frac{3}{5}$	of the school area is for classrooms and $\frac{1}{8}$ is for other room	ns.
	The	he remainder is for sporting facilities.	
	(i)	Without using a calculator , and showing all your working sporting facilities.	ng, find the fraction of the school area for
		Answei	<i>c(d)</i> (i)
	(ii)) The school has an area of $600000\mathrm{m}^2$.	
		Work out the area for sporting facilities.	
		Answer	(d)(ii) m ² [1]
(e)		o pay for materials, the building company borrows \$250 000 he bank charges compound interest at a rate of 4% per year.	from a bank for 3 years.
	Cal	alculate the total amount the company must pay back at the	end of 3 years.
		Answe	r(e) \$ [3]

2	(a)	Write down	the ma	thematical	name	of a	nolygon	with S	Seides
4	(a)	WITH GOWII	me ma	uncinaticai	Haine	or a	porygon	willi	o siucs

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Calculate the interior angle of a regular 8-sided polygon.





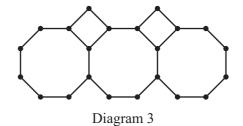


Diagram 2

The pattern of diagrams above forms a sequence.

(i) Complete the table.

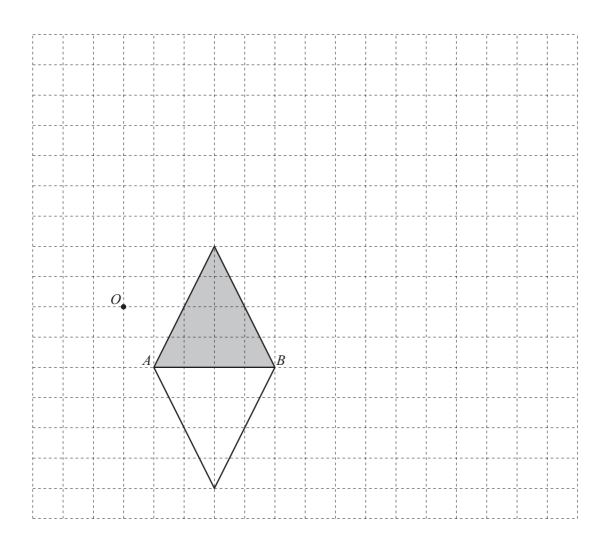
Diagram	1	2	3	4	5
Number of dots	8	15			

[2]

(ii) Find an expression, in terms of n, for the number of dots in Diagram n.

(iii) Find the number of dots in Diagram 10.

(iv) Find the value of n for a diagram with 92 dots.



(a) Describe fully two single transformations that each map the shaded triangle onto the unshaded triangle.

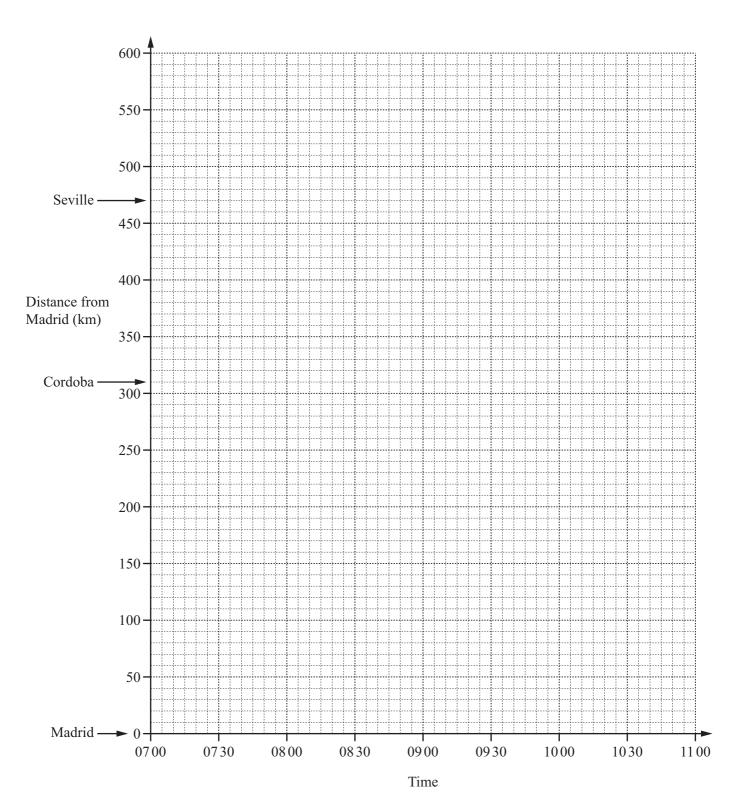
Answer(a) T	Fransformation 1	
Т	Fransformation 2	
		[5]

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

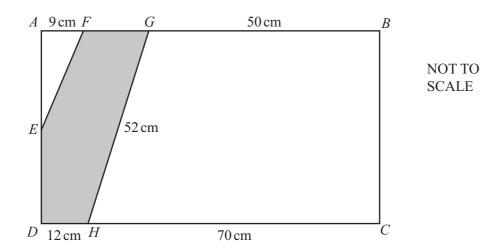
(i) the shaded triangle after a translation by the vector
$$\begin{pmatrix} -2\\7 \end{pmatrix}$$
, [2]

(ii) the shaded triangle after an enlargement with scale factor 3 and centre O. [2]

(c) Draw the line of symmetry of the enlarged triangle in **part** (b)(ii). [1]



(a)	It a	rain leaves Madrid at 0700. Trives at Cordoba at 0840 and stays at the station for 10 minutes. The continues to Seville arriving at 0940.
	(i)	Show this journey on the grid opposite. [3
	(ii)	Write down, in hours and minutes, the total time for this journey.
		Answer(a)(ii) h min [1
	(iii)	Calculate, in kilometres per hour, the average speed for the whole journey.
		Answer(a)(iii) km/h [2
(b)		other train leaves Seville at 0745. avels to Madrid without stopping at an average speed of 200 km/h. Calculate, in hours and minutes, the time taken for this journey.
		Answer(b)(i) h min [2
	(ii)	Show this journey on the grid. [2
(c)	Hov	w far from Madrid were the trains when they passed each other?
		Answer(c) km [1



The diagram shows a rectangle ABCD divided into three sections by the lines EF and HG. AF = 9 cm, GB = 50 cm, DH = 12 cm, HC = 70 cm and HG = 52 cm.

- (a) Write down the mathematical name of
 - (i) quadrilateral BCHG,

(ii) the shaded polygon.

(b) (i) Show by calculation that BC = 48 cm.

Answer(b)(i)

[2]

(ii) Calculate the area of rectangle ABCD.

Answer(b)(ii) cm² [2]

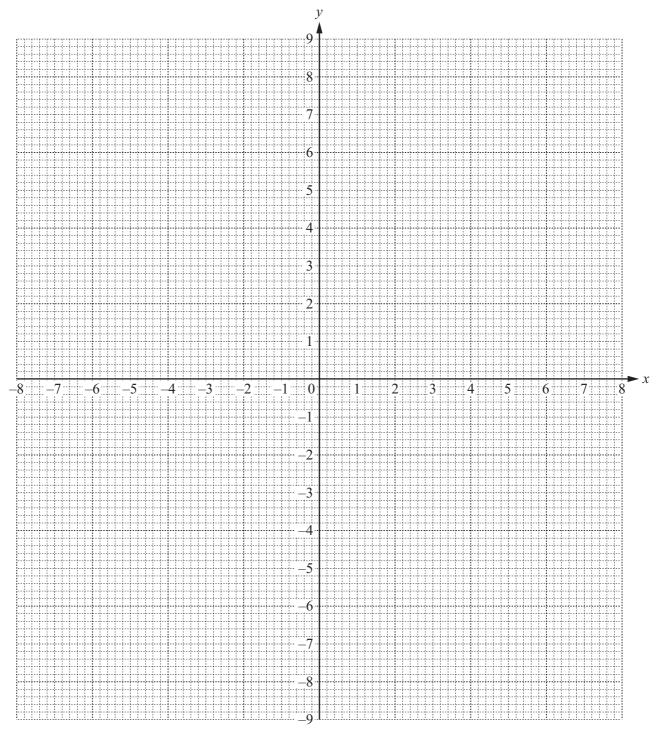
(c)	Calculate	
	(i) the perimeter of <i>BCHG</i> ,	
	(ii) the area of <i>BCHG</i> .	Answer(c)(i) cm [1]
(d)	E is the midpoint of AD . Find the area of triangle AEF .	Answer(c)(ii) cm ² [2]
(e)	Work out the area of the shaded polygon.	Answer(d) cm ² [3]
		Answer(e)

6 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{20}{x}$.

x	-8	-5	-4	-2.5	2.5	4	5	8
у	-2.5	-4			8		4	

[2]

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{20}{x}$ for $-8 \le x \le -2.5$ and $2.5 \le x \le 8$.



[4]

(iii) By drawing a suitable line on your graph solve the equation $\frac{20}{x} = 6$.

Answer(a)(iii) x = [2]

(b)

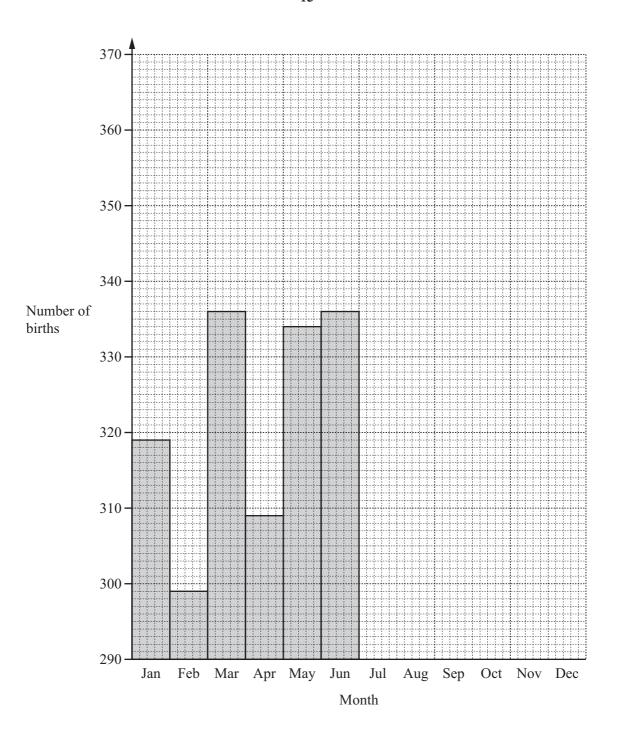
x	-8	0	8	
у				

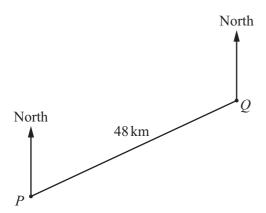
- (i) Complete the table for $y = \frac{1}{2}x 1$. [2]
- (ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x 1$ for $-8 \le x \le 8$. [1]
- (iii) Write down the gradient of $y = \frac{1}{2}x 1$.
- *Answer(b)*(iii)[1]

(c) Write down the values of x at the points of intersection of the graphs of $y = \frac{20}{x}$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$.

Answer(c) x = and x = [2]

I	For thes	se numb	ers										
((i) cal	culate tl	he mean	l,									
C	··) C	141	. 1:					Answer	<i>r(a)</i> (i)				•••••
(1	п) пп	d the me	edian,										
							-	Answer(<i>(a)</i> (ii)				•••••
(ii	ii) fin	d the rai	nge.										
							£	Answer(d	<i>a)</i> (iii)				
h) 7	The tah	le chow	s the nu	mher of	hirths f	or each							
b)]							month o	of 2013 i	in a hos	pital.	T	T	
b)]	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	month o	of 2013 i	in a hos	pital.	Nov	Dec	
	Jan 319	Feb 299	Mar 336	Apr 309	May 334	Jun 336	Jul 348	of 2013 i	in a hos	pital.	T	T	
	Jan 319 (i) On	Feb	Mar 336	Apr 309	May 334	Jun 336	Jul 348 art.	of 2013 i	in a hos	pital.	Nov	Dec	
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	Jan 319 (i) On Th	Feb 299 the gride first 6	Mar 336 d opposi	Apr 309	May 334 plete the	Jun 336	Jul 348 art.	Aug 363	Sep 351	oct 347	Nov 331	Dec 335	
(i)	Jan 319 (i) On Th ii) Wr	Feb 299 the gride first 6	Mar 336 d opposi months	Apr 309 ate, com have be	May 334 plete the een draw nth.	Jun 336	Jul 348 art.	of 2013 i	Sep 351	oct 347	Nov 331	Dec 335	
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(i)	Jan 319 (i) On Th ii) Wr	Feb 299 the gride first 6 rite down	Mar 336 d opposition on the most schosen	Apr 309 ite, com have be	May 334 plete the een draw nth.	Jun 336 e bar chayn for yo	Jul 348 art. ou.	Aug 363	Sep 351	Oct 347	Nov 331	Dec 335	
(i)	Jan 319 (i) On Th ii) Wr	Feb 299 the gride first 6 rite down	Mar 336 d opposition on the most schosen	Apr 309 ite, com have be	May 334 plete the een draw nth.	Jun 336 e bar chayn for yo	Jul 348 art. ou.	Aug 363	Sep 351 (b)(ii)	Oct 347	Nov 331	Dec 335	





- (a) The scale drawing shows a ship's voyage from port P to port Q. The straight line distance from P to Q is 48 km.
 - (i) Measure the bearing of Q from P.

Answer(a)(i)[1]

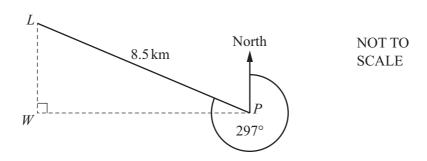
(ii) Complete the following statement.

The scale of the drawing is 1 centimetre represents kilometres. [2]

(b) From port Q, the ship sails on a bearing of 125° for 76 km to port R.

Show this part of the voyage on the scale drawing. [3]

(c)



Another ship leaves port P and sails on a bearing of 297° to a lighthouse, L. PL = 8.5 km.

(i) Show that angle $LPW = 27^{\circ}$.

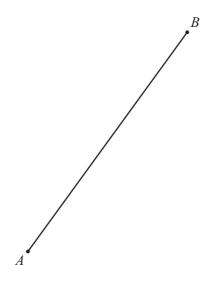
Answer(c)(i)

[1]

(ii) Using trigonometry, calculate *PW*. Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures.

(d) The diagram shows the positions of two beacons, *A* and *B*. A ship sails on a course that is the perpendicular bisector of the line *AB*.

Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the ship's course.



[2]

The	cost	hires a car. t of hiring the car is \$36 per day plus 24 cents for each kilometre travelled. the car for 5 days and travels a total of 660 km.	
(a)	(i)	Calculate the cost to hire the car.	
		Answer(a)(i) \$ [3]]
	(ii)	15% tax is then added to this cost. Calculate the total cost of hiring the car including tax.	
		Answer(a)(ii) \$ [2]
(b)		e car uses one litre of fuel to travel 11 km. el costs \$1.80 per litre.	
	(i)	Work out the number of litres used to travel the 660 km.	
		Answer(b)(i) litres [1]]
	(ii)	Work out the cost of this fuel.	
		Answer(b)(ii) \$ [1]]
	(iii)	Find the total cost of hiring the car including tax and the fuel used.	
		Answer(b)(iii) \$ [1]]
(c)	Dur	ring the 5 days Adriano earns \$1600.	
		hat percentage of his earnings is your answer to part (b)(iii) ? We your answer correct to the nearest whole number.	
		Answer(c)% [2]]

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