

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS

0580/22 May/June 2017

Paper 2 (Extended) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 70

Published

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Abbreviations

correct answer only cao dependent dep follow through after error FT ignore subsequent working isw or equivalent oe Special Case not from wrong working SC

nfww

seen or implied soi

Question	Answer	Marks	Part Marks
1	[0].072	1	
2	[0].15 oe	1	
3	[0].62	1	
4	[0].394 or [0].3944 to [0].3945	1	
5	41.9 or 41.87	1	
6	7(2x - 3y) final answer	1	
7	41	2	M1 for 5(7) – 3(–2)
8	110	1	
	70	1	
9	$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{6}$ oe	M1	oe for $\frac{5k}{6k} - \frac{3k}{6k}$
	$\frac{1}{3}$ cao final answer	A1	
10	$\frac{1}{6}$ oe	2	M1 for $2 - 1 = 5x + x$ oe
11(a)	6.05×10^{-2}	1	
11(b)	5.1×10^{3}	1	
12	34.8 or 34.84 to 34.85	2	M1 for sin [=] $\frac{4}{7}$
13	n < 3.5 oe final answer	2	M1 for $18 - 11 > 5n - 3n$ oe
14(a)	25	1	
14(b)	9	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Part Marks
15	$[\pm]\sqrt{\frac{p}{2}}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{p}{2} = q^2$ or $\sqrt{p} = \sqrt{2} q$ or $[q=] \sqrt{their \frac{p}{2}}$ or $[q=] \frac{\sqrt{p}}{their \sqrt{2}}$
			or $[q=] \sqrt{their \frac{p}{2}}$ or $[q=] \frac{\sqrt{p}}{their \sqrt{2}}$
16(a)	Correct bisector with correct arcs	2	B1 for correct bisector but no arcs or correct arcs but no line
16(b)	Correct region shaded	1	
17	4.34 or 4.336 to 4.337	3	M2 for $\frac{8.15 \sin 30}{\sin 110}$ or M1 for $\frac{\sin 110}{8.15} = \frac{\sin 30}{AC}$ oe
18	2859.75 2968.75 cao final answer	3	B2 for one correct seen or B1 for 62.5 or 61.5 or 46.5 or 47.5 seen or M1 for $(62 + 0.5) \times (47 + 0.5)$ or $(62 - 0.5) \times (47 - 0.5)$
19	37.4 or 37.38 and 142.6 or 142.6	3	B2 for one correct or M1 for $0.5 \times 8 \times 7 \sin = 17$ oe If zero or M1 only scored, SC1 for two answers with a sum of 180
20	$\frac{2x^2 + x - 7}{3(x+1)} \text{ or } \frac{2x^2 + x - 7}{3x+3}$ final answer	3	M1 for $(2x-1)(x+1) - 2 \times 3$ oe with an attempt to expand the brackets B1 for $3(x+1)$ or $3x + 3$ for denominator
21	1.5 or $\frac{3}{2}$ or $1\frac{1}{2}$	3	M1 for $\frac{k}{\sqrt{1+x}}$ M1 for $y = \frac{their k}{\sqrt{1+15}}$ or M2 for $\frac{2}{\sqrt{1+15}} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{1+8}}$
22(a)	(3t+u)(3t-u) final answer	2	B1 for $(at + bu)(ct + du)$ final answer where $ac = 9$ or $ad + bc = 0$ or $bd = -1$
22(b)	(c-2d)(2-p) or $(p-2)(2d-c)final answer$	2	M1 for $2(c-2d) - p(c-2d)$ or $c(2-p) - 2d(2-p)$ or $p(2d-c) - 2(2d-c)$ or $2d(p-2) - c(p-2)$
23(a)(i)	24	1	
23(a)(ii)	5	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Part Marks
23(a)(iii)	$\frac{7}{12}$	1	
23(b)		1	
24(a)	Similar	1	
24(b)	5.6	2	M1 for $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{2.8}{AX}$ oe
24(c)	$\frac{y}{4}$ oe	1	
25(a)	$8x^{12}$ final answer	2	B1 for $8x^k$ or kx^{12} in final answer $k \neq 0$
25(b)	9	2	M1 for $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$ or 3^k or $p^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3$ or $p^3 = 729$
26	[<i>w</i> =] 40	1	
	[<i>x</i> =] 95	2	B1 for angle $ABC = 85$ or <i>their</i> $w + their CBD = 85$
	[y =] 45	2	B1 for angle $CBD = 45$ or angle $ACD = 40$ or angle $ACD = their w$ or $y = their CBD$
27(a)	y = 2x + 4	3	B2 for $2x + 4$ or $y = 2x + c$ or $y = mx + 4$ or B1 for $2x + c$ or for $kx + 4$ or M1 for rise/run
27(b)	$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$ oe	4	B1 for (-1, 2) M1 for the gradient $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe or $\frac{-1}{their 2}$ oe M1 for substituting <i>their</i> (-1, 2) into <i>their</i> $y = mx + c$ oe