



# Cambridge IGCSE™

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**MATHEMATICS****0580/32**

Paper 3 (Core)

**October/November 2020****MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 104

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **7** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Maths-Specific Marking Principles	
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

**Abbreviations**

cao – correct answer only

dep – dependent

FT – follow through after error

isw – ignore subsequent working

oe – or equivalent

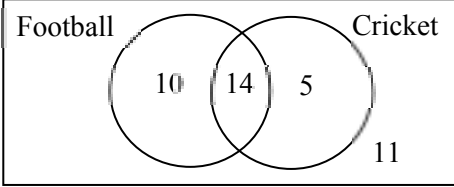
SC – Special Case

nfw – not from wrong working

soi – seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)(i)	$\frac{3}{4}$ of rectangle marked on diagram	1	
1(a)(ii)	Pasta	1	
1(a)(iii)	68	1	
1(b)	2.75	2	<b>M1</b> for [10 –] (2.20 + 2.20 + 1.50 + 1.35) oe
1(c)	55.5 oe	2	<b>M1</b> for (10 × 5 + 5.5) oe
1(d)	553 316 158	3	<b>M2</b> for $1027 \div (7 + 4 + 2) \times k$ or better where $k$ is 7, 4 or 2  <b>M1</b> for $1027 \div (7 + 4 + 2)$ oe
1(e)	4 nfw	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{7566 - 7275}{7275} [\times 100]$  or $\left(\frac{7566}{7275} - 1\right) [\times 100]$  or $\frac{7566}{7275} \times 100 [- 100]$
1(f)	90	1	
2(a)	46 to 50	1	
2(b)(i)	221 to 225	1	
2(b)(ii)	Reflex	1	
2(c)	103	2	<b>M1</b> for $(180 - 26) \div 2$ oe
2(d)	157.5	2	<b>M1</b> for $180 - 360 \div 16$ oe  or $(16 - 2) \times 180 \div 16$ oe
2(e)(i)	Circumference	1	
2(e)(ii)	Angle [in a] semicircle [is] $90^\circ$	1	
2(f)	28.3 or 28.27 to 28.28	2	<b>M1</b> for $3^2 \times \pi$ oe
	cm <sup>2</sup>	1	indep
3(a)(i)	Trapezium	1	
3(a)(ii)	Cylinder	1	
3(b)	8	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
3(c)	8 5	3	<b>M2</b> for $4w = 20$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $w + w + 3 + w + w + 3 = 26$ oe  If 0 scored, <b>SC2</b> for correct answers reversed or <b>SC1</b> for 2 answers where $l + w = 13$
3(d)(i)	Correct net	3	<b>B2</b> for 4 more correct faces in correct position  or <b>B1</b> for 2 or 3 more correct faces in correct position
3(d)(ii)	54	2	<b>M1</b> for $[2 \times] (6 \times 3 + 6 \times 1 + 3 \times 1)$ oe
4(a)(i)	[0]7 12	1	
4(a)(ii)	[0]8 16	1	
4(b)(i)	93 to 97	2	<b>B1</b> for 9.3 to 9.7
4(b)(ii)	C in correct position	2	<b>B1</b> for correct distance of 8.5 cm or correct bearing of $100^\circ$
5(a)(i)	219	2	<b>B1</b> for a list of at least first or last 6 correctly ordered or 200 and 238 identified
5(a)(ii)	305	2	<b>M1</b> for $(280 + 200 + 175 + 1180 + 95 + 182 + 238 + 256 + 194 + 250) \div 10$
5(a)(iii)	One extreme value makes it higher oe	1	
5(b)(i)	56	1	
5(b)(ii)	52	1	
6(a)	Sixty thousand [and] twenty five	1	
6(b)	849.5 cao	1	
6(c)(i)	1, 3, 7, 21	2	<b>B1</b> for 3 factors and no extras or 4 correct and 1 extra
6(c)(ii)	41, 43 or 47	1	
6(d)	0.4 cao	1	
6(e)(i)	14	1	
6(e)(ii)	1	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
6(f)	6369 cao	3	<b>M1</b> for $6000 \times \left(1 + \frac{1.2}{100}\right)^5$ or better  <b>A1</b> for 6368.7..., or 6368 or 6370  If <b>A0</b> scored, <b>SC1</b> for correctly rounding <i>their</i> decimal answer
7(a)(i)	Rotation 180° [centre] (0, 0)	3	<b>B1</b> for each
7(a)(ii)	Reflection $x = 0$ or $y$ axis	2	<b>B1</b> for each
7(a)(iii)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	2	<b>B1</b> for each
7(b)	Triangle at $(-1, -2)$ $(1, -2)$ $(1, -1)$	2	<b>B1</b> for correct scale factor in wrong position
8(a)	There are 2 M's or 12 letters	1	
8(b)	0.39 oe	2	<b>M1</b> for $1 - (0.12 + 0.09 + 0.4)$ oe
8(c)		3	<b>B1</b> for 10 <b>B1FT</b> for 14 and 5 or <i>their</i> 10 + <i>their</i> 14 = 24 and <i>their</i> 14 + <i>their</i> 5 = 19 <b>B1FT</b> for 11 or $40 - (\text{their } 10 + \text{their } 14 + \text{their } 5)$
8(d)(i)	9 cao	1	
8(d)(ii)	3 6 9 12 15 18	2	<b>B1</b> for 4 or 5 correct and no extras
8(d)(iii)(a)	$\frac{7}{19}$ oe	1	
8(d)(iii)(b)	$\frac{12}{19}$ oe	1	
8(d)(iv)	Even and a multiple of 3 or a multiple of 6 oe	1	
9(a)	$6x - 5y$ final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for $6x$ or $-5y$ in final answer or for $6x - 5y$ seen then spoilt
9(b)	$60x + 29y$ final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for $60x$ or $29y$ in final answer or for $60x + 29y$ seen then spoilt or for $60p + 29r$ or $[\$] 0.60x + 0.29y$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
9(c)	6.5 oe	3	<b>M1</b> for a first correct step e.g. $10x + 20 = 85$ or $2x + 4 = 17$  <b>M1FT</b> for a second correct step e.g. $10x = 65$ or $2x = 13$
9(d)(i)	-2 cao	1	
9(d)(ii)	10 cao	1	
9(e)	$2p + 4b = 42$ and $7p + 9b = 107$	<b>B2</b>	<b>B1</b> for each
	Correctly equating one set of coefficients	<b>M1</b>	<b>FT</b>
	Correct method to eliminate one variable	<b>M1</b>	<b>FT</b> Dependent on the coefficients being the same for one of the variables. Correct consistent use of addition or subtraction using their equations
	$[p =] 5$	<b>A1</b>	
	$[b =] 8$	<b>A1</b>	If <b>M0</b> scored, <b>SC1</b> for 2 values satisfying one of the/ <i>their</i> original equations or <b>SC1</b> if no working, but 2 correct answers
10(a)	9 -7	2	<b>B1</b> for each
10(b)	Correct curve	4	<b>B3FT</b> for 7 or 8 points correctly plotted <b>B2FT</b> for 5 or 6 points correctly plotted <b>B1FT</b> for 3 or 4 points correctly plotted
10(c)	-0.8 to -0.5 and 4.5 to 4.8	2	<b>B1</b> for each