## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$



## MATHEMATICS

0580/22
Paper 2 (Extended)
February/March 2022
1 hour 30 minutes
You must answer on the question paper.
You will need: Geometrical instruments

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For $\pi$, use either your calculator value or 3.142.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70 .
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].


Measure the marked angle.

2 Work out $\sqrt{5} \times 6^{2}$.
Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

3 A journey starts at 2115 one day and ends at 0433 the next day.
Calculate the time taken, in hours and minutes.
$\qquad$ . $\qquad$

4


NOT TO
SCALE

Calculate the total surface area of this cuboid.

5 (a) Write down the gradient of the line $y=5 x+7$.
(b) Find the coordinates of the point where the line $y=5 x+7$ crosses the $y$-axis.

6


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SCALE

Using a ruler and compasses only, construct this triangle.
Leave in your construction arcs.
The side of length 12 cm has been drawn for you.


Write down the inequality, in terms of $n$, shown by the number line.

(a) On the grid, draw the image of
(i) triangle $A$ after a reflection in the $y$-axis,
(ii) triangle $A$ after a translation by the vector $\binom{-3}{-4}$.
(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle $A$ onto triangle $B$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

9 Factorise completely.

$$
12 a^{3}-21 a
$$

10 (a) The $n$th term of a sequence is $n^{2}+7$.
Find the first three terms of this sequence.
(b) These are the first four terms of a different sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
15 & 7 & -1 & -9
\end{array}
$$

Find the $n$th term of this sequence.

11 As the temperature increases, people eat more ice cream.
What type of correlation does this statement describe?
$\qquad$

12 (a) Sanjay invests $\$ 700$ in an account paying simple interest at a rate of $2.5 \%$ per year.
Calculate the value of his investment at the end of 6 years.
\$
(b) Meera invests $\$ 700$ in an account paying compound interest at a rate of $r \%$ per year. At the end of 17 years the value of her investment is $\$ 1030.35$.

Find the value of $r$.

$$
r=
$$

13 (a) Simplify $h^{2} \times h^{5}$.
(b) Simplify $\left(\frac{7}{x}\right)^{-3}$.
(c) $a^{8} \div a^{p}=a^{2}$

Find the value of $p$.

$$
p=
$$

14 Calculate the circumference of a circle with radius 4.7 cm .

15 Without using a calculator, work out $2 \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{11}{14}$.
You must show all your working and give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

$A$ is the point $(-6,5)$ and $B$ is the point $(-2,-3)$.
(a) Find the equation of the straight line, $l$, that passes through point $A$ and point $B$. Give your answer in the form $y=m x+c$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
y= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Find the equation of the line that is perpendicular to $l$ and passes through the origin.

17


NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows a rectangle $O P Q R$ with length 11 cm and width 4 cm .
$O Q$ is a diagonal and $O P X$ is a sector of a circle, centre $O$.
Calculate the percentage of the rectangle that is shaded.

18 Mrs Kohli buys a jacket, 2 shirts and a hat.
The jacket costs $\$ x$.
The shirts each cost $\$ 24$ less than the jacket and the hat costs $\$ 16$ less than the jacket.
Mrs Kohli spends exactly $\$ 100$.
Write down an equation in terms of $x$.
Solve this equation to find the cost of the jacket.
$19 y$ is inversely proportional to the square root of $(x+4)$. When $x=5, y=2$.

Find $y$ when $x=77$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
y= \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

20 Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 x+y & =11 \\
x^{2}-2 y & =18
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x=\text {................................ } y=
$$

$$
x=
$$

$\qquad$

$$
\begin{equation*}
y= \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$



NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows an open rectangular box $A B C D E F G H$.
$A B=18.6 \mathrm{~cm}, B C=9 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $C G=14.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
A straight stick $A G M$ rests against $A$ and $G$ and extends outside the box to $M$.
(a) Calculate the angle between the stick and the base of the box.
(b) $A M=30 \mathrm{~cm}$.

Show that $G M=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to 1 decimal place.


NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows a trapezium $O P Q R$.
$O$ is the origin, $\overrightarrow{O R}=\mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{O P}=\mathbf{b}$.
$|\overrightarrow{R Q}|=\frac{3}{5}|\overrightarrow{O P}|$
(a) Find $\overrightarrow{P Q}$ in terms of $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ in its simplest form.

$$
\overrightarrow{P Q}=
$$

(b) When $P Q$ and $O R$ are extended, they intersect at $W$.

Find the position vector of $W$.

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