



Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS**0580/11**

Paper 1 (Core)

October/November 2022**MARK SCHEME**

Maximum Mark: 56

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **6** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Maths-Specific Marking Principles	
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

Abbreviations

cao – correct answer only

dep – dependent

FT – follow through after error

isw – ignore subsequent working

oe – or equivalent

SC – Special Case

nfw – not from wrong working

soi – seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	2840327	1	
2	Obtuse	1	
3(a)	77	1	
3(b)	Ruled perpendicular line meeting the given line	1	
4	Correct triangle with correct arcs	2	B1 for correct triangle with no arcs or incorrect arcs or two correct arcs If 0 scored, SC1 for correct triangle and correct arcs but lines interchanged
5	Any multiple of 72	1	
6	$\frac{4}{25}$ cao	2	M1 for $\frac{32}{200}$ oe
7(a)	Oslo	1	
7(b)	9	1	
8	54	2	M1 for 180 – 71 – 55 oe or B1 for 55 or 125 in a relevant correct position on the diagram
9	140, 60	2	M1 for $\frac{200}{(7+3)} \times k$ where $k = 1, 7$ or 3
10(a)	6 7 1 2 6 7 1 3 7 0 2	2	B1 for 2 rows correctly ordered or fully correct unordered
10(b)	2.7 cao	1	
11(a)	$\frac{90}{360} \times 240$ oe	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
11(b)	Ruled line giving sector as 165°	2	M1 for $\frac{110}{240} \times 360$ or $\frac{90}{60} \times 110$ oe
12	442	2	M1 for $\frac{100-15}{100} \times 520$ oe or B1 for 78
13	$\frac{2}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$ oe	M1	i.e. correct fractions with common denominator $6k$
	$1\frac{1}{6}$ cao	A1	
14(a)	0.96 or 96% or $\frac{24}{25}$ final answer	1	
14(b)	34 cao	2	M1 for 0.04×850 oe
15	420	2	M1 for $\frac{330}{11} \times 14$ oe
16(a)	-1.25, 1.25 oe	2	B1 for each
16(b)	Correct curve	4	B3FT for 9 or 10 correctly plotted points B2FT for 7 or 8 correctly plotted points B1FT for 5 or 6 correctly plotted points
17(a)	$\times 3$	1	
17(b)	$4n + 9$ oe final answer	2	B1 for $4n + k$ or $jn + 9, j \neq 0$, or correct answer seen then spoilt
18(a)	a, b, c, d	1	
18(b)	6	1	
19	317	2	M1 for $137 + 180$ oe
20(a)	2.73×10^{-3} cao	1	
20(b)	42.1 is incorrectly rounded [to 3 significant figures] oe 42.1×10^6 is not correct standard form oe	2	B1 for each If B0 scored, SC1 for 4.22×10^7 seen
21	34	2	M1 for $\frac{BC}{4} = \frac{51}{6}$ oe or better

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
22	$[x =] \frac{17.5}{\tan 48}$ or $[x =] \tan 42 \times 17.5$	M2	M1 for $\tan 48 = \frac{17.5}{x}$ or $\tan (90 - 48) = \frac{x}{17.5}$
	15.75.. or 15.76	A1	
23	$4t + 3p = 9.35$ oe $2t + 11p = 16.55$ oe	B2	B1 for each
	Correctly eliminating one variable	M1	Follow through <i>their</i> equations
	$[t =] 1.4[0]$	A1	
	$[p =] 1.25$	A1	If M0 or M0 FT scored, SC1 for 2 values which satisfy one correct equation or one of <i>their</i> equations