Location Entry Codes



WWW. PapaCambridge.com As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE has begun to use different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with extremely large and widespread candidature, The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions are unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports.

Question Paper

Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

Mark Scheme

Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

Principal Examiner's Report

Introduction
First variant Principal Examiner's Report
Second variant Principal Examiner's Report

Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

0580 and 0581 MATHEMATICS

0580/21 and 0581/21 Paper 21 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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First variant Mark Scheme

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P	age 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2008	0580/0581
Abbre	viations		Cambridge
cao	correct ans		138
ft		ugh after an error	S. C.
oe	or equivale		- Ox
SC	Special Ca		
WWW	without wro	ong working	

Abbreviations

1	(a) 2	1		
	(b) 0	1	Allow none oe	
2	a=3		W1 one correct	
	b = 4	2	If no marks scored M1 $(3 \times 2)(2 \times 4)$ oe	
3	1.59(459) or 59/37 or $1\frac{22}{37}$	2	M1 $\frac{22}{37}$ or 0.5945 seen	
4	(a) 2.67×10^{-2}	1	cao – must be correct notation	
	(b) 0.0267(00)	1ft	correct or ft	
5	Correct locus	2	M1 arc through D radius BD	
			A1 some indication that the arc is from D to D'	
6	60		W1 one correct Allow 60.00 or 120.00	
	120	2	or if W0 , SC1 the angles add up to 180°	
7	50.1225 cao	2	M1 6.15 and 8.15 seen	
8	$x^2(a+b)$	1		
	$(\pm) \sqrt{(p^2 + d^2)/(a+b)}$ (a) $y = 2x - 4$	2	M1 2 moves completed correctly	
9	(a) $y = 2x - 4$	2	$\mathbf{W1}\ 2x + c\ \underline{\mathbf{or}}\ \mathbf{W1}\ mx - 4$	
	(b) (2, 0)	1ft	For $y = 2x + k$ only, allow $(-k/2, 0)$	
10	(b) $(2,0)$ $x = 8$ $y = 5$	3	M1 ×2 and add or ×3 and subtract	
	•		A1	
11	-18	3	W1 denominator correct in answer space (including	
	$\frac{-18}{(2x+3)(x-3)}$ oe		any brackets)	
	(2x+3)(x-3)		M1 $4(x-3)-2(2x+3)$ A1 -18	
12	x > -0.16 or $-0.16 < x$	3	M1 2 moves completed correctly	
	4		M1 2 more moves completed correctly	
	or $x > -\frac{4}{25}$		Final mark must be given for answer line	
13	1.25	3	M1 $p = k/(q+2)^2$ M1 $p = (k/(q+2))^2$	
13	1.23)	M1 $p = k/(q+2)^2$ M1 $p = (k/(q+2))^2$ or $p(q+2)^2 = k$ A1 $k^2 = 125$ or	
			A1 $k = 125$ $K = \sqrt{125}$	
			If no marks awarded $\kappa = \sqrt{125}$	
			SC1 5: $k/25$ in this form	
			p: k/100 (colon optional) or SC1 for either	
			or SC1 for either $5 = k/(3+2)^2$ or $5 = k/5^2$	
			5 = k/(3+2) or $5 = k/5Allow 5/4$	
14	(a) $45498 \text{ or } 4.5498 \times 10^4 \text{ cao}$	2	M1 $2.656 \times 10^9 \div 58376$	
	(b) 7240	2	M1 (a)	
	(b) 7240	2	$\mathbf{M1} \ \frac{\mathbf{(a)}}{2\pi} = (r)$	
			LIL	

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2008	0580/0581

_			3.
15	(a) $0.5 \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$	1	M1 cos180
	(b) -1 or -1.(00) cao www	2	M1 cos180
	(c) $\frac{\cos x - 4}{2}$ oe	2	M1 subtracting 4 and then dividing by 2 seen
	2		e.g. $\frac{x-4}{2}$ or $\frac{y-4}{2}$ or $\frac{f(x)-4}{2}$
16	(a) 1000 1400 1960 2744 3842 (2740) (3840)	2	W1 three correct 3 sf answers or better
	(b)	2	P1ft 4 or 5 plots correct or ft from their table
	↑		C1 smooth curve cao To half a small square
			To num u omum oquumo
	-		
	(c) 3.2 or 3.3	1ft	If a curve and a line are drawn mark the curve cao or ft from their (b)
17	(a) (i) $-3p - 2q$	1	allow $-(3\mathbf{p} + 2\mathbf{q})$
		1	
	(ii) $-3p + 4q$	1	allow $-(3\mathbf{p} - 4\mathbf{q})$
	(iii) —4p	2	M1 (ii) $-(p + 4q)$ or $BC - AC = BA$
	(b) 8	1	or (ii) – p – 4q
18	(a) 1.05	2	M1 clear attempt at <i>y</i> -step/ <i>x</i> -step
	(b) 3360	3	M1 attempting the area under the graph
			W1 $\frac{(140+180)\times 21}{2}$
			2
			May be done by triangles and rectangles
	(c) 18.7		(b) / 180 evaluated correctly
19	(a) 53.4	3	M1 $50/360 \times \pi \times 12^2$ or $30/360 \times \pi \times 6^2$ M1 $50/360 \times \pi \times 12^2 - 30/360 \times \pi \times 6^2$
	(b) 49.6	3	M1 $50/360 \times k \times 12 = 30/360 \times k \times 6$ M1 $50/360 \times 2 \times \pi \times 12$ or $30/360 \times 2 \times \pi \times 6$
20	(-) (00 + 1200 > 720000	1	M1 $12 + 6 + 12 + 6 +$ both their arcs
20	(a) $600x + 1200y \ge 720000$	1	seen
	(b) $x + y \le 900$	1	
	(c)	4	W1 drawing $x + y = 900$
	900		W1 drawing $x + 2y = 1200$
	900 R		W1 R is below $x + y = 900$
	600		W1 R is above $x + 2y = 1200$ The lines must be in the right place
			Accurate to one small square
	900 1200		
	(I) 200	1.0	
	(d) 300	1ft	Correct or ft from their labelled R, accuracy \pm 10 on the lowest y value in R
		70	accuracy ± 10 on the lowest y value III K
		, ,	<u> </u>

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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

0580 and 0581 MATHEMATICS

0580/22 and 0581/22 Paper 22 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

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Pag	ge 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus er	
		IGCSE – October/November 2008	0580/0581	
Abbrevia	ations		Cambridge	
	correct ansv		Tab	1
		gh after an error	S.C.	2
	or equivalen			OB
	Special Cas without wror		•	1
V VV VV	without whol	ig working		1

Abbreviations

		1		
1	(a) 2	1		
	(b) 0	1	Allow none oe	
2	a = 4		W1 one correct	
	b=3	2	If no marks scored M1 $(4 \times 2)(2 \times 3)$ oe	
3	1.59(459) or 59/37 or $1\frac{22}{37}$	2	M1 $\frac{22}{37}$ or 0.5945 seen	
4	(a) 3.85×10^{-2}	1	cao – must be correct notation	
	(b) 0.0385(00)	1ft	correct or ft	
5	Correct locus	2	M1 arc through D radius BD	
			A1 some indication that the arc is from D to D'	
6	45		W1 one correct Allow 45 or 135.00	
	135	2	or if W0 , SC1 the angles add up to 180°	
7	15.8025 cao	2	M1 2.45 and 6.45 seen	
8	$x^2(a+b)$	1		
	$(\pm) \sqrt{(p^2 + d^2)/(a+b)}$ (a) $y = 2x - 6$	2	M1 2 moves completed correctly	
9	(a) $y = 2x - 6$	2	$\mathbf{W1}\ 2x + c\ \underline{\mathbf{or}}\ \mathbf{W1}\ mx - 6$	
	(b) $(3, 0)$ $x = 5$ $y = 2$	1ft	For $y = 2x + k$ only, allow $(-k/2, 0)$	
10	x = 5 y = 2	3	For $y = 2x + k$ only, allow $(-k/2, 0)$ M1 ×4, ×3 and add or ×3 and subtract A1	
11	17	3	W1 denominator correct in answer space (including	
11	$\frac{-17}{(5x+1)(2x-3)}$ oe	3	any brackets)	
	(5x+1)(2x-3)		M1 $5(2x-3)-2(5x+1)$ A1 -17	
12	x > -0.16 or -0.16 < x	3	M1 2 moves completed correctly	
12		3	M1 2 moves completed correctly	
	or $x > -\frac{4}{}$		Final mark must be given for answer line	
	25		_	
13	or $x > -\frac{4}{25}$ $0.64 \frac{16}{25}$	3	M1 $p = k/(q+2)^2$ M1 $p = (k/(q+2))^2$ or $p(q+2)^2 = k$ A1 $k^2 = 64$ or	
	0.64 —			
	23		A1 $k = 64$ $k = 8$	
			If no marks awarded	
			SC1 4: $k/16$ in this form	
			p: k/100 (colon optional)	
			or SC1 for either	
			$4 = k/(2+2)^2 \text{ or } 4 = k/4^2$ $\mathbf{M1} \ 2.656 \times 10^9 \div 58376$	
14	(a) $45498 \text{ or } 4.5498 \times 10^4 \text{ cao}$	2	M1 $2.656 \times 10^9 \div 58376$	
			(a)	
	(b) 7240	2	$\mathbf{M1} \frac{\mathbf{(a)}}{2\pi} = (r)$	
			2π	

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2008	0580/0581

		1	62.
15	(a) 1	1	Calmy
	(b) 0	2	M1 tan180
	tan r = 6		
	(c) $\frac{\tan x - 6}{2}$ oe	2	M1 subtracting 6 and then dividing by 2 seen
	-		
			e.g. $\frac{x-6}{2}$ or $\frac{y-6}{2}$ or $\frac{f(x)-6}{2}$
16	(a) 1000 1400 1960 2744 3842 (2740) (3840)	2	W1 three correct 3 sf answers or better
	(b)	2	P1ft 4 or 5 plots correct or ft from their table
	†		C1 smooth curve cao
			To half a small square
	-		If a curve and a line are drawn mark the curve
15	(c) 3.2 or 3.3	1ft	cao or ft from their (b)
17	(a) (i) -3p - q	1	$allow - (3\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q})$
	(ii) $-4p + 2q$	1	allow $-(4\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q})$ or $-2(2\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q})$ or $2(\mathbf{q} - 2\mathbf{p})$
	(iii) —5p	2	M1 (ii) – ($p + 2q$) or $BC - AC = BA$
	•		or (ii) $-\mathbf{p}-2\mathbf{q}$
10	(b) 10	1	
18	(a) 1.05	2	M1 clear attempt at y-step/x-step
	(b) 3360	3	M1 attempting the area under the graph
			W1 $\frac{(140+180)\times 21}{2}$
			2 May be done by triangles and rectangles
19	(c) 18.7 (a) 37.1	1ft 3	(b) / 180 evaluated correctly M1 50/360 × π × 10 ² or 30/360 × π × 5 ²
19	(a) 37.1	3	M1 $50/360 \times \pi \times 10^{\circ}$ of $30/360 \times \pi \times 5^{\circ}$ M1 $50/360 \times \pi \times 10^{\circ} - 30/360 \times \pi \times 5^{\circ}$
	(b) 41.3	3	M1 50/360 × 2 × π × 10 or 30/360 × 2 × π × 5
20	(a) $600x + 1200y \ge 720000$	1	M1 $10 + 5 + 10 + 5 + $ both their arcs
20	(a) 000x + 1200y \(\sigma\) / 20000	1	Scori
	(b) $x + y \le 900$	1	
	(c)	4	W1 drawing $x + y = 900$
	900		W1 drawing $x + 2y = 1200$
	R		W1 R is below $x + y = 900$ W1 R is above $x + 2y = 1200$
	600		The lines must be in the right place
			Accurate to one small square
	900 1200		
	(d) 300	1ft	Correct or ft from their labelled R,
	(u) 300	111	accuracy \pm 10 on the lowest y value in R
		70	,