CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/42

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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F	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus r	
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0581 23	
Abbre	eviations		Syllabus 0581 View Xtrapapers r 0581 View Xtrapapers r 0580 View Xtrapapers	
cao	correct answer of	nly	01	
cso	correct solution	only	20	
lep	dependent		-6	0
ft	follow through a	ufter error		50
SW	ignore subseque	nt working		
be	or equivalent	-		
SC	Special Case			
vww	without wrong v	vorking		
nrt	anything roundi			
soi	seen or implied	-		

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) (i) 5	2	M1 for $\frac{3 \times 15}{(5+3+1)}$
	(ii) 108	2	M1 for $60 \times \frac{9}{5}$ oe
	(b) Correct conversion of money $J \times 0.718$ or $A \div 0.718$	M1	Correct conversion of money soi by 146.83[1] rounded or truncated to 3sf or 134.26[1] rounded or truncated to 3 sf if done 1 st
	Correct equalising of weights e.g. $J \times \frac{2[0]}{3[0]} \qquad \text{or } A \times \frac{3[0]}{2[0]}$ or J ÷ 3 and A ÷ 2 or J ÷ 30 and A ÷ 20	M1	Correct equalising of weights or money Accept other methods that give a pair of comparable values for method and accuracy marks This mark can be implied by values seen correct to 3 sf or better
	97 to 98 or 201[.39] and Ann <u>48.9[4]</u> and 48.2[0] and Ann or 68[.16] to 68.[2] and <u>67[.13]</u> and Ann <u>4.88 to 4.9</u> and 4.82 and Ann or 6.8[1] to 6.82 and <u>6.7[1]</u> and Ann WWW	A2	The underlined values imply M1 for the money conversion Or A1 for 97 to 98 or 201[.39] or a correct pair of values with wrong/no conclusion
	(c) 302 Final answer	3	M1 for 60 × 60 × 4 soi by 14400 or figs 6048 or figs 3024 and M1 for ÷ (1000 × 20) soi Answer 302.4 implies M2
	(d) 13.6[0]	3	M2 for $\frac{15.3[0]}{1.125}$ oe or M1 for 15.3[0] associated with 112.5%
	(e) 12	1	

	Page 3	Mark Scher	Syllabus Syllabus		
		IGCSE – October/Nov	012 0581 730		
2	(a) (i)	$[\cos A=]\frac{32^2+64^2-43^2}{2\times32\times64}$	M2	Syllabus0120581M1 for correct implicit version $43^2 = 32^2 + 64^2 - 2 \times 32 \times 64 \cos A$ A1 for $\frac{3271}{4096}$ or 0.798 to 0.799	lidge
		37.00[]	A2	A1 for $\frac{3271}{4096}$ or 0.798 to 0.799	.cor
	(ii)	616 or 616.2 to 616.4	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 32 \times 64 \times \sin 37$ oe	
	48.4	$ADC = \frac{64 \sin 55}{70}$ soi by 49rounded or truncated $x^2 - (73.41 \text{ to } 73.42) x - 804 [= 0]$	M2	M1 for correct implicit version of sine rule cosine rule with x	or
	70 s	in(125 – <i>their</i> 48.5)	M2	M1 for implicit sine rule or cosine rule	
		$\frac{\sin 55}{4^2 + 70^2 - 2 \times 64 \times 70\cos(125 - r 48.5)}$		or for one error in quadratic solution	
	or s	olving their 3 term quadratic ation		Ignore negative solutions	
	2	28 or 228.0 to 228.1 www	A2	A1 for 83.0 to 83.1	
3	(a) (i)	2(2x+1)(x-5) final answer	3	B1 for $2(2x^2 - 9x - 5)$ and B1 for $(2x + 1) (x - 5)$ or SC2 for expansion of brackets gives 3 correct terms e.g. $(2x + 1) (2x - 10)$ or $(4x + 2)(x - 5)$ or SC1 for expansion of brackets gives 2 correct terms e.g. $(2x - 1)(2x + 10)$ or $(4x - 2)(x - 4)$	
	(ii)	-1/20e, 5	1ft	Correct or ft their 2 brackets	
	(b) <u>[</u>	$\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{([-]7)^2 - 4(2)(-10)}}{2(2)}$	B2	B1 for $\sqrt{([-]7)^2 - 4(2)(-10)}$ [= $\sqrt{129}$]	
				If in form $\frac{p+\sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p-\sqrt{q}}{r}$,	
				B1 for -7 and 2(2) or better	
	-1.0	9, 4.59 final answers	B1B1	If B0 , SC1 for -1.1 and 4.6 as final answers -1.089 and 4.589 as final answers	or
				or – 1.09 and 4.59 seen	

F	Page 4		Mark Schen	ne		Syllabus	S. T
			IGCSE – October/Nov	0581	12		
	_						
	(c)	$\overline{(3x)}$	$\frac{-10}{-1)(x-2)}$ or $\frac{-10}{3x^2 - 7x + 2}$	3		M1 for $6(x-2) - 2(3x-1)$ or better. Allow recovery after missing bracket[s]	
		as fi	nal answer			r (3x-1)(x-2)tor seen (may b	1) or better. sing bracket[s] as common e as two fractions)
4	(a)	(i)	148	2	B1 for tan May be or	ngent/radius = 90 n diagram	
		(ii)	74	1ft	ft their (a)	$(i) \div 2$ dep on	(a)(i) < 180
		(iii)	21	2		50 – 90 – 143 – 3 quadrilateral A	32 – <i>their</i> (ii) oe OCD
		(iv)	20.9 or 20.92	3	M2 for 6	tan 74 oe or exp r implicit versio	plicit sine rule
	(b)	(i)	51	2	M1 for A	$BC = 90^\circ$. May	be on diagram.
		(ii)	56	2		9 + 17 or 180 - (] 180 - (39 + 17	
		(iii)	<u>Angle</u> at <u>centre twice</u> oe angle at <u>circumference</u>	1			
		(iv)	22	1			
		(v)	68.3 or 68.27 to 68.29	3	Allow $\frac{32}{15}$	$\frac{6}{5}\pi$ as final answ	wer
					M2 for $\frac{30}{2}$	$\frac{60-34}{360} \times 2\pi \times 1$	12
					or $2\pi \times 12$	$2-\frac{34}{360}\times 2\pi\times 1$	2
					or $\pi \times 12$	$+\frac{180-34}{360}\times 2\pi$	τ×12
					or M1 for	use of $\frac{\theta}{360} \times 2^{2}$	π×12
					for $\theta \neq m$	ultiples of 90°	

Page	e 5	Mark Sch		042	Syllabus	X
		IGCSE – October/N	ovember 2	012	0581 23	2
(8	a) 2	0, 60, 100, 140, 180, 220	M1	At least 5	correct mid - values soi	amp
	1	$5 \times 20 + 10 \times 60 + 28 \times 100 + 76 \times 40 + 22 \times 180 + 16 \times 220)$	M1	-	Syllabus 0581 correct mid - values soi tere <i>m</i> is in the correct interva of interval as <i>m</i> further slip	al, a
	(=	= 21640)		allow one	further slip	
		÷158 or $\sum f$	M1	Depend or	n second method	
		137 or 136.9 to 137.0	A1	SC2 for 13	37 or better ww	
(1	b) (i	i) 16, 126	1, 1			
	(i	ii) rectangular bar of height 0.2 rectangular bar of height 1.05	1ft 1ft		om <i>their</i> 16 om <i>their</i> 126	
		correct widths of 80 and 120 with no gaps	1			
(0	c) 1	35	3	M2 for $\frac{15}{15}$	$\frac{5\times136+3\times130}{15+3}$	
				or M1 for	15 × 136 and 3 × 130 [2040] and [390]	
(8	a) 5	.83 or 5.830 to 5.831	2		$\overline{4}$ as final answer $^{2} + ([-]5)^{2})$	
(1	b) (i	i) Vector drawn from P to Q at $(14, 3)$	1	Must have	e arrow in correct direction	
	(i	ii) Points at (8, 11) and (13, 14)	1, 1	SC1 for po	oints at (8, 5) and (3, 2)	
(0	e) 3	a – 2 b	2		$-3\mathbf{b} + 2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ or $\overrightarrow{CD} + \overrightarrow{DE}$ of xtures of vector notation.	;

1

1

1

Allow unsimplified

(d) $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$

(e) (i) $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}$ oe

	Page 6	6	Mark Scher	me		Syllabus 7.0 r
<u> </u>	Tuge .	<u>, </u>	IGCSE – October/November 2012			0581
						S.
		(ii)	MX = MB + BX $\pm \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } \pm \frac{3}{4} \text{ used}$	M1 M1	Any order For a corr	Syllabus N. P. P. 0581 0581 r for the M marks $annunitation b + \frac{3}{4} (c - b) oe b + \frac{3}{4} (c - b) oe $
		³ / ₄ c	$c = \frac{1}{4}b \text{ or } \frac{1}{4}(3c - b) \text{ or } \frac{3c}{4} - \frac{b}{4}$	A2	Any corre	$\mathbf{b} + \frac{3}{4} (\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{b})$ oe ect unsimplified cored SC2 for $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{c} - \frac{1}{6}\mathbf{b}$
7	(a)	(i)	$x \ge 5$		B1 for eac	ch correct inequality
			$y \leq 8$		Penalise the inequalities	he first occurrence only when strict es used
			$x + y \le 14$			
			$y \ge \frac{1}{2}x$ oe	4		
		(ii)	x = 5 ruled y = 8 ruled x + y = 14 ruled $y = \frac{1}{2} x \text{ ruled}$ region indicated	1 1 1 1 1dep	region Check at i Check at (
	(b)	(i)	480	2		$0 \times x + 45 \times y$ where x and y are and (x, y) is in their quadrilateral
		(ii)	6, 8	1	In correct	order
8	(a)	(i)	Tangent drawn at $x = 2.5$	1	daylight, o	e tangent at correct point, no or chord, crossing <i>x</i> -axis between 1.7, extended if necessary
		(ii)	1.55 to 2.2	2dep		nt on correct tangent or close attempt t at $x = 2.5$
					M1dep att	tempts y step / x step
					with correc	ct scales
	(b)	1.42	2 to 1.45 and 2.8 to 2.82	1, 1		
	(c)	(i)	4.4, 2.5, 1.5	2	B1 for 2 c	correct values

Pa	age 7		Mark Schen	ne		Syllabus 7.0 r		
	J -		IGCSE – October/Nov		12	0581 73		
		(ii)	6 correct points plotted curve through all 6 points and correct shape	P2ft C1	Smooth c	Syllabus 0581 4 or 5 correct plots curve but last 3 points may be rule ce of plot[s], allow curve to imply	re.com	
		(iii)	0.75 to 0.9	1	Solutions	s may be in any order		
			1.6 to 1.7	1				
			2.6 to 2.7	1				
9	(a)	(i) [F 5 (11) 7 2 S	2		outside of circles in diagram ee of 5, 11, 7 correctly placed		
		(ii)	9	1ft	ft <i>their</i> 2 -	+ their 7		
		(iii)	14	1				
		(iv)	$\frac{11}{25}$	1ft	ft <i>their</i> 11	1 from diagram / 25		
		(v)	$\frac{42}{600}$ oe $=\frac{7}{100}$	2ft	ft <i>their</i> 7 f M1 for <u>th</u>	from diagram for numerator $\frac{their7}{25} \times \frac{their(7-1)}{24}$ $their7 their(7)$		
					After 0 sc	cored, SC1 for $\frac{their7}{25} \times \frac{their(7)}{25}$		

Page 8	Mark Schen IGCSE – October/Nov		12	Syllabus 0581	
	IGCSE - October/Nov			USU1 ACAN	X
(b) (i)	F G 4 7 12 S			Syllabus 0581 Bubble Can	Dias
	F 5 4 G 7 12 S	4	zeros unambigu B1 for 4 i B1 for 12		cs or belled
	$ \begin{array}{ccc} S & F & G \\ \hline 12 & 7 & 5 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} $				
(ii)	28	1ft	Correct or	r ft from <i>their</i> diagram	
(a) (i)	20	1			
(ii)	n-4 oe $n+4$ oc		Accept un	simplified	
	n+4 oe n+6 oe	2	B1 for two	o correct	
(iii) $(n-4)(n+4) - (n-6)(n+6)$	M1	ft from the implied by 36) or n^2 -	eir algebraic expressions can be $y n^2 - 4n + 4n - 16 - (n^2 - 6n + 6) - 16 - (n^2 - 36)$	5 <i>n</i> –
	$n^2 - 4n + 4n - 16 - (n^2 - 6n + 6n - 36)$ or better		Must have	e a line of algebra	
	20	E 1	With no e	errors or omission of brackets	
			1		

Page 9	Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2012		Syllabus 0581	
	(n-5)(n+5) - (n-7)(n+7) isw or $n^2 - 25 - (n^2 - 49)$ isw or $n^2 - 25 - n^2 + 49$ isw	2	M1 for <i>n</i> -	Syllabus 0581 -5, n+5, n-7, n+7 seen
	$(23) - (9 \times 25)$ 253 - 225 [= 28]	E1	0	the solution from $(n-8)(n+8)$
(d) 4 <i>t</i> oe		1	-	asimplified $(t-1)^2 - [n^2 - (t+1)^2]$
(e) $c = 2$	8 and $d = 30$ 52	1 1		