

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0581 MATHEMATICS | |
| 0581/31 | Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 104 |

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2014 | 0581 |

Abbreviations

| | |
|------|----------------------------|
| cao | correct answer only |
| dep | dependent |
| FT | follow through after error |
| isw | ignore subsequent working |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | Special Case |
| nfww | not from wrong working |
| soi | seen or implied |

| Question | Answers | Mark | Part Marks |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | (a) (i) $\frac{3}{3+4+8}$ or $\frac{180}{3+4+8}$ | M1 | One mark for each. If zero, SC1 for sum of both angles = 144. |
| | | $3 \div (15) \times 180$ or $\frac{180 \times 3}{15}$ (= 36) | |
| | (ii) 48 [and] 96 | 1,1 | |
| | (b) (i) Angle $BAC = 35$ ($\pm 2^\circ$) | B1 | |
| | | Angle $ABC = 65$ ($\pm 2^\circ$) and triangle completed | |
| | (ii) 4.45cm to 4.85cm | 1 FT | |
| (c) 19.6 cao | 2 | M1 for $0.5 \times 7 \times 5.6$ | |
| | cm ² oe | 1 | |
| 2 | (a) (i) 86 | 1 | B1 for any other multiple of 120 |
| | (ii) 55 | 1 | |
| | (iii) 81 | 1 | |
| | (iv) 64 | 1 | |
| | (b) (i) 77 | 1 | |
| | (ii) 120 | 2 | |
| | (c) 12 [days] 15 [hours] | 1,1 | |

| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2014 | 0581 |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---|--------------|---|
| 3 | (a) (i) | Parallelogram | 1 | |
| | (ii) | 0 | 1 | |
| | (b) | Translation | 1 | |
| | | $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ | 1 | Independent Accept 9 right, 6 down |
| | (c) (i) | (1, 4), (4, 4), (5, 2), (2, 2). | 2 | SC1 for reflection in x -axis |
| | (ii) | (-4, -1), (-4, -4), (-2, -5), (-2, -2) | 2 | SC1 for rotation 90° clockwise or correct rotation any centre |
| | (d) | (-6,8), (0,8), (-8,4), (-2,4) | 2 | SC1 for enlargement of S, scale factor 2, wrong position |
| | (e) (i) | 6 | 2 | M1 for 3×2 |
| | (ii) | 4 | 1 | |
| | (iii) | 24 | 1FT | FT $their(e)(i) \times their(e)(ii)$ Or FT area of $their(d)$ if a parallelogram and not congruent to S. |
| 4 | (a) (i) | 2, 4, 2, 5, 6, 3, 3 | 2 | B1 for 5 or 6 correct Or 7 correct tallies if frequency column blank Or 7 correct frequencies in tally column |
| | (ii) | 70 | 1FT | |
| | (iii) | 30 | 1 | |
| | (iv) | $\sum(\text{Frequency, } f \times \text{mass, } w)$ $1650 \div 25$ | M1 B1 | 7 items attempted and added or sum of 25 masses |
| | (b) | 768 | 2 | M1 for 0.96×800 oe |

| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2014 | 0581 |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---|---------------|---|
| | (c) (i) | 49.5 cao | 3 | M1 for figs 66×750 soi M1 for $\div 1000$ |
| | (ii) | 69.3[0] | 1 FT | Their (c)(i) $\times 1.40$ |
| | (iii) | 110 | 3 | M2 for $\frac{\text{their}(c)(ii) - 33}{33} \times 100$ or M1 for $\text{their}(c)(ii) - 33$ Alternative method M2 for $\frac{\text{their}(c)(ii)}{33} \times 100 - 100$ Or M1 for $\frac{\text{their}(c)(ii)}{33}$ |
| 5 | (a) | Hexagon correct with arcs. $AF = 7 \text{ cm } (\pm 2\text{mm})$ $EF = 8 \text{ cm } (\pm 2\text{mm})$ | 2 | B1 for correct hexagon without arcs or one length correct with arcs. Or B1 for two correct arcs |
| | (b) | Hexagon | 1 | |
| | (c) (i) | Bisector of CD with 2 pairs of arcs | 2 | B1 for correct bisector with one pair or no arcs |
| | (ii) | Bisector of angle ABC with 2 pairs of correct arcs. | 2 | B1 for bisector without 2 pairs of arcs |
| | (iii) | Correct enclosed region shaded | 1 FT | Their enclosed region provided at least 1 mark in each of parts (i) and (ii) |
| | (d) (i) | Semi-circle radius 2.5cm ($\pm 2\text{mm}$) from P and inside polygon | 2 | SC1 for arc centre P radius 2.5cm Or for arc inside polygon centre P touching boundaries twice or any circle centre P. |
| | (ii) | 3930 or 3926 to 3928 | 2 | M1 for $(\pi \times 50^2) \div 2$ oe |
| 6 | (a) (i) | -1, -4, -8, 8, 4, 1. | 3 | 1 for each symmetrical pair |
| | (ii) | 8 points correctly plotted, within $\frac{1}{2}$ square. 2 smooth correct curves, not joined | 3 FT 1 | B2 FT for 6 or 7 correct Or B1 FT for 4 or 5 correct |
| | (iii) | 2 | 1 | |

| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2014 | 0581 |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---|----------|--|
| | (b) (i) | -3 0 6 | 2 | B1 for two correct |
| | (ii) | Correct ruled line | 1 | |
| | (c) | 1.4 to 1.6 and -3.6 to -3.4 | 1FT,1FT | FT from their graph ± 0.1 |
| | (d) | 1.5 | 1 | |
| 7 | (a) (i) | [Car angle =] $135 (\pm 2^\circ)$ $135 \div 360 \times 120$ (= 45) | B1 M1 | |
| | (ii) | $\frac{2}{3}$ or value from 0.658 to 0.675 | 2 | B1 for angles of 238° to 242° or 79 to 81 people |
| | (b) (i) | $x + 31 + x + 17 + 2x$ [= 120] or better | 3 | B1 for $x + 17$ – seen together B1 for $2x$ |
| | (ii) | 18 cao | 3 | M1 FT for <i>their</i> $(4x + 48)$ [=120] or <i>their</i> $2x + x + x = 120 - 31 - 17$ or better. M1FT for <i>their</i> $(4x = 72)$ If zero SC2 for a correct numerical solution of their equation of equivalent difficulty. |
| 8 | (a) | $160c + 400f$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $160c$ or $400f$ seen |
| | (b) | $2x - 7y$ final answer www | 2 | B1 for $2x$ or $-7y$ or $6x - 15y$ or $-4x + 8y$ www |
| | (c) | $5x(xy - 4)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $5(x^2y - 4x)$ or $x(5xy - 20)$ |

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus |
|--------|---|--|
| | IGCSE – May/June 2014 | 0581 |
| (d) | [x=] 5 [y=] -2 | <p>4</p> <p>M1 for correctly equating coefficients</p> <p>M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable</p> <p>A1 for correct x or y</p> <p>If zero scored SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations</p> <p>Alternative method</p> <p>M1 for correct rearrangement of one equation $x = (7 - 4y) \div 3$ or $y = (7 - 3x) \div 4$ or $x = (26 + 3y) \div 4$ or $y = (4x - 26) \div 3$</p> <p>M1 for correct substitution in other equation $4(7 - 4y) \div 3 - 3y = 26$ $4x - 3(7 - 3x) \div 4 = 26$ $3(26 + 3y) \div 4 + 4y = 7$ $3x + 4(4x - 26) \div 3 = 7$ $(7 - 4y) \div 3 = (26 + 3y) \div 4$ $(7 - 3x) \div 4 = (4x - 26) \div 3$</p> <p>A1 for correct x or y</p> <p>If zero scored SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations</p> |
| 9 | <p>(a) (i) 48, 39 Subtract 9 oe</p> <p>(ii) 162, 486 Multiply by 3 oe</p> <p>(b) (i) $93 - 9n$ oe final answer</p> <p>(ii) -96 cao</p> | <p>1, 1FT</p> <p>1</p> <p>1, 1FT</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>B1 for $-9n + c$ or $kn + 93$, $k \neq 0$</p> <p>M1 for substitution of $n = 21$ into their linear expression</p> |