

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

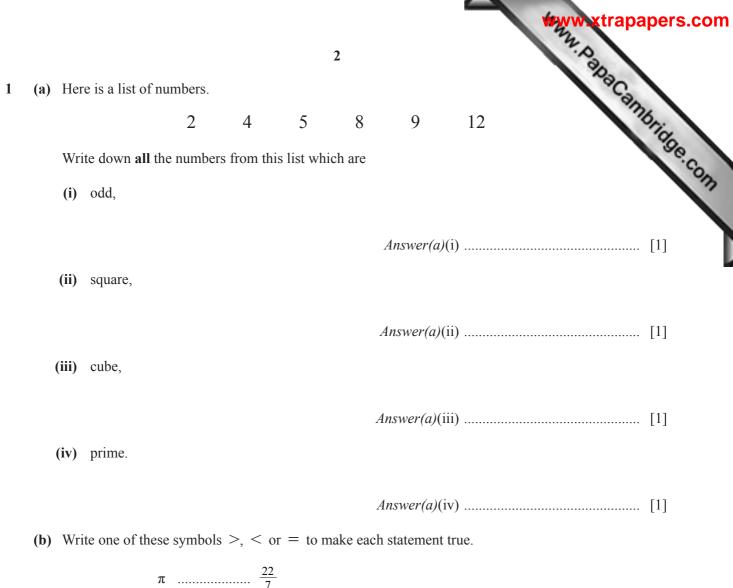
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.



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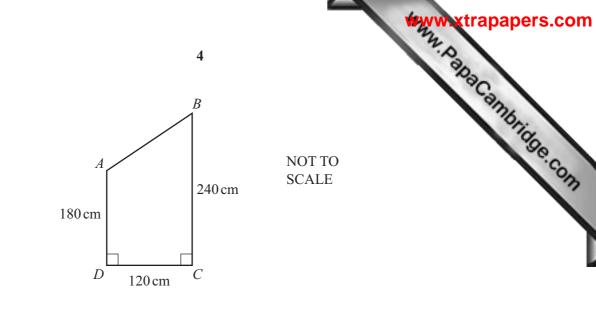
(c) Put one pair of brackets in each statement to make it true.

- (i) $16 + 8 \div 4 2 = 4$ [1]
- (ii) $16 + 8 \div 4 2 = 20$ [1]

l) (i)	3 Write 84 as a product of its prime factors.	Www.xtrapa	apers.co
	-	www.xtrapa	bidge.co.
(ii)	Find the highest common factor of 84 and 24.	Answer(d)(i)	[2]
(iii)	Find the lowest common multiple of 84 and 24.	Answer(d)(ii)	[2]
e) Her	re are the first four terms of a sequence. 3 7 11	<i>Answer(d)</i> (iii)	[2]
(i)			
(ii)	Explain how you found your answer.	Answer(e)(i)	[1]
	Answer(e)(ii)		[1]
(iii)	Write down an expression for the <i>n</i> th term of thi	is sequence.	
			[2]
(iv)		Answer(e)(iii)	[2]

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The diagram shows the cross section ABCD of a shed. AD = 180 cm, DC = 120 cm and BC = 240 cm.

(a) (i) Write down the mathematical name of the cross section *ABCD*.

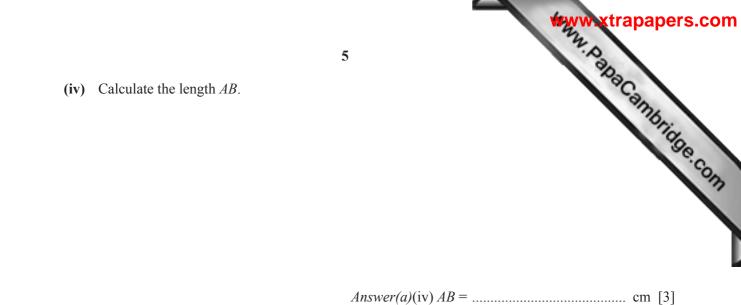
(ii) Calculate the area of the cross section *ABCD*. Give the units of your answer.

(iii) The shed is a prism of length 2.5 metres.

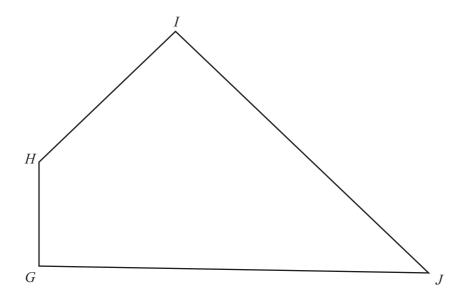
Calculate the volume of the shed. Give your answer in cubic metres.

Answer(a)(iii) m³ [2]

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(b) Here is a scale drawing of a garden, *GHIJ*. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 5 metres.



Scale: 1 cm to 5 m

The shed is placed in the garden so that it is

• nearer to *GJ* than to *IJ*

and

• within 20 m of H.

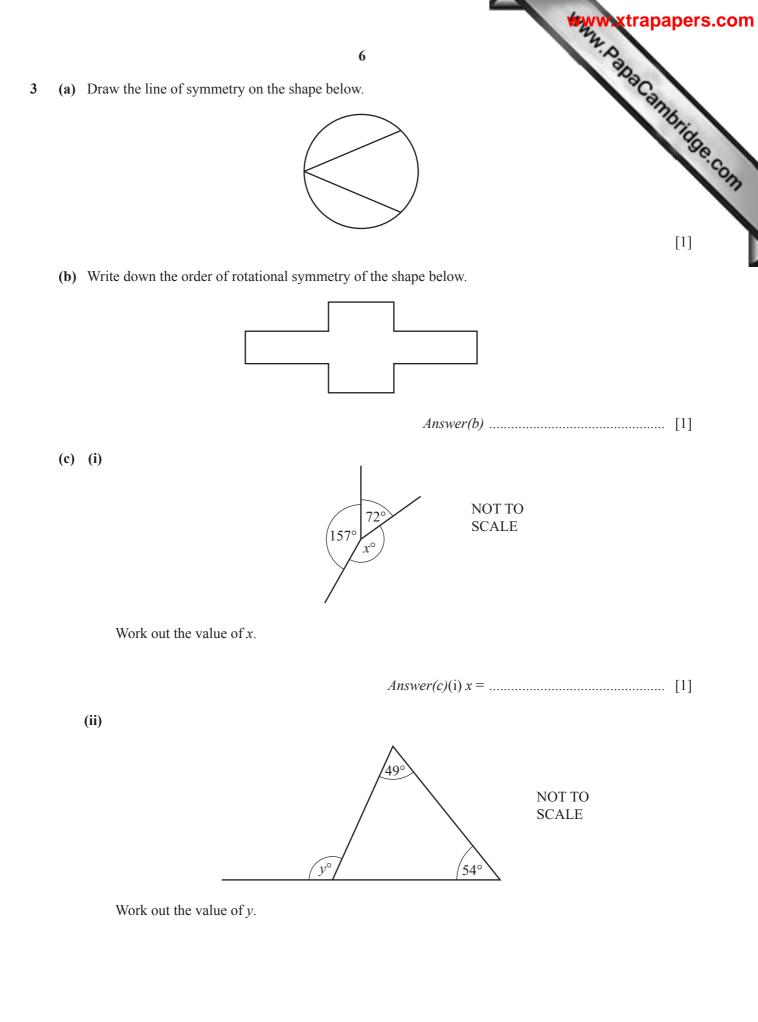
Using a ruler and compasses only, construct and shade the region where the shed can be placed. Show all your construction arcs.

[5]

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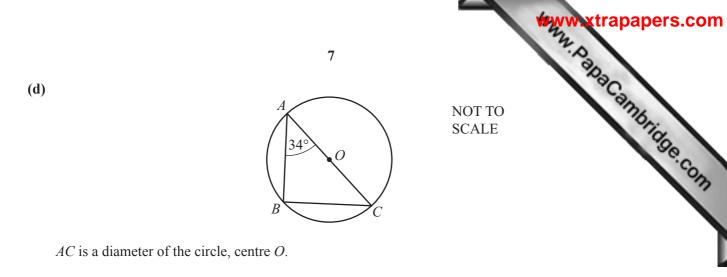
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 $Answer(c)(ii) y = \dots$ [2]

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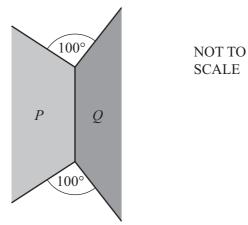
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Calculate angle ACB.

Answer(d) Angle $ACB = \dots [2]$

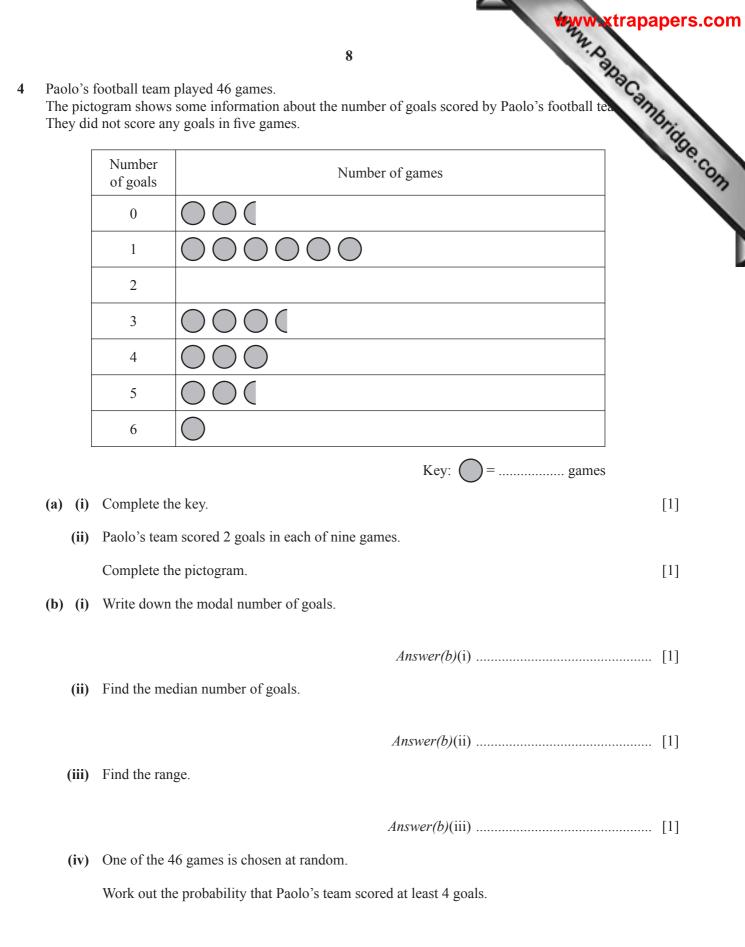
(e) The diagram below shows parts of shape P and shape Q.Shape P is a regular hexagon and shape Q is another regular polygon. The two shapes have one side in common.



Find the number of sides in shape *Q*. Show each step of your working.

Answer(e) [5]

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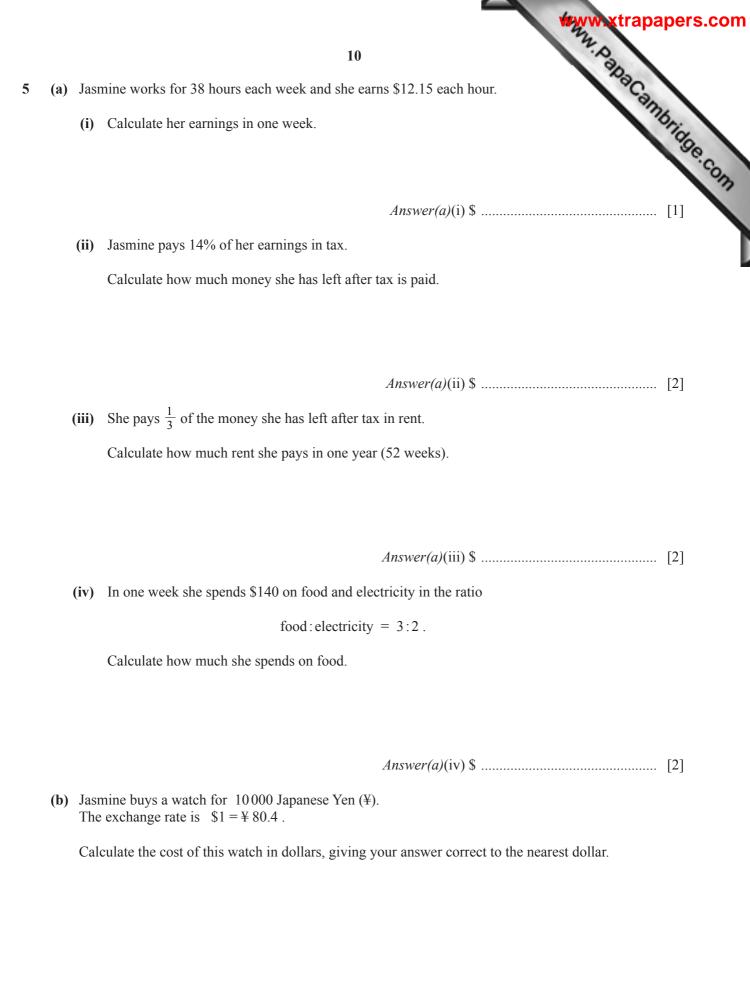


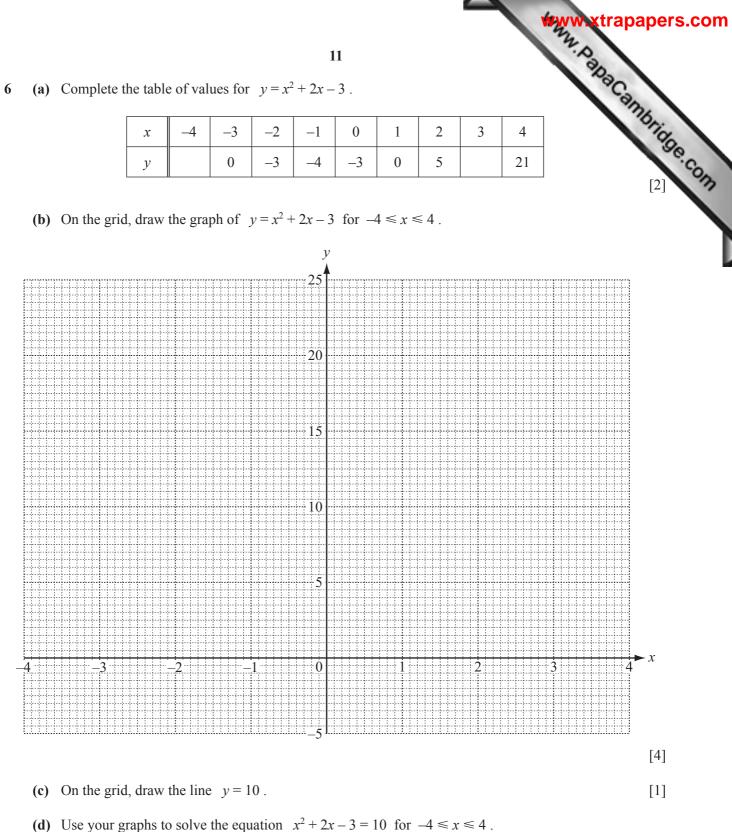
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(ii) Draw	the line of	f best fit									[1]
(iii) What	type of co	orrelation	n is sho	wn?							
						Answer(<i>c)</i> (iii)				[1]
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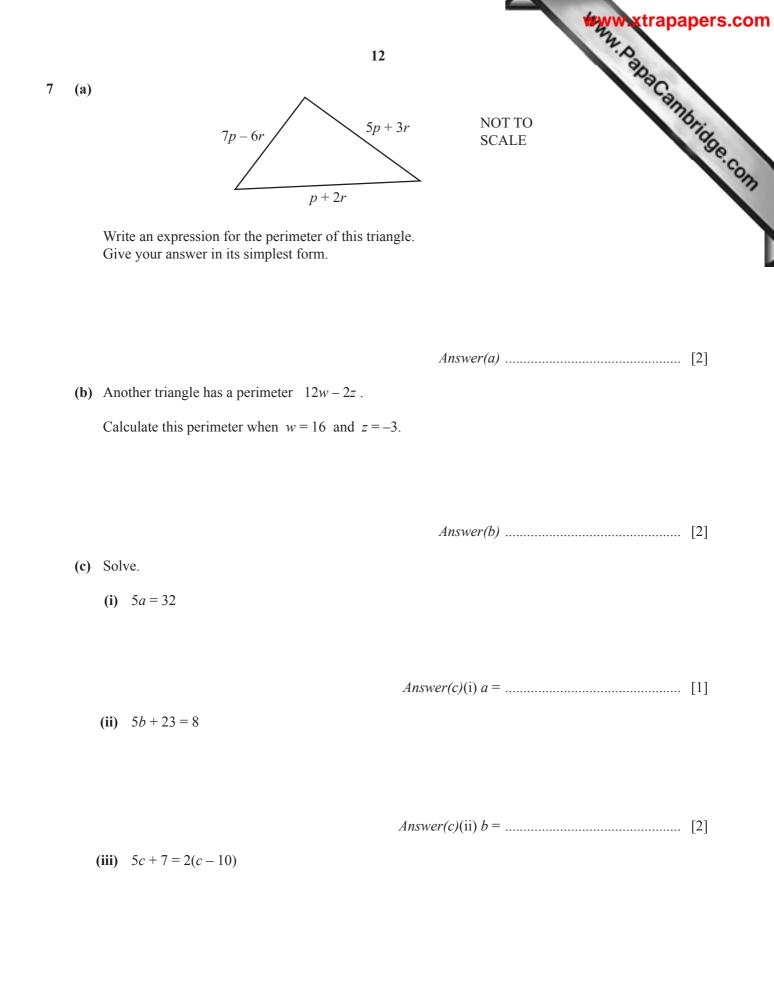
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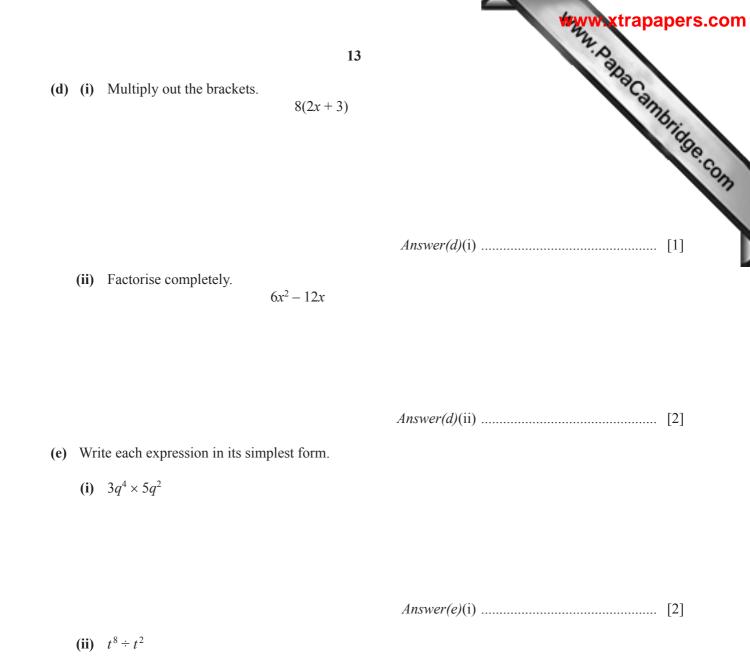


 $Answer(d) x = \dots [1]$

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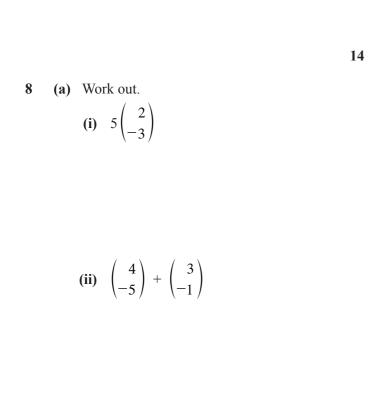


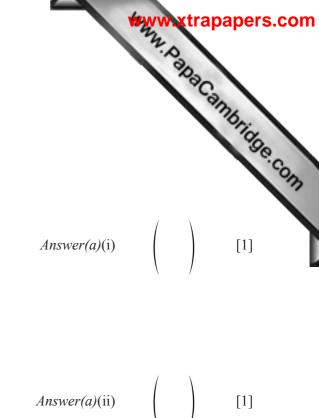
Answer(c)(iii) c = [3]



Answer(e)(ii) [1]

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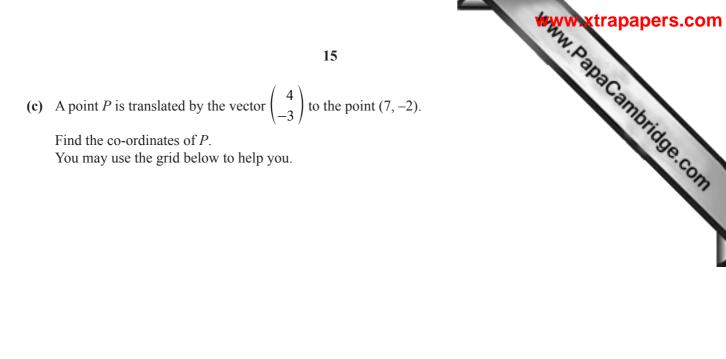


[1]

(b) A translation moves the point (6, 3) to the point (2, 8).

Work out the vector which represents this translation.

Answer(b) [1]

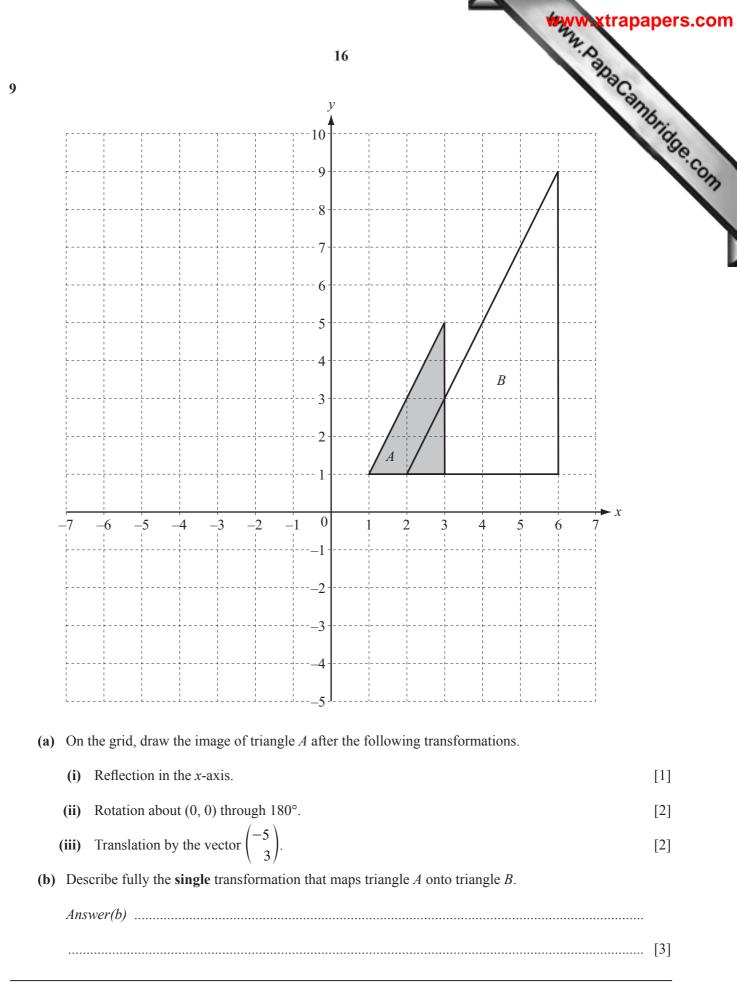


Answer(c) (.....) [1]

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Question 9 is printed on the next page.

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