Cambridge IGCSE	<b>Cambridge International Exami</b> Cambridge International General (	nations Certificate of Secondary Education	apers.c
NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATICS		0581/	42
Paper 4 (Extend	ed)	October/November 20	)14
		2 hours 30 minut	tes
Candidates ans	ver on the Question Paper.		
Additional Mater	ials: Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments	

#### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

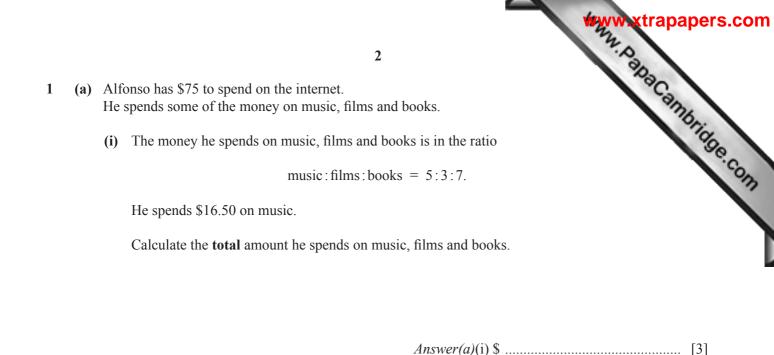
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



[Turn over



*Answer(a)*(ii) ...... % [1]

(b) The download times for the music, films and books are in the ratio

music:films:books = 2:9:1.

The total download time is 3 hours and 33 minutes.

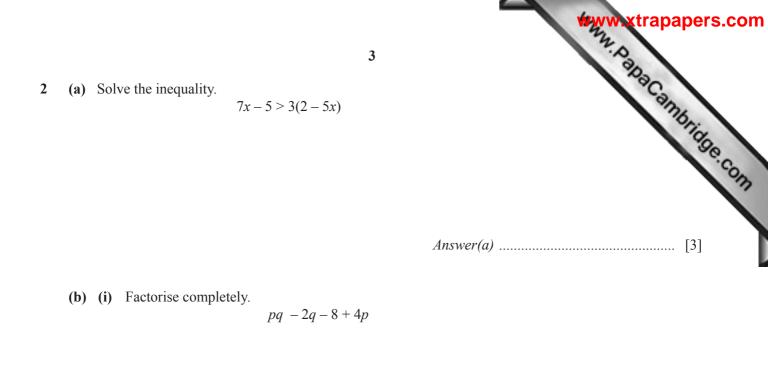
(ii) Find this total amount as a percentage of the \$75.

Calculate the download time for the films. Give your answer in hours, minutes and seconds.

Answer(b) ..... hours ..... minutes ..... seconds [3]

(c) The cost of \$16.50 for the music was a reduction of 12% on the original cost.

Calculate the original cost of the music.



*Answer(b)*(i) ..... [2]

(ii) Factorise.  $9p^2 - 25$ 

(c) Solve this equation by factorising.

 $5x^2 + x - 18 = 0$ 

[Turn over

The time, t s	seconds, taken f	For each of 50 cl	hefs to cook an	omelette is reco	orded.	www.xtrap	2
Time ( <i>t</i> seconds)	$20 < t \le 25$	$25 < t \le 30$	$30 < t \le 35$	$35 < t \le 40$	$40 < t \le 45$	$45 < t \le 50$	hbridge.c.
Frequency	2	6	7	19	9	7	

*Answer(a)* ..... s [1]

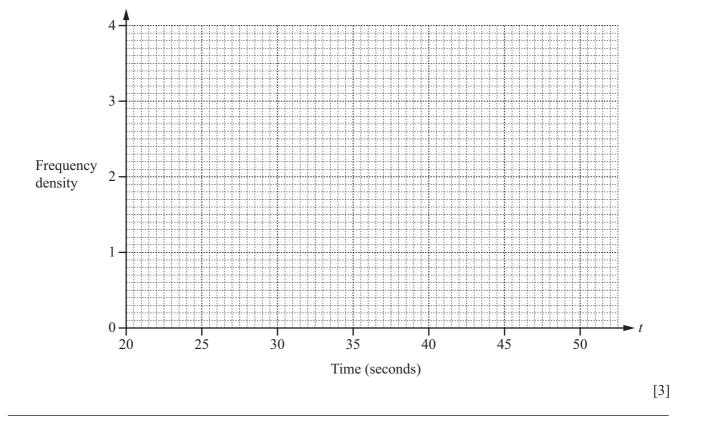
(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean time. Show all your working.

Answer(b) .....s [4]

(c) A new frequency table is made from the results shown in the table opposite.

Time ( <i>t</i> seconds)	$20 < t \le 35$	$35 < t \le 40$	$40 < t \le 50$
Frequency			

- (i) Complete the table.
- (ii) On the grid, draw a histogram to show the information in this new table.



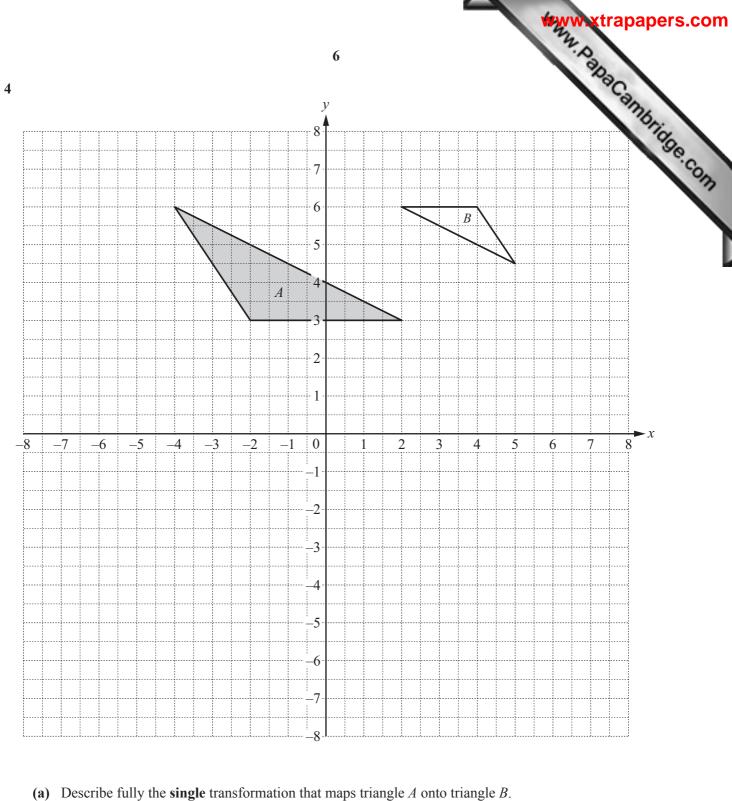




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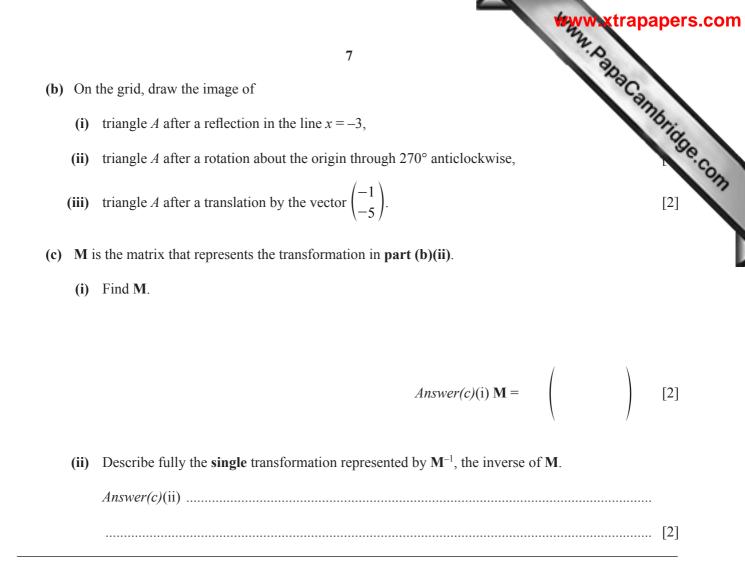
[1]

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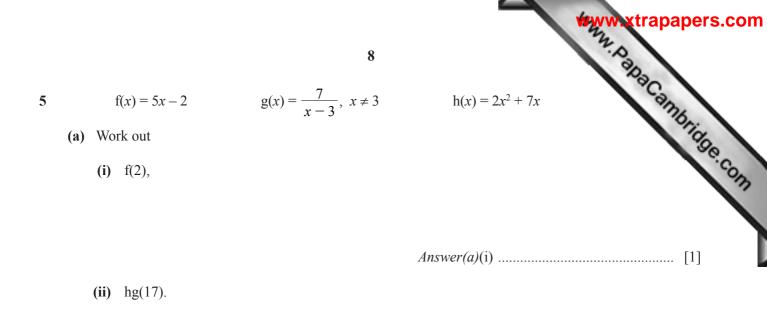
(a) Describe runy the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle D.

Answer(a)		
	[3]	

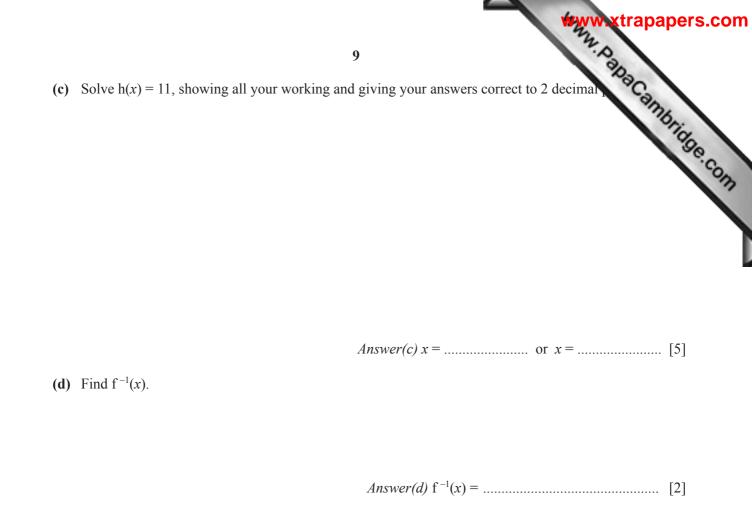


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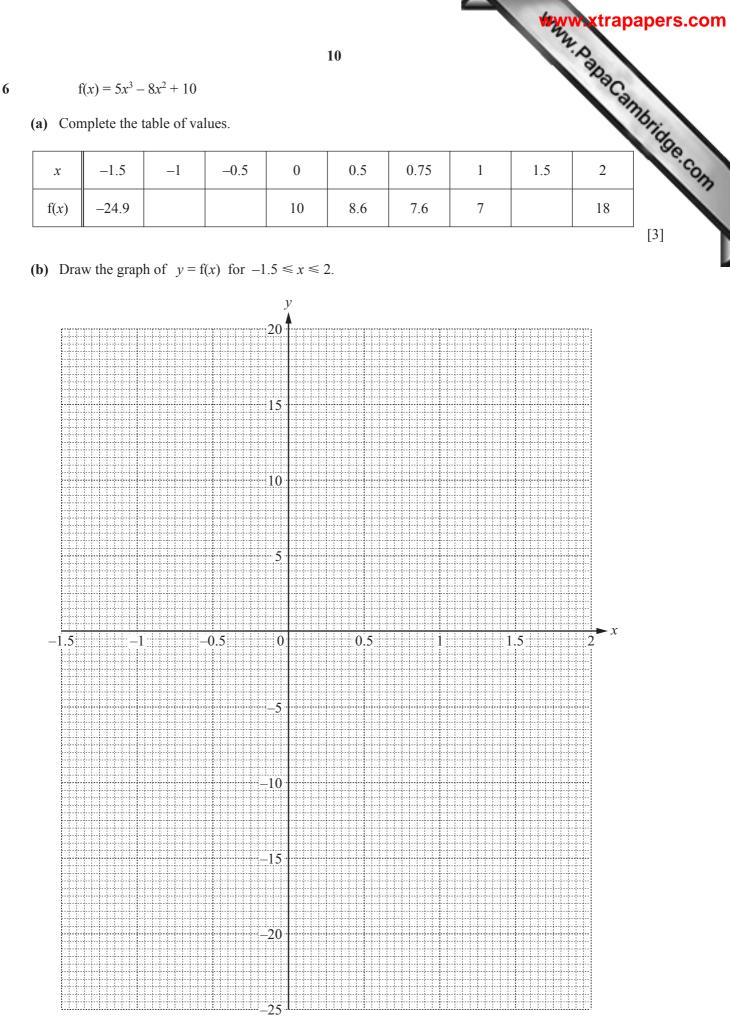
(b) Solve g(x) = x + 3.



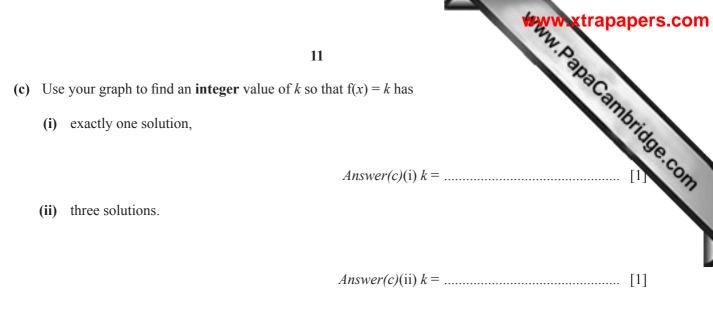
(e) Solve  $g^{-1}(x) = -0.5$ .

 $Answer(e) x = \dots [1]$ 

[Turn over



[4]



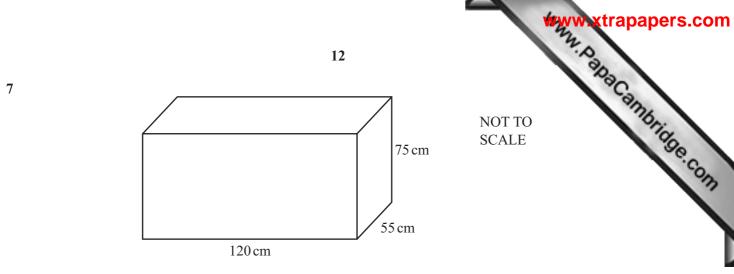
(d) By drawing a suitable straight line on the graph, solve the equation f(x) = 15x + 2 for  $-1.5 \le x \le 2$ .

Answer(d) x = ..... or x = ...... [4]

(e) Draw a tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at the point where x = 1.5.

Use your tangent to estimate the gradient of y = f(x) when x = 1.5.

[Turn over



The diagram shows a water tank in the shape of a cuboid measuring 120 cm by 55 cm by 75 cm. The tank is filled completely with water.

(a) Show that the capacity of the water tank is 495 litres.

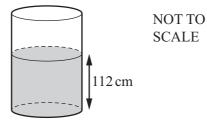
Answer(a)

[2]

(b) (i) The water from the tank flows into an empty cylinder at a uniform rate of 750 millilitres per second.Calculate the length of time, in minutes, for the water to be completely emptied from the tank.

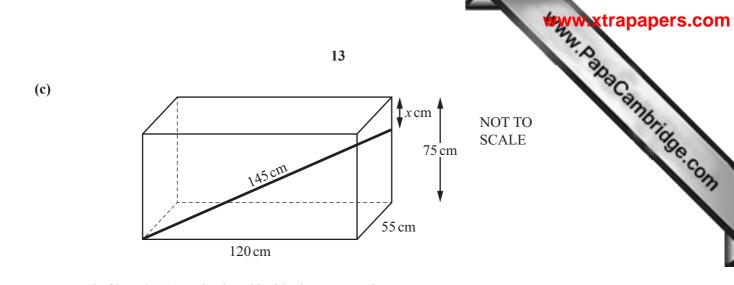
*Answer(b)*(i) ..... min [2]

(ii) When the tank is completely empty, the height of the water in the cylinder is 112 cm.



Calculate the radius of the cylinder.

*Answer(b)*(ii) ..... cm [3]



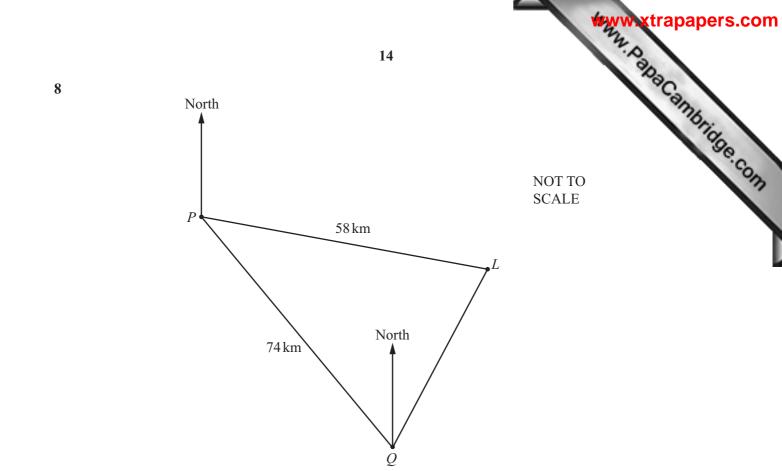
A rod of length 145 cm is placed inside the water tank. One end of the rod is in the bottom corner of the tank as shown. The other end of the rod is x cm below the top corner of the tank as shown.

Calculate the value of *x*.

 $Answer(c) x = \dots \qquad [4]$ 

(d) Calculate the angle that the rod makes with the base of the tank.

[Turn over



A ship sails from port *P* to port *Q*. *Q* is 74 km from *P* on a bearing of 142°. A lighthouse, *L*, is 58 km from *P* on a bearing of 110°.

(a) Show that the distance LQ is 39.5 km correct to 1 decimal place.

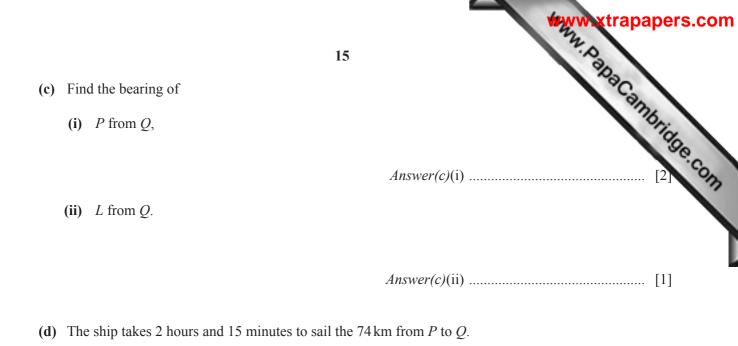
Answer(a)

(b) Use the sine rule to calculate angle *PQL*.

Answer(b) Angle  $PQL = \dots$  [3]

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[5]



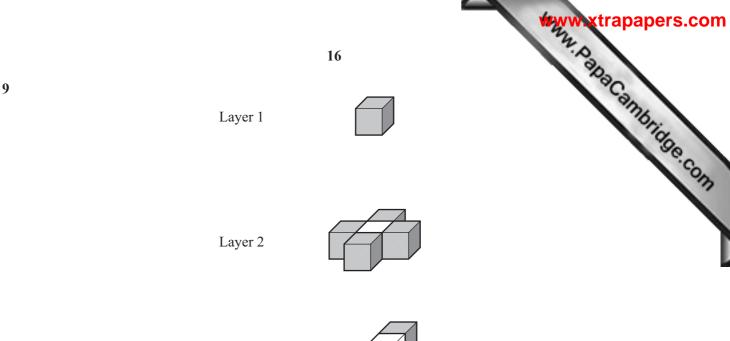
Calculate the average speed in knots. [1 knot = 1.85 km/h]

Answer(d) ..... knots [3]

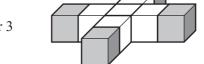
(e) Calculate the shortest distance from the lighthouse to the path of the ship.

Answer(e) ..... km [3]

[Turn over



Layer 3



The diagrams show layers of white and grey cubes. Khadega places these layers on top of each other to make a tower.

(a) Complete the table for towers with 5 and 6 layers.

Number of layers	1	2	3	4	5	6
Total number of white cubes	0	1	6	15		
Total number of grey cubes	1	5	9	13		
Total number of cubes	1	6	15	28		

[4]

(b) (i) Find, in terms of *n*, the total number of grey cubes in a tower with *n* layers.

(ii) Find the total number of grey cubes in a tower with 60 layers.

*Answer(b)*(ii) ..... [1]

(iii) Khadega has plenty of white cubes but only 200 grey cubes. How many layers are there in the highest tower that she can build?

TR BABAC ambridge.com (c) The expression for the total number of white cubes in a tower with *n* layers is  $pn^2 + qn$ 

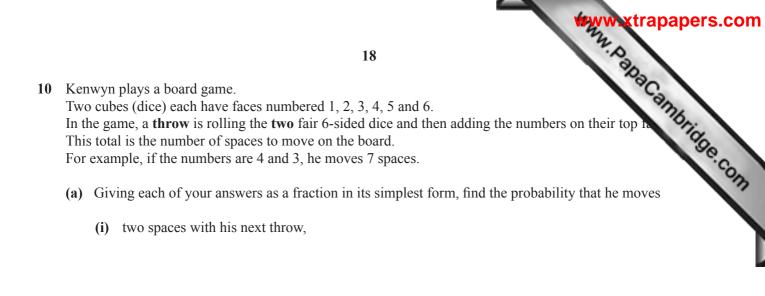
Find the value of *p* and the value of *q*. Show all your working.

> $Answer(c) p = \dots$  $q = \dots$ [5]

(d) Find an expression, in terms of *n*, for the total number of cubes in a tower with *n* layers. Give your answer in its simplest form.

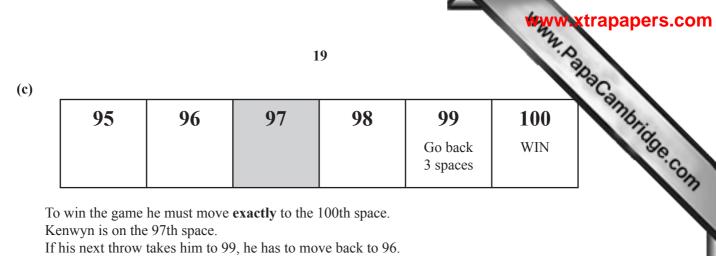


[Turn over



(ii) ten spaces with his next throw.

......[2]



If his next throw takes him over 100, he stays on 97.

Find the probability that he reaches 100 in either of his next two throws.



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20

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