Cambr	^{ridge} Cambri	idge International Examir dge International General (nations Certificate of Secondary Educa	tion
CANDI NAME	DATE			
CENTR NUMBE			CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	IONAL MATHEM	IATICS		0606/23
Paper 2	2			May/June 2017
				2 hours
Candid	Candidates answer on the Question Paper.			
Paper 2 Candida Addition	nal Materials:	Electronic calculator		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question. The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate. You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



Mathematical Formulae

1. ALGEBRA

Quadratic Equation

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a+b)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1}a^{n-1}b + \binom{n}{2}a^{n-2}b^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{r}a^{n-r}b^r + \dots + b^n,$$

where *n* is a positive integer and $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$

2. TRIGONOMETRY

Identities

$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$$
$$\sec^2 A = 1 + \tan^2 A$$
$$\csc^2 A = 1 + \cot^2 A$$

Formulae for $\triangle ABC$

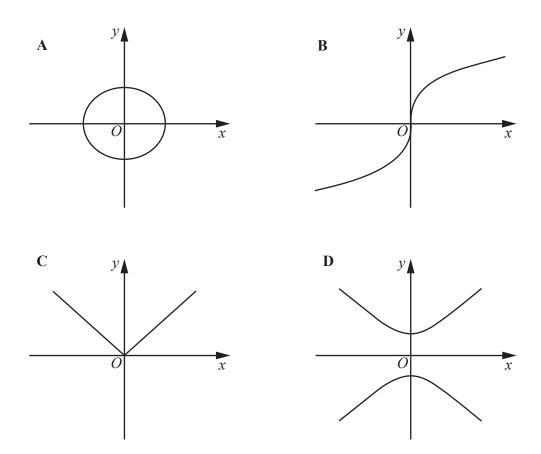
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A$$

1 (a) Solve the equation $7^{2x+5} = 2.5$, giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places. [3]

(b) Express
$$\frac{(5\sqrt{q})^3}{(625p^{12}q)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$
 in the form $5^a p^b q^c$, where *a*, *b* and *c* are constants. [3]



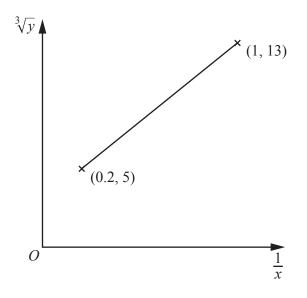




The four graphs above are labelled A, B, C and D.

(i) Write down the letter of each graph that represents a function, giving a reason for your choice. [2]

(ii) Write down the letter of each graph that represents a function which has an inverse, giving a reason for your choice. [2]



Variables x and y are such that when $\sqrt[3]{y}$ is plotted against $\frac{1}{x}$, a straight line graph passing through the points (0.2, 5) and (1, 13) is obtained. Express y in terms of x. [4]

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6

4 (a) Vectors **a**, **b** and **c** are such that
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$$
, $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -15 \end{pmatrix}$ and $3\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{b}$.
(i) Find **c**.

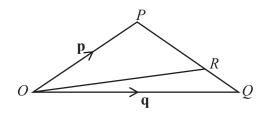
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(ii) Find the unit vector in the direction of **b**.

[2]

[1]

(b)



In the diagram, $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$. The point *R* lies on *PQ* such that *PR* = 3*RQ*. Find \overrightarrow{OR} in terms of **p** and **q**, simplifying your answer. [3]

5 (a) How many 5-digit numbers are there that have 5 different digits and are divisible by 5? [3]

(b) A committee of 8 people is to be selected from 9 men and 5 women. Find the number of different committees that can be selected if the committee must have at least 4 women. [3]

6 The first three terms of the binomial expansion of $(2 - ax)^n$ are $64 - 16bx + 100bx^2$. Find the value of each of the integers *n*, *a* and *b*. [7]

7 Differentiate with respect to x,

(i)
$$(1+4x)^{10}\cos x$$
,

[4]

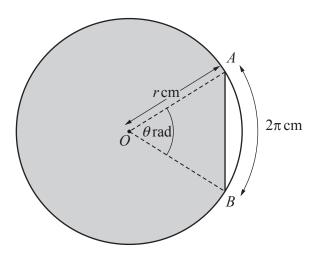
(ii)
$$\frac{e^{4x-5}}{\tan x}$$
.

[4]

[2]

[2]

8



The diagram shows a circle, centre *O* of radius *r* cm, and a chord *AB*. Angle $AOB = \theta$ radians. The length of the major arc *AB* is 5 times the length of the minor arc *AB*. The minor arc *AB* has length 2π cm.

(i) Find the value of θ and of r.

(ii) Calculate the exact perimeter of the shaded segment.

(iii) Calculate the exact area of the shaded segment. [4]

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9 The functions f and g are defined, for x > 1, by

$$f(x) = 9\sqrt{x-1},$$

 $g(x) = x^2 + 2.$

(i) Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$, stating its domain.

(ii) Find the exact value of fg(7).

[2]

[4]

[3]

(iii) Solve $gf(x) = 5x^2 + 83x - 95$.

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10 Solve the equation

(a) $2|\sin x| = 1$ for $-\pi \le x \le \pi$ radians,

[3]

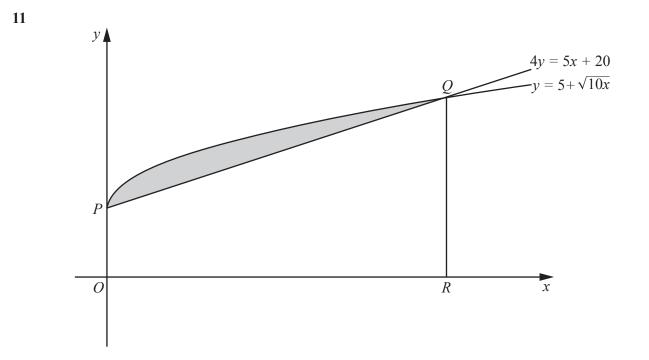
(b) $3\tan(2y+15^\circ) = 1$ for $0^\circ \le y \le 180^\circ$,

[4]

(c) $3\cot^2 z = \csc^2 z - 7\csc z + 1$ for $0^\circ \le z \le 360^\circ$.

13

[5]



14

The diagram shows part of the curve $y = 5 + \sqrt{10x}$ and the line 4y = 5x + 20. The line and curve intersect at the points P(0,5) and Q. The line QR is parallel to the *y*-axis.

(i) Find the coordinates of Q.

[4]

(ii) Find the area of the shaded region. You must show all your working. [6]

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